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# METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS AUTHORITY

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Washington Dulles International Airport Late 1970s

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# **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012



Geographically located in Virginia-serving the metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

# METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS AUTHORITY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

As of December 31, 2012

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Frank M. Conner III

The Honorable H.R. Crawford

Anthony H. Griffin

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Barbara Lang

The Honorable Elaine McConnell

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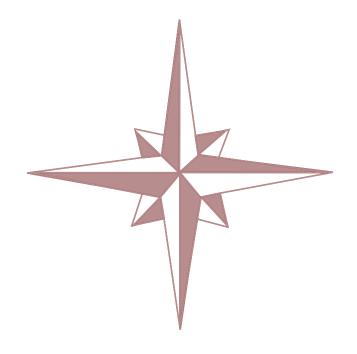
Todd A. Stottlemyer

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Prepared by the Office of Finance

Geographically located in Virginia – serving the metropolitan Washington, D.C. area



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# METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS AUTHORITY Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012

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## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

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#### METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON AIRPORTS AUTHORITY

April 26, 2013

To the Board of Directors and The President and Chief Executive Officer of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority (the Airports Authority) for the year ended December 31, 2012 is submitted herewith. The Office of Finance prepared this CAFR. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Airports Authority. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this CAFR fairly presents and fully discloses the Airports Authority's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. It includes disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Airports Authority's financial activities. This CAFR was prepared following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

The management of the Airports Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure that is designed to ensure that the assets of the Airports Authority are safeguarded. In addition, as a recipient of federal financial assistance, the Airports Authority is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to maintain compliance with general and specific laws and regulations related to the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) and the Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act, as well as the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) provisions of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient, Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users with regards to the Dulles Corridor Metrorail Project (Dulles Metrorail Project).

The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable assurance that resources are safeguarded against waste, loss, and misuse, and that reliable data is recorded, maintained, and fairly disclosed in reports. The Airports Authority's current internal controls provide a base of reliable financial records from which the financial statements are prepared. These controls ensure that accounting data is reliable and available to facilitate the preparation of financial statements on a timely basis. Inherent limitations should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of any system of internal control. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the recognition that the cost of a system of internal control should not exceed the benefits derived and that the evaluation of those factors requires estimates and judgment by management.

As required by the Acts of the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Virginia (the Commonwealth), a firm of independent certified public accountants is retained each year to conduct an audit of the financial



statements of the Airports Authority in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984 (pursuant to OMB Circular A-133). The Airports Authority selected the firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP and Bert Smith and Company to perform these audit services. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the Airports Authority's financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The report from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is located at the front of the financial section of this CAFR. The Single Audit Report and its opinion from Bert Smith and Company are presented under separate cover.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this Transmittal Letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### THE AIRPORTS AUTHORITY AND ITS PURPOSE

The Airports Authority is a public body politic and corporate, created with the consent of the Congress of the United States by an Act of the District of Columbia and an Act of the Commonwealth of Virginia for the purpose of operating, maintaining, and improving Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (Reagan National) and Washington Dulles International Airport (Dulles International), (collectively, the Airports). The Airports had historically been managed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) of the United States Department of Transportation. Pursuant to an Agreement and Deed of Lease, effective June 7, 1987, the Airports were transferred by the U. S. Government to the Airports Authority for an initial term of 50 years in accordance with the Metropolitan Washington Airports Act of 1986 (the "Federal Act"). On June 17, 2003, the Agreement and Deed of Lease was extended 30 years to June 6, 2067.

Pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, dated December 29, 2006 and effective November 1, 2008, the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) granted a permit for the operation and maintenance of the Dulles Toll Road to the Airports Authority for a term of 50 years. As part of the agreement with the Commonwealth, the Airports Authority is constructing the Dulles Metrorail Project with an eastern terminus near the West Falls Church Metrorail Station on Interstate 66 and a western terminus of Virginia Route 772 in Loudoun County and is making other improvements in the Dulles Corridor consistent with VDOT and regional plans. The Dulles Corridor is defined as the transportation corridor with an eastern terminus of the East Falls Church Metrorail station at Interstate Route 66 and a western terminus of VA Route 772 in Loudoun County, VA.

The Airports Authority is an independent interstate agency governed by a Board of Directors (the Board). In November 2011, the Federal Act was amended and subsequently ratified by the Commonwealth of Virginia and District of Columbia in 2012 to increase the number of Directors from 13 to 17 and to provide that they are not to continue to serve after their terms expire. Currently, seven members are appointed by the Governor of Virginia subject to confirmation by the Virginia General Assembly, four are appointed by the Mayor of the District of Columbia subject to confirmation by the Council of the District of Columbia, three are appointed by the Governor of Maryland, and three are appointed by the President of the United States with the advice and consent of the United States Senate. Members serve staggered, six-year terms without compensation and may

be reappointed once. The Board establishes the Airports Authority's policy and appoints the President and Chief Executive Officer to oversee the operations of the Airports Authority. The Board annually elects a Chairman, Vice Chairman, and Secretary.

#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

The Airports Authority operates a two-airport system (Reagan National and Dulles International) that provides domestic and international air service for the mid-Atlantic region. All aviation-related activity is accounted for within the Aviation Enterprise Fund. The Air Trade Area for the Airports Authority is comprised of the District of Columbia, five Maryland counties, nine Virginia counties, six independent Virginia cities, and one West Virginia county. The Aviation Enterprise Fund uses aircraft landing fees, fees from terminal and other rentals, and revenue from concessions to fund operating and maintenance expenses. The operations of the Airports Authority are not taxpayer-funded.

#### CARROLL P. .... Hagers town FREDERICK MARYLAND WEST BALTI JEFFERSON Baltimore. BWIT MONTGOMERY CLARKE LOUDOUN Dulles 🛧 Washington D National ARLINGTON FAIRFAX PRINCE FAUQUIER GEORGE'S PRINCE PAGE CALVER VIRGINIA CHARLES STAFFORM SPOTSYLVANIA ALBEMARLE CAROLINE 12.5 0 12.5 Graphic Scale in Miles LEGEND WEST VIRGINI Air Trade area Washington D.C.-Maryland-Virginia area Note: Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-MD-VA-WV-CBSA shown,

#### Air Trade Area



Reagan National opened in 1941. Located on approximately 860 acres along the Potomac River in Arlington County, Virginia, it is the longest operating commercial airport serving the Air Trade Area. Approximately three miles from downtown Washington, D.C., Reagan National is the Airports Authority's principal domestic air service airport. There were 24 mainline and regional airlines serving Reagan National as of December 31, 2012, providing 288 thousand takeoffs and landings during the year. There is no significant cargo transportation at Reagan National.

Dulles International opened for service in 1962 and celebrated its 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary in 2012. It is situated on approximately 11,830 acres in Fairfax and Loudoun Counties in Virginia. Dulles International is 26 miles from downtown Washington, D.C., from which it is accessible via a 17-mile dedicated four-lane (two lanes in each direction) access road and Interstate 66. Dulles International provides a full range of domestic and international air service, including service to destinations in Europe, Asia, South America, and Africa. There were 52 domestic and international mainline and regional airlines serving Dulles International as of December 31, 2012, providing 312 thousand takeoffs and landings during the year. Dulles International also provides facilities for cargo transport. There are 540 thousand square feet of cargo buildings at Dulles International, leased by airlines and other aviation support companies. Cargo operations at Dulles International are a major economic engine for the Air Trade Area.

In February 1990, the Airports Authority entered into the Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease (Use and Lease Agreement) with the major airlines serving Reagan National and Dulles International. The Use and Lease Agreement provides the financial stability necessary for the Airports Authority to operate the Airports and access the capital markets to fund the Capital Construction Program (CCP). The Use and Lease Agreement is for a term of 25 years, expiring in September 2014. The Use and Lease Agreement continues a long history of a close working relationship between the Airlines and the Airports Authority and gives the Airlines interest in the positive financial performance of the Airports Authority by sharing in Net Remaining Revenues (refer to Note 2 – Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease).

The Aviation Enterprise Fund initiated its CCP in 1988 to expand, modernize, and maintain the Airports. Under the CCP, the Airports Authority has constructed and will continue to construct many of the principal elements of the Reagan National and Dulles International Master Plans. Major projects completed under the Master Plan at Reagan National include two main terminals connected to a Metrorail station, three parking garages, an airport traffic control tower, and a consolidated communications center. Major capital projects completed under the CCP at Dulles International include expansion and rehabilitation of the Main Terminal, construction of Concourses A and B, an inter-terminal automated people mover system (the AeroTrain), the International Arrivals Building (IAB), a fourth runway, runway and road improvements, two daily parking garages, and an air traffic control tower.

Projects currently in the CCP at Reagan National include immediate improvements to Terminal A, which are necessary to implement approved slot reallocations, development of long-term redevelopment plans for Terminal A and Terminals B/C, and significant improvements to the Airport's runway and runway safety areas. At Dulles International, projects currently in the CCP include replacement of airfield pavement panels, replacement



of the public parking revenue control system, improvements to the hydrant fuel line, and rehabilitation of cargo buildings.

#### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund**

Activities related to the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (also known as the Dulles Toll Road) and the Dulles Metrorail Project – a large capital improvement project extending the existing Metrorail system to Dulles International and beyond into Loudoun County – are accounted for within the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund uses collected tolls to support the Dulles Toll Road's operations and maintenance and, along with grants from federal, state, and local governments, to finance the Dulles Corridor's ongoing Capital Improvement Program, which includes the construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project.

Constructed in 1984, the Dulles Toll Road is an eight-lane (four lanes in each direction) limited-access highway 13.4 miles in length. It was built in 1984 by VDOT and, until November 1, 2008, had been maintained and operated solely by VDOT. It begins just inside the Capital Beltway (Interstate 495) near Falls Church, VA at the Interstate 66 connector to Washington, D.C. The Dulles Toll Road then travels westward through Fairfax County past Dulles International and terminates at the entrance to the Dulles Greenway, a privately-owned toll road. The Dulles Toll Road has one main line plaza at the eastern end near the Capital Beltway and 19 ramp plazas. On January 1, 2010, 2-axle vehicle toll rates were \$1.00 at the main toll plaza and 75¢ at other exit and entrance locations. On January 1, 2011, the toll rate at the main toll plaza was increased to \$1.25, and on January 1, 2012, the toll rate at the main toll plaza was increased to \$1.00 at other exit and entrance locations in 2014. The rates will increase to \$1.75 at the main toll plaza and to \$1.00 at other exit and entrance locations in 2013, and to \$2.50 at the main toll plaza in 2014.

The Dulles Toll Road has 59 toll collection lanes, including nine E-ZPass-only collection lanes. All tollbooths are equipped with E-ZPass, an electronic toll collection system accepted in 14 contiguous states, including most states in the Virginia-to-Maine corridor.

On November 1, 2008, VDOT transferred operating and maintenance responsibility of the Dulles Toll Road to the Airports Authority through a permit and operating agreement for a period of 50 years. With the transfer of the Dulles Toll Road from VDOT, the Airports Authority committed to constructing the Dulles Metrorail Project. This 23-mile extension of the existing Metrorail system begins near the West Falls Church station, continues west through Dulles International and into Loudoun County. The project, once completed, will be conveyed to and operated by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) and will provide a one-seat ride from Dulles International to downtown Washington, D.C.

The Dulles Metrorail Project is being constructed in two phases and will include the addition of 128 rail cars to the existing WMATA fleet. Phase 1 of the Dulles Metrorail Project will extend 11.7 miles from near the West Falls Church station to Wiehle Avenue in Reston, VA. It includes five new stations and improvements to the existing WMATA service and inspection yard at the West Falls Church station. Construction activities began in March 2009 and are expected to be substantially complete in 2013.



Upon completion of construction of each phase of the Dulles Metrorail Project and acceptance by WMATA into the Metrorail system, the Airports Authority will transfer, without financial retribution, ownership of the completed phase of the project to WMATA. At that point, WMATA will become the owner and operator of the completed phase and will be solely responsible for its operation and maintenance. None of the operating and maintenance expenses of the completed phase will constitute operating or maintenance expenses of the Airports Authority. Such expenses will be payable entirely from WMATA's operating and other revenues (including revenues derived from the operation of the Dulles Metrorail Project). The debt associated with construction of each phase of the Dulles Metrorail Project will remain with the Airports Authority and will not be transferred to WMATA. At this time, the Airports Authority expects the Phase 1 transfer to occur in late 2013 or early 2014.

Phase 2 of the Dulles Metrorail Project will extend the Metrorail system an additional 11.3 miles from Wiehle Avenue in Reston to Dulles International and into Loudoun County. Phase 2 of the Metrorail Project includes six new stations and a maintenance yard located on Dulles International property. Preliminary engineering began under the direction of the Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation but was deferred before the transfer of the Project to the Airports Authority. Phase 2 preliminary engineering resumed in 2009, and 100 percent preliminary engineering was completed in March 2012. The first major procurement of the Phase 2 Design-Build was initiated in 2012, and contract award is anticipated in May 2013. Construction for Phase 2 is planned through 2018.

#### AIRPORTS AUTHORITY'S ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

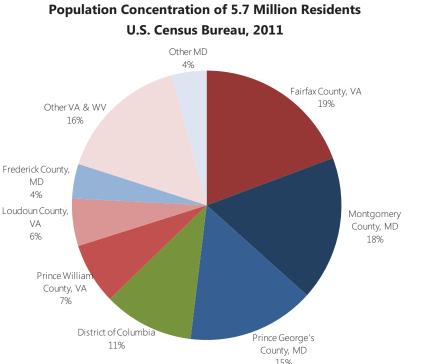
In spite of extraordinary volatility in the global and national economy, the Washington, D.C. region has grown steadily for the past two decades. The region has been ranked the strongest local economy in the U.S. for two consecutive years by an independent economic research firm due to "rapid, consistent economic growth in both size and quality for an extended period of time" and has been ranked in the top three local economies since 2004.<sup>1</sup> While economic confidence generally improved in 2012, Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia were among the top ten areas with the highest economic confidence index.<sup>2</sup>

Population growth in the metropolitan Washington area has consistently outpaced population growth in the United States. Within the region, the largest concentrations of population are in the jurisdictions of Fairfax County, Virginia; Montgomery County, Maryland; Prince George's County, Maryland; and the District of Columbia.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Policom Corporation, Economic Strength Rankings 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Gallup Economic Confidence Index 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Source: U.S. Census Bureau Population Division, May 2012



**Air Trade Area** 

The region had the 5<sup>th</sup> highest per capita personal income in the nation in 2011,<sup>4</sup> and median household income was 72 percent higher than the U.S. median household income, as reported in the Census Bureau's 2011 American Community Survey.<sup>5</sup> Over the years, the Air Trade Area has consistently had a lower unemployment rate than the national average. As of December 2012, the region's unemployment rate was 5.5 percent,

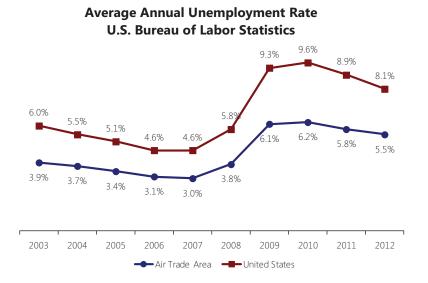
significantly lower than the U.S. average of 8.1 percent.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

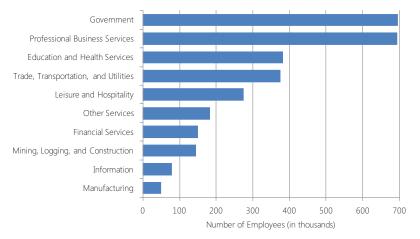
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Source: U.S. Census Bureau's 2011 American Community Survey, Table DP03

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (Preliminary December 2012 data)





Activity generated by the federal government provides a solid foundation and economic stimulus to the metropolitan area in both up and down cycles. The federal government's procurement spending in the Air Trade Area totaled \$79.6 billion in 2011, the most recent period for which data is available.<sup>7</sup> While federal spending may be impacted due to budget cuts, the Air Trade Area boasts a diversified employment base, with strong participation in professional business services; education and health; trade, transportation, and utilities; and leisure and hospitality sectors.<sup>8</sup> The Air Trade Area is home to numerous large and small private companies, including 18 *Fortune* 500® companies, and continues to attract new business.<sup>9</sup> In September 2011, Northrop Grumman moved its headquarters from Los Angeles, California to Falls Church, Virginia.



#### Air Trade Area Employment by Industry – 2012 Bureau of Labor Statistics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Source: Fuller, Stephen, "The Washington Area Economy: After the Fiscal Cliff." Presented at Cardinal Bank & George Mason University 21st Annual Economic Conference, January 11, 2013.

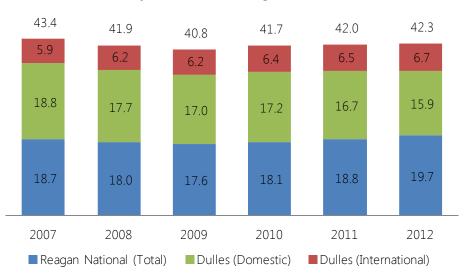
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (Preliminary December 2012 data)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Source: Fortune 500 2012 http://money.cnn.com/magazines/fortune/fortune500/2012/full\_list/

#### **Aviation and Toll Road Activity**

In 2012, combined Reagan National and Dulles International system enplanements grew by 0.2 percent, marking the third consecutive year of growth and a return to pre-recession levels. Activity at Reagan National reached record levels with total passengers of 19.7 million, representing a 4.8 percent increase over 2011 activity of 18.8 million. The increase in passenger traffic at Reagan National exceeded the U.S. system-wide industry average increase of 0.8 percent.<sup>10</sup> Total aircraft operations at the airport increased from 282 thousand operations in 2011 to 288 thousand in 2012.

Dulles International served 22.6 million passengers in 2012, a 2.6 percent decrease from 2011 when Dulles International served 23.2 million passengers. The overall decrease was driven by a 4.7 percent decline in domestic passenger traffic primarily due to the repositioning of air service by jetBlue, Southwest/AirTran, Delta, and Virgin America to Reagan National, as well as consolidation in United and Continental operations. The decline in domestic traffic was partially offset by a 1.9 percent increase in international passenger traffic, which marked the ninth consecutive year of international passenger growth at Dulles International. The airport has been strengthening its status as the region's international gateway and experienced record-breaking levels of international passenger growth in 2012. Contributing to this trend was an increase in the number of destination offerings and the attraction of new airlines, such as Aeromexico, Emirates, and Porter Airlines. New destinations in 2012 included Dubai, United Arab Emirates; Dublin, Ireland; Mexico City, Mexico; and San Salvador, El Salvador; among others. Total aircraft operations at Dulles International declined 4.6 percent in 2012 to 312 thousand operations from 327 thousand operations in 2011.



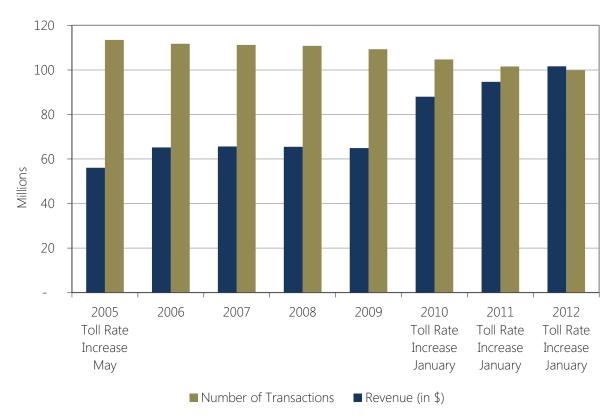
#### MWAA System-Wide Passengers (in Millions)

The Dulles Toll Road processed an average of 8.3 million toll transactions per month in 2012 and 8.5 million toll transactions per month in 2011. Dulles Toll Road toll transactions totaled 99.9 million in 2012 compared to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Source: Airlines for America Monthly Passenger Traffic Report, December 2012



101.5 million in 2011, a 1.6 percent decline in activity. This decrease is consistent with planned projections and is primarily attributed to toll increases that went into effect on January 1, 2012. At the same time, Dulles Toll Road revenue has increased to \$101.6 million in 2012, or 7.4 percent annually since 2010.



#### **Dulles Toll Road Transactions and Revenue**

#### **Industry Outlook**

The downward trend in air traffic levels reversed during 2010, and enplanements experienced a modest growth in 2011 and 2012. Industry-wide domestic enplanements increased 1.5 percent and 0.5 percent in 2011 and 2012, respectively, while industry-wide international growth averaged 1.4 percent and 2.1 percent, respectively.<sup>11</sup> Overall U.S. cargo volume declined 0.8 percent in 2012 due to weak trans-Atlantic cargo levels, which were 5.8 percent lower than in 2011. Airlines have responded to economic challenges by constraining growth of flights, reducing overall seat capacity, holding or increasing air fares, and focusing on more profitable international service. In addition to sluggish passenger and cargo growth, U.S. airports have been challenged with declining federal government airport funding, inflation in operating costs, and needed capital improvements. The Airports Authority has been closely managing budgeted expenditures and continuously looking for ways to increase non-airline revenues in order to minimize increases to airline rates and charges.

 $<sup>^{11}</sup>$  Source: Airlines for America Monthly Passenger Traffic Report, December 2012



Toll roads in the U.S. have also been on a modest path of recovery from the economic downturn. While traffic and revenue trends have begun to stabilize, toll roads have yet to experience substantial traffic growth. Moody's expects toll road volume to grow in line with GDP – between 1.5 percent and 2.5 percent – through mid-2014.<sup>12</sup>

#### THE AIRPORTS AUTHORITY'S OPERATING BUDGETS

The Airports Authority's annual operating budgets are a financial planning tool outlining the estimated revenues and expenses for the Airports and for the Dulles Toll Road at certain activity levels. The budgets are a management tool, and, accordingly, are not required to be prepared in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The President and Chief Executive Officer submits the Airports Authority's annual operating budgets to the Board for approval. Budgetary controls and evaluations are effected by comparing actual interim and annual results with the budgets, noting the actual level of activities, and ensuring compliance with the provisions of the annual operating budgets approved by the Board. In keeping with the requirements of a proprietary fund, budgetary comparisons have not been included in the financial section of this report.

#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

In 2012, the Airports Authority budgeted minimal increases to airline rates and charges, maintained the ability to operate the Airports in a safe and secure manner, and met customer service standards, with the goal of sustaining the Airports Authority's long-term financial strength. Operating revenues slightly surpassed budget expectations by 0.2 percent in 2012 compared to reaching 98.9 percent of budget expectations in 2011. Operating expenses reached 93.7 percent of budget authorization in 2012, while in 2011 expenses reached 92.8 percent of budget authorization. The Airports Authority's 2012 budget reflected a 3.6 percent increase in revenues and a 2.0 percent increase in expenses, as compared to the 2011 Budget.

#### Aviation Enterprise Fund Operating Budget

	 Budget	 Actual <sup>1</sup>	As a Percentage of Budget
2012 Revenues	\$ 652,218,000	\$ 653,786,834	100.2%
2012 Expenses <sup>2</sup>	\$ 332,235,000	\$ 311,146,359	93.7%
2011 Revenues	\$ 629,559,500	\$ 622,548,625	98.9%
2011 Expenses <sup>2</sup>	\$ 325,706,000	\$ 302,182,190	92.8%

<sup>1</sup> Actual results are stated on a budgetary basis for comparative purposes, which are not consistent with GAAP

<sup>2</sup> Budgeted expenses exclude depreciation expense

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Source: The Bond Buyer. Moody's: Toll Road Outlook Is Negative. February 6, 2013



#### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund**

The 2012 operating budget for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund reflected the fourth full year of operating the Dulles Toll Road. Operating revenues reached 94.2 percent of budget expectations in 2012, while in 2011, operating revenues reached 96.7 percent of budget expectations. Operating expenses reached 84.8 percent of budget authorization in 2012 and 90.1 percent in 2011. The Airports Authority's 2012 budget reflected a 10.2 percent increase in revenues, due to increases in toll rates, and a 3.2 percent increase in expenses, due to an increase in allocated costs, as compared to the 2011 Budget.

Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Operating Budget

	Budget	Actual <sup>1</sup>	As a Percentage of Budget
2012 Revenues	\$ 107,823,000	\$ 101,596,089	94.2%
2012 Expenses	\$ 28,746,000	\$ 24,363,892	84.8%
2011 Revenues	\$ 97,847,000	\$ 94,659,538	96.7%
2011 Expenses	\$ 27,843,000	\$ 25,085,426	90.1%

<sup>1</sup>Actuals are stated on a budgetary basis for comparative purposes, which are not consistent with GAAP

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

The Airports Authority's long-term financial planning includes the completion of certain approved capital expenditures and the accumulation of sufficient resources required to service the debt issued to finance these expenditures and operate and maintain the Airports. Under terms of the Use and Lease Agreement, fees and charges paid by the Airlines are used along with other income from the Airports to service the debt issued to finance to finance the Capital Construction Program.

It is anticipated that the major portion of future facilities development will be financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under the Master Indenture of Trust (Master Indenture). In addition, the Airports Authority also expects to use Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) revenues, federal and state grants, and the Airports Authority's portion of net remaining revenues to finance capital development costs. Because of operating constraints at Reagan National, including slot and perimeter regulations, much of the future growth in aviation activity for the Air Trade Area will occur at Dulles International.



The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's long-term planning includes the completion of the Dulles Metrorail Project and certain approved capital expenditures on the Dulles Toll Road and in the Dulles Corridor. The Airports Authority anticipates that the funding for the capital expenditures in the Dulles Corridor will include tolls and charges collected on the Dulles Toll Road, the issuance of Dulles Toll Road revenue bonds, FTA funding, and continued receipt of state and local grants. In October 2012, the Airports Authority submitted a joint Letter of Interest for funding under the federal Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) together with Fairfax and Loudoun Counties, who are also contributing to the Metrorail Project.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

#### The Airports Authority's Web Page

The Airports Authority has an Internet web site offering a wide array of information to users, including financial information and operational statistics. Users can obtain direct access to the airlines serving the Airports, as well as flight arrival and departure information. The Airports Authority's CAFR, Budget, Master Indentures of Trust, Official Statements, Debt Service Review, airline rates and charges, and aviation statistics are posted on the web site. The Airports Authority also posts monthly unaudited financial statements to include discussion of results and other information for the Airports Authority's bondholders and other interested parties. Financial information for the Airports Authority is available at the following site: http://www.mwaa.com/311.htm.

#### **Recognition of Awards and Achievement**

The GFOA has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Airports Authority for its CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2011. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that the Airports Authority has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Airports Authority has also consistently received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation and the GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award, including for the last year.



#### Acknowledgments

In closing, I would like to thank the Board of Directors, the President and Chief Executive Officer, and the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Airports Authority. Special thanks are expressed to Mark Tune, Controller; Chris Wedding, Assistant Controller; Julia Hodge, Department Manager, Internal Controls, Compliance & Financial Strategy; Greg Cohen, Manager, Financial Strategy; and Diane Lary, Financial Technician for the preparation of this year's CAFR. I would also like to thank all personnel within the Office of Finance for their contributions, without whom this CAFR would not be completed. Finally, appreciation is expressed to the firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for their dedication to completing a timely audit.

Andrew T. Rountree, CPA Vice President for Finance and Chief Financial Officer



# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report** for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



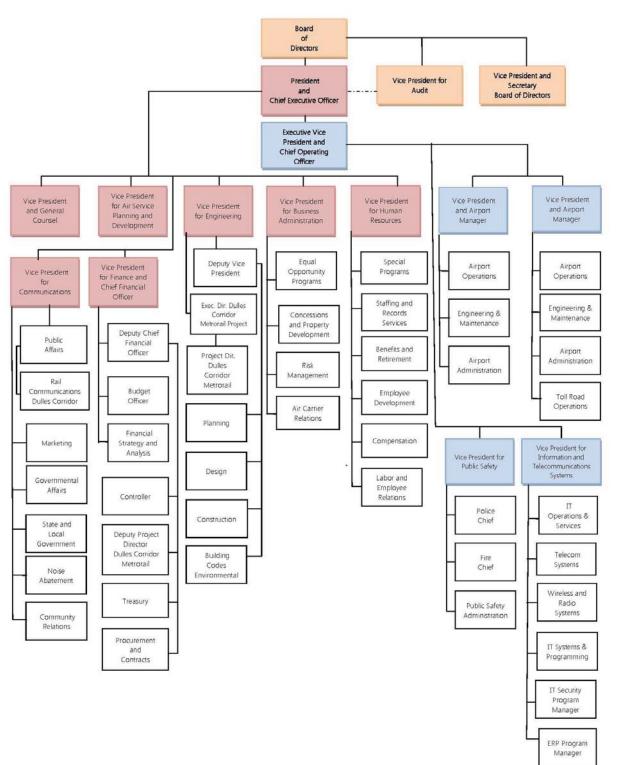
President President

**Executive** Director



## Organizational Chart

As of December 31, 2012





#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority (the "Airports Authority") i) Aviation Enterprise, ii) Dulles Corridor Enterprise and iii) Total Business-Type Activities as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Airport Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Two Commerce Square, 2001 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-7042 T: (267) 330-3000, F: (267) 330-3300, www.pwc.com/us



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airports Authority i) Aviation Enterprise, ii) Dulles Corridor Enterprise and iii) Total Business-Type Activities, as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 19 through 42 are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Airports Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Pincewaterhouse Coopers LLP

April 26, 2013



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority (the Airports Authority) is to provide an introduction to and overview of the basic financial statements of the Airports Authority for the year ended December 31, 2012 with selected comparative information for the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. This discussion has been prepared by management, is unaudited, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes that follow this section.

#### **Using the Financial Statements**

The Airports Authority's financial report includes three financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The presentation of the financial statements includes two enterprise funds. The Aviation Enterprise Fund encompasses the activity of Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (Reagan National) and Washington Dulles International Airport (Dulles International), collectively, the Airports. The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund encompasses the Airports Authority's activity within the Dulles Corridor, which includes, but is not limited to, the Dulles Toll Road and the Dulles Corridor Metrorail Project (Dulles Metrorail Project). The Dulles Corridor is the transportation corridor with an eastern terminus of the East Falls Church Metrorail station at Interstate Route 66 and a western terminus of VA Route 772 in Loudoun County, VA.

The Statements of Net Position depict the Airports Authority's financial position as of a point in time, December 31, and include all assets and liabilities of the Airports Authority. The Statements of Net Position present financial information on all of the Airports Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is displayed in three components: net investment in capital assets, which includes capital assets funded from unrestricted and restricted sources, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt attributable to acquisition of the capital assets; restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or enabling legislation on assets or deferred outflows of resources, net of any liabilities and deferred inflows of resources which will be liquidated with the restricted assets; or unrestricted, which includes all remaining assets, deferred outflows of resources not included in the preceding two categories. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Airports Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report total operating revenues, operating expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses, and other changes in net position for a fiscal period, the year ended December 31. Revenues and expenses are categorized as either operating or non-operating based upon



management's policy as established in accordance with definitions set forth by GASB. Significant recurring sources of the Airports Authority's revenues, including Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs), investment income, and federal, state, and local grants are reported as non-operating revenues or capital contributions. The Airports Authority's interest expense is reported as a non-operating expense.

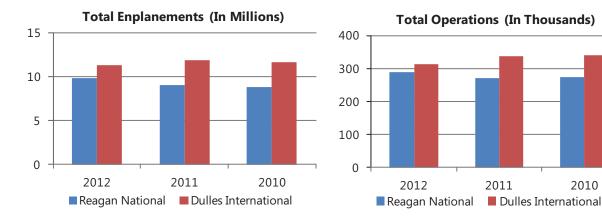
The Statements of Cash Flows present information showing how the Airports Authority's cash and cash equivalents position changed during the fiscal year. The Statements of Cash Flows classify cash receipts and cash payments resulting from operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

#### THE AIRPORTS AUTHORITY'S ACTIVITY HIGHLIGHTS

#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

Pursuant to the Airports Authority's Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease (Use and Lease Agreement), the Airports Authority has activity-based revenues which include non-airline fees such as those from parking, rental car activities, and other concessions, and airline-based fees such as landing fees, rents, international arrival fees, and passenger conveyance fees.

As demand for aviation is driven by economic activity, the aviation industry has been negatively affected by the most serious economic downturn in recent history. Uncertainty surrounding the U.S. and European economies has slowed economic recovery. In 2012, the Airports Authority budgeted minimal increases to airline rates and charges, maintained the ability to operate the Airports in a safe and secure manner, and met customer service standards, with the goal of sustaining the Airports Authority's long-term financial strength. Overall system activity remained strong in the face of these economic changes. Enplanements and operations activity for the last three years follows:



#### **Enplanements and Operations Activity for 2010 to 2012**

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

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	Enplanements and Operations		
	2012	2011	2010
Reagan National Enplanements			
Domestic	9,606,805	9,236,748	8,891,204
Transborder	181,350	126,064	144,340
Non-Commercial	12,610	10,398	6,511
Total Enplanements	9,800,765	9,373,210	9,042,055
Dulles International Enplanements			
Domestic	7,854,417	8,261,152	8,564,825
Transborder and International	3,317,819	3,256,804	3,177,235
Non-Commercial	75,926	72,597	73,118
Total Enplanements	11,248,162	11,590,553	11,815,178
Airports Authority System-wide Enplanements			
Domestic	17,461,222	17,497,900	17,456,029
Transborder and International	3,499,169	3,382,868	3,321,575
Non-Commercial	88,536	82,995	79,629
Total Enplanements	21,048,927	20,963,763	20,857,233
Total Operations			
Reagan National	288,176	281,770	271,097
Dulles International	312,070	327,493	336,531
Total Operations	600,246	609,263	607,628



Enplanements at Reagan National for the 12 months of 2012 were 9.8 million, compared to 9.4 million for 2011 and 9.0 million for 2010. The rise in enplanements between 2010 and 2011 is attributable to new jetBlue air service and expanded Delta air service that began in November 2010 and continued into 2011. Low cost carriers, such as jetBlue, Southwest, and Virgin America have increased their presence at Reagan National; combined, these carriers accounted for 61 percent of the increase in enplanements between 2011 and 2012. In addition, the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2012 allowed each of four incumbent airlines to convert one slot to a beyond-perimeter flight (an exception to the federal law limiting flights to nonstop distances of 1,250 miles or less), beginning in June 2012. The Reauthorization Act further allowed four new or limited incumbent airlines to add four new beyond-perimeter slot pairs beginning in August 2012. These beyond-perimeter flights are generally flown on larger aircraft, which translates into additional enplanements. New beyond-perimeter flights authorized in 2012 were as follows:

#### New Beyond-Perimeter Flights

-	-
Alaska Airlines	Portland, OR
American Airlines	Los Angeles, CA
Delta Airlines	Salt Lake City, UT
jetBlue	Puerto Rico, PR
Southwest Airlines	Austin, TX
United Airlines	San Francisco, CA
US Airways	San Diego, CA
Virgin America	San Francisco, CA

In July 2011, Delta and US Airways were approved to swap slots between Reagan National and New York LaGuardia airports. Since the approval by the Department of Justice, US Airways added service to 12 new markets and added service to nine cities already served by other airlines. They were:

<u>New US Airways Mar</u>	<u>kets</u>	Additional US Airways Service
Asheville, NC	Augusta, GA	Cincinnati, OH
Birmingham, AL	Fayetteville, AR	Des Moines, IA
Fayetteville, NC	Ft. Walton Beach, FL	Jackson, MS
Islip, NY	Jacksonville, NC	Memphis, TN
Little Rock, AR	Pensacola, FL	Minneapolis, MN
San Diego, CA	Tallahassee, FL	Montreal, QC
		Omaha, NE
		Ottawa, ON
		Toronto, ON

Total enplanements at Dulles International for 2012 were 11.2 million compared to 11.6 million in 2011 and 11.8 million in 2010. The decline in domestic enplanements between 2010 and 2012 is partially attributable to consolidated operations of United and Continental Airlines, as well as the transfer of select jetBlue and AirTran/Southwest air service to Reagan National and the transfer of certain Delta, Virgin America, and American Airlines air service to Reagan National as a result of the new beyond-perimeter flights. In 2012, United added domestic service to Ft. Lauderdale, FL; Greenbrier, WV; and Honolulu, HI. International enplanements of 3.3 million in 2012 represented a 1.9 percent and 4.4 percent increase over 2011 and 2010 international 22

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority



enplanements, respectively. In 2012, United also added several new international markets: Dublin, Ireland; Manchester, England; and San Salvador, El Salvador. Moreover, new carriers added service to Toronto, Canada (Porter Airlines); Dubai, United Arab Emirates (Emirates); and Mexico City, Mexico (AeroMexico), while COPA Airlines increased daily service to Panama City, Panama.

According to the trade organization Airlines for America, industry-wide North American domestic and international enplanements increased by a combined 0.8 percent in 2012. Domestic enplanements grew 0.5 percent, while international enplanements grew 2.1 percent. Reagan National exceeded the domestic growth rate by 3.5 percentage points, due to the aforementioned increases in air service. Dulles International's domestic passenger growth rate was a 4.9 percent decline, which was 5.4 percentage points lower than the industry growth rate. This decline was primarily a result of capacity adjustments by domestic carriers. International enplanement growth of 1.9 percent at Dulles International slightly lagged the industry growth rate of 2.1 percent.

	Airports		
2012 Enplanements Growth	Authority	North America	Difference
Reagan National (Domestic)	4.0%	0.5%	3.5%
Dulles International (Domestic)	-4.9%	0.5%	-5.4%
Dulles International (International)	1.9%	2.1%	-0.2%

#### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund**

On November 1, 2008, the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) transferred operating and maintenance responsibility of the Dulles Toll Road to the Airports Authority through a permit and operating agreement for a period of 50 years. The Airports Authority contracted operations of the Dulles Toll Road to VDOT from the date of transfer until September 30, 2009. As of October 1, 2009, the employees of the Dulles Toll Road became employees of the Airports Authority, all contracts of the Dulles Toll Road became contracts of the Airports Authority's public safety department began providing the primary police and fire service for the Dulles Toll Road. As part of the agreement with the Commonwealth of Virginia (the Commonwealth), the Airports Authority is constructing the Dulles Metrorail Project from the vicinity of the West Falls Church Metrorail station to Route 772 in Loudoun County and will make other improvements in the Dulles Corridor consistent with VDOT and regional plans, using revenues from the Dulles Toll Road to pay the resulting debt service.

The planned toll rate increases in each of the past three years resulted in expected declines in Dulles Toll Road transactions. The Dulles Toll Road processed an average of 8.3, 8.5, and 8.7 million toll transactions per month in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively. These transaction levels resulted in revenues that fell slightly short of the forecasts made by the independent consulting firm that produced the 2010 Dulles Toll Road Traffic and Revenue Study; total revenues in 2012 were approximately 94.9 percent of forecasted revenues compared to 97.5 percent in 2011. Electronic (E-ZPass) penetration accounted for 77.4 percent of Dulles Toll Road revenue in 2012, an increase from 74.6 percent in 2011.



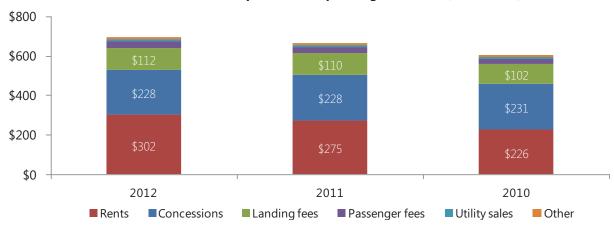


Actual vs. Forecasted Revenues (in the T&R Study April 15, 2010, in Millions)

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - AVIATION ENTERPRISE FUND

The Aviation Enterprise Fund recorded \$694.9 million in operating revenues for 2012. This was an increase from 2011 of \$31.0 million and an increase from 2010 of \$91.1 million. The Airports Authority's revenues are primarily derived from rents and charges for the use of the Airports Authority's facilities, including landing fees received from airlines using the Airports and concession contracts at the Airports, including parking and rental car operations. Concessions historically have accounted for a substantial portion of the Airports Authority's revenues and comprised 32.8 percent of total operating revenues in 2012. Signatory airlines, those that have signed the Use and Lease Agreement, are required to pay actual costs plus debt service coverage, while the majority of concessionaires pay the greater of a percentage of revenue or a minimum annual guarantee (MAG).

	Aviation Enterprise Fund			
	2012	2011	2010	
Operating revenues				
Rents	\$ 301,637,067	\$ 275,428,113	\$ 226,375,685	
Concessions	227,719,891	227,599,995	230,973,498	
Landing fees	112,282,616	110,255,672	101,637,867	
Utility sales	11,704,662	11,979,591	12,464,920	
Passenger fees	33,442,803	30,331,231	25,913,521	
Other	8,160,525	8,381,229	6,509,225	
Total operating revenues	\$ 694,947,564	\$ 663,975,831	\$ 603,874,716	



#### Aviation Enterprise Fund Operating Revenues (In Millions)

#### **Airline Revenues**

Airlines that operate at Reagan National and Dulles International pay for the costs to operate the Airports and to service the Airports' debt. When operating costs for the Airports Authority increase, there is a corresponding increase in the rates charged to the airlines. In 2012, airline revenue, which consists of landing fees, terminal rents, and passenger fees totaled \$447.4 million. This was an increase of \$31.3 million, or 7.5 percent, compared to 2011, and an increase of \$93.4 million, or 26.4 percent, compared to 2010.

In 2012, rent revenue totaled \$301.6 million, which was an increase of \$26.2 million from 2011 and an increase of \$75.3 million from 2010. The key driver of increased terminal rents in recent years was an increase in debt service costs resulting from Terminal A improvements at Reagan National, the Automated People Mover (AeroTrain) that was placed into service at Dulles International in early 2010, and the expansion of the International Arrivals Building at Dulles International.

Passenger fees, including passenger conveyance, international arrivals fees, and fees paid by the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) increased \$3.1 million, or 10.3 percent, from 2011 and increased \$7.5 million, or 29.1 percent, from 2010. The increase in passenger fees was driven by an increase in international traffic and corresponding International Arrivals Building fees at Dulles International. In 2012, signatory airline landing fees increased to \$3.72 per 1,000 pounds from \$3.50 per 1,000 pounds in 2011 at Dulles International to mitigate decreases in domestic landed weight activity. Landing fee revenue totaled \$112.3 million, which was an increase of \$2.0 million from 2011 and an increase of \$10.6 million from 2010.



#### **Concession Revenues**

The Airports Authority's concession revenues totaled \$227.7 million in 2012, which were relatively flat compared to 2011 and a decrease of \$3.3 million, or 1.4 percent, from 2010. Concession revenues accounted for 32.8 percent of total operating revenues in 2012, down 1.5 percentage points from 2011 due to the aforementioned increase in airline revenues.

Car parking revenue continued to rank as the Airports Authority's largest concession in 2012, providing \$108.9 million in total revenue for the year, consistent with 2011, and a decrease of \$1.2 million, or 1.1 percent, from 2010. Rental car revenue of \$35.4 million decreased \$3.3 million from 2011 as a result of rental car contracts implemented in mid-2011 that included lower minimum guaranteed amounts at Reagan National. Fixed Base Operator revenue of \$15.5 million in 2012 increased \$1.4 million from 2011, which was due to higher MAGs. All other areas of concession revenue accounted for a combined net increase of \$2.0 million over 2011. This increase was largely attributable to a \$753 thousand increase in inflight caterers revenue, a \$736 thousand increase in food and beverage revenue, and a \$446 thousand increase in duty free revenue, offset by a \$1.4 million decline in advertising revenue.

The following table details concession revenues by major category for the years ended December 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

		Concession Revenues	
	2012	2011	2010
Parking	\$ 108,943,383	\$ 108,936,324	\$ 110,150,990
Rental cars	35,433,032	38,706,628	44,305,092
Food and beverage	18,011,106	17,274,882	16,474,539
Fixed base operator	15,467,248	14,109,352	12,560,170
Display advertising	10,665,291	12,061,771	11,652,665
Newsstand and retail	12,238,148	12,003,769	11,837,876
Ground transportation	8,595,780	8,401,055	8,067,055
Inflight caterers	7,925,048	7,172,499	6,768,559
Duty free	4,455,682	4,009,278	3,200,337
All other	5,985,173	4,924,437	5,956,215
Total	\$ 227,719,891	\$ 227,599,995	\$ 230,973,498



In 2012, Other Revenues, which primarily represent revenues from employee and tenant parking permits decreased \$221 thousand from \$8.4 million in 2011 to \$8.2 million.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses for the Aviation Enterprise Fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 totaled \$677.1 million, an increase of \$98.4 million, or 17.0 percent over 2011. A major driver of the increase in operating expenses was a \$45.7 million, or 21.6 percent, increase in depreciation and amortization due to additional project costs being capitalized in 2012. Included in this increase was a \$19.9 million adjustment to reduce the balance of accumulated depreciation that was recorded in 2011 (refer to Note 9 – Changes in Capital Assets). Also, in 2012, a \$40.2 million expense for impairment was recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 42, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries* (GASB 42) to write-off project costs for the discontinuation of the Tier 2 Concourse and related facilities at Dulles International and the in-line baggage screening improvements at Reagan National. Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other expenses increased by \$8.2 million, or 4.3 percent in 2012, primarily due to a \$2.3 million increase in non-capitalized facility projects, a \$1.8 million charge for obsolescence of inventory, and a \$1.2 million increase in insurance payments and claims.

After three years of development, the Airports Authority implemented Oracle EBusiness Solutions as its new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System. According to accounting principles as promulgated in GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets* (GASB 51), the Airports Authority was in the developmental stage of the implementation program through early 2009 and expensed the costs through the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. From 2009 until the system was placed in service in June of 2011, applicable costs were capitalized. All related training and data conversion costs were expensed.

Salaries and related benefits expenses increased \$3.5 million from 2011 to \$151.5 million in 2012. Regular full time pay for Airports Authority employees increased \$3.3 million, or 3.5 percent, over 2011. This increase in compensation expenses was offset by a 20.3 percent reduction in overtime costs, which fell \$1.6 million as a result of fewer weather-related events, and a \$1.2 million reduction in special program compensation. In 2012, the Airports Authority's health insurance expenses increased by \$3.0 million to \$18.3 million. The Airports Authority continued funding its Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) program and recorded \$6.4 million in expenses for 2012 and \$6.8 million in expenses for 2011. The contribution percentages to the Airports Authority's pension plans decreased to 7.2 percent in 2012 from 7.4 percent of eligible earnings in 2011 for the General Employee Plan and decreased to 14.0 percent in 2012 from 14.7 percent of eligible earnings in 2011 for the Police and Firefighter Plan. The funded ratio as of the actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2011, the most recent period for which data is available, was 101.7 percent for the General Employee Plan and 99.5 percent for the Police and Firefighter Plan.



The Airports Authority's utility expenditures for 2012 were \$27.3 million, an increase of \$711 thousand from 2011, or 2.7 percent. The increase in utility expenses was driven principally by a \$1.0 million increase in electricity expense due to higher rates.

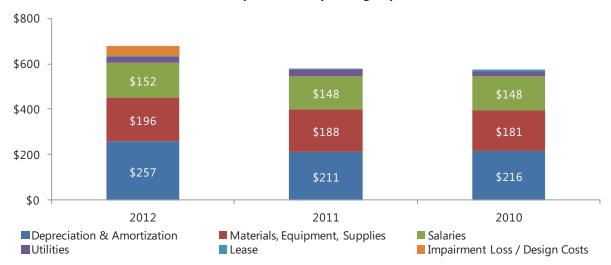
Depreciation and amortization expense in 2012 was \$257.0 million. This was an increase of \$45.7 million from 2011, which includes the aforementioned correction of accumulated depreciation. In January 2010, the AeroTrain became operational at Dulles International, and in November 2010, the Airports Authority completed the second phase of the International Arrivals Building (IAB). At Reagan National, the parking garage was expanded and runway and taxiway improvements were completed in 2010. In 2011, the Airports Authority completed the final phase of the IAB expansion at Dulles International and Runway 1/19 improvements at Reagan National. In 2012, the Airports Authority completed additional Runway 1/19 improvements at Reagan National as well as deicing and glycol run-off work at Dulles International.

For more information on changes in capital assets, please refer to Note 9 – Changes in Capital Assets.

A cost allocation plan is used to identify and quantify all overhead and other indirect costs appropriately allocable to the Dulles Toll Road or to the Dulles Metrorail Project within the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. As a result of this allocation plan, \$9.7, \$8.5, and \$7.3 million of Aviation Enterprise Fund operating expenses were allocated to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund in 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

The following presents total operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2012, December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	Aviation Enterprise Fund			
	2012	2011	2010	
Operating expenses				
Materials, equipment, supplies,				
contract services, and other	\$ 195,758,320	187,607,830	\$180,632,889	
Salaries and related benefits	151,531,516	148,072,307	148,274,437	
Impairment loss / design costs	40,239,036	-	-	
Utilities	27,253,512	26,542,084	24,375,181	
Lease from U.S. Government	5,303,936	5,180,558	5,101,119	
Depreciation and amortization	257,043,569	211,365,393	215,536,523	
Total operating expenses	\$ 677,129,889	\$ 578,768,172	\$ 573,920,149	



#### Aviation Enterprise Fund Operating Expenses (In Millions)

### **Changes in Net Position**

Operating income was \$17.8 million in 2012, which was a \$67.4 million decrease from 2011 and a \$12.1 million decrease from 2010. In 2012, increases in expenses, including depreciation and amortization, outpaced the increases in airline and other revenues. Expenses remained relatively flat between 2010 and 2011 while revenues increased, resulting in the growth in operating income between 2010 and 2011.

When compared to 2011, total non-operating revenues decreased \$4.6 million and non-operating expenses decreased \$108.1 million. Non-operating revenue in 2012 was comprised of \$13.4 million in investment income, \$6.4 million in fair value gains on swaps, and \$1.2 million of federal, state, and local grants in support of operations. Non-operating expenses, which included interest expense, totaled \$210.1 million. The \$6.4 million fair value gain on swaps was a significant change from 2011 and 2010, when the change in fair value on swaps was a loss of \$96.2 million and \$35.0 million, respectively. Please refer to Note 13 – Derivatives for more information on the swap portfolio.

Capital contributions include PFCs, federal, state, and local grants, and other capital property acquired. PFC revenues for 2012 were \$83.3 million, which was an increase of \$4.6 million from 2011 and \$3.2 million from 2010.

Federal, state, and local grants in support of capital programs were \$54.5 million in 2012, \$54.8 million in 2011, and \$61.8 million in 2010. In 2012, the Airports Authority received \$25.9 million in Airport Improvement Program (AIP) grants primarily to reimburse the capital cost of rehabilitating and improving the safety area of Runway 1/19, and constructing the fourth runway at Dulles International. The Airports Authority also received American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grants of \$23.9 million for TSA surveillance closed circuit TV and East/West in-line baggage electronic detection systems. Additionally, the Airports Authority received \$2.6



million from TSA for in-line baggage screening. Please refer to Note 17 – Government Grants for more information on grant activity.

The change in net position is an indicator of the overall fiscal condition of the Aviation Enterprise Fund. Net position decreased in 2012 by \$33.6 million. In 2011, net position decreased \$68.8 million, due in large part to the \$96.2 million fair value loss on swaps. The fair value loss on swaps was also a significant factor in 2010, when net position fell by \$50.0 million and the fair value loss on swaps totaled \$35.0 million.

The following represents a summary of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Aviation Enterprise Fund:

	Aviation Enterprise Fund		
	2012	2011	2010
Operating income			
Operating revenues	\$ 694,947,564	\$ 663,975,831	\$ 603,874,716
Operating expenses	677,129,889	578,768,172	573,920,149
Total operating income	17,817,675	85,207,659	29,954,567
Non-operating revenues			
Investment income	13,356,837	24,683,618	20,367,841
Federal, state and local grants	1,222,205	874,810	1,192,743
Fair value gains on swaps	6,422,461		
Total non-operating revenues	21,001,503	25,558,428	21,560,584
Non-operating expenses			
Interest expense	(210,149,419)	(221,951,744)	(209,147,708)
Fair value losses on swaps		(96,249,918)	(34,978,410)
Total non-operating expenses	(210,149,419)	(318,201,662)	(244,126,118)
Income/(Loss) before capital contributions	(171,330,241)	(207,435,575)	(192,610,967)
Capital contributions	137,715,748	138,612,005	142,577,878
Change in net position	\$ (33,614,493)	<u>\$ (68,823,570)</u>	\$ (50,033,089)



### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - DULLES CORRIDOR ENTERPRISE FUND

### **Operating Revenue**

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority recorded toll revenue of \$101.6 million, which consisted of Electronic Toll Collections (E-ZPass) of \$78.6 million, cash collections of \$21.9 million, and violations revenue of \$1.1 million. E-ZPass collection as a percentage of total operating revenue was 77.4 percent. Cash revenue declined 7.7 percent while E-ZPass revenue increased 23.6 percent from 2010. In 2011, toll revenue totaled \$94.7 million, which consisted of E-ZPass collections of \$70.6 million, cash collections of \$22.9 million, and violations revenue of \$1.1 million. E-ZPass collections as a percent of total operating revenue was 77.4 percent. Cash percent. Overall increases in total operating revenue for 2012, 2011, and 2010 were driven by successive toll rate increases that went into effect on January 1 of each of the past three years.

	Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund			
	2012	2011	2010	
Operating revenues				
Electronic toll collection revenues	\$ 78,613,469	\$ 70,634,124	\$ 63,606,906	
Cash revenues	21,892,705	22,905,593	23,715,733	
Violation revenues	1,089,915	1,119,821	715,529	
Other	7,750			
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 101,603,839</u>	\$ 94,659,538	\$ 88,038,168	

### **Operating Expenses**

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund recorded \$34.8 million and \$35.2 million in operating expenses, respectively. In 2012, operating expenses were primarily comprised of materials, supplies, equipment, contract services, and other, which totaled \$19.3 million, a decline of \$2.4 million from 2011 and \$4.4 million from 2010. This expense category included \$5.5 million in electronic toll collection fees paid to the third party processor of E-ZPass transactions and \$5.4 million in maintenance and repair costs. Professional services declined \$1.4 million in 2012 due to a decline in consulting services. In 2011, materials, supplies, equipment, contract services, and other totaled \$21.7 million, which included \$5.1 million in electronic toll collection fees paid to the third party processor of E-ZPass transactions, \$6.0 million in maintenance and repair costs, and repair costs, and \$1.6 million in consulting services.

The majority of costs related to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund are directly charged to the Fund. In certain instances, overhead costs for the Airports Authority are initially paid from the Aviation Enterprise Fund but are appropriately allocable to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund as costs associated with operation of the Dulles Toll Road or as costs of the Dulles Metrorail Project. In 2012, \$9.7 million was allocated from the Aviation Enterprise Fund and \$4.4 million allocated to the Dulles Metrorail Project. In 2011, \$8.5 million was allocated from the Aviation



Enterprise Fund to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund, with \$5.0 million allocated to the Dulles Toll Road and \$3.5 million to the Dulles Metrorail Project. The increase in allocated costs is primarily attributable to increases in the allocation for the Audit, Procurement and Contracts, and General Counsel expenses for Dulles Metrorail Project Phase 1.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased \$1.6 million to \$5.5 million in 2012. This increase was due to an interchange ramp directly connecting the Dulles International Access Highway with Interstate 495 that was placed in service in September 2012.

Salaries and related benefits expense increased \$465 thousand from \$9.3 million in 2011 to \$9.8 million in 2012. The increase was due to a \$451 thousand increase in allocated salaries and benefits expense.

	Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund			
	2012 2011		2010	
Operating expenses				
Materials, equipment, supplies,				
contract services, and other	\$19,258,742	\$21,744,158	\$22,827,231	
Salaries and related benefits	9,763,238	9,298,144	8,260,815	
Utilities	191,922	237,082	189,956	
Depreciation and amortization	5,536,403	3,926,601	3,523,732	
Total operating expenses	\$34,750,305	\$35,205,985	\$34,801,734	



The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund closed 2012 with total Net Position of \$1,609.6 million. The following represents a summary of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position of the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund.

	Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund		
	2012	2011	2010
Operating income			
Operating revenues	\$ 101,603,839	\$ 94,659,538	\$ 88,038,168
Operating expenses	34,750,305	35,205,985	34,801,734
Total operating income	66,853,534	59,453,553	53,236,434
Non-operating revenues			
Investment income	1,182,797	10,932,190	7,419,127
Federal, state and local grants	6,810	107,564	672,275
Total non-operating revenues	1,189,607	11,039,754	8,091,402
Non-operating expenses			
Interest expense	(19,322,104)	(18,060,020)	(31,072,729)
Contributions to other governments	(313,812)	(1,297,882)	(10,086,067)
Total non-operating expenses	(19,635,916)	(19,357,902)	(41,158,796)
Income before capital contributions	48,407,225	51,135,405	20,169,040
Capital contributions	286,167,948	232,311,015	315,643,190
Change in net position	\$ 334,575,173	\$ 283,446,420	\$ 335,812,230

# **Changes in Net Position**

The increase in net position for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund totaled \$334.6 million, \$283.4 million, and \$335.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 respectively. Total operating income for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund was \$66.9 million in 2012, \$59.5 million in 2011, and \$53.2 million in 2010. The 12.4 percent increase in total operating income over 2011 was largely driven by toll rate increases that became effective January 1, 2012, while the 11.8 percent increase in total operating income from 2010 to 2011 was the result of toll rate increases that became effective January 1, 2012, while the the effective January 1, 2011. Investment income decreased \$9.7 million from 2011 as a result of lower average yields on investments and unrealized losses on investments totaling \$698 thousand, a decline from the \$8.7 million in unrealized gains in 2011 and \$4.9 million in unrealized



gains in 2010. Interest expense on bonds payable totaled \$19.3 million in 2012. Contributions to other governments in 2012 totaled \$314 thousand, a decrease of \$984 thousand from 2011 and a decrease of \$9.8 million from 2010. The Airports Authority made a one-time payment of \$6.6 million in 2010 to Fairfax County, VA for the operation of the Fairfax County Express Bus Service. Fairfax County previously received funding from VDOT from Dulles Toll Road revenues, and the Board adopted a resolution to continue payment for this service in 2010. In addition, the Airports Authority contributed \$550 thousand to VDOT in 2012 for costs related to the Transportation Management Plan, which comprises a set of strategies that are being implemented by VDOT during the construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project. The Airports Authority has contributed \$12.5 million to VDOT for the Transportation Management Plan between 2007 and 2012 — the last year the Airports Authority will make contributions to the Transportation Management Plan.

Government grants in support of capital programs for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund totaled \$282.1 million for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012 and \$232.3 million for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. Federal grants included \$187.9 million related to the Dulles Metrorail Project, while local government contributions totaled \$94.2 million. Please refer to Note 17 – Government Grants for more information on grant activity.

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

The Statements of Net Position present the financial position of the Airports Authority at the end of the fiscal year. The Statements include all assets and liabilities of the Airports Authority. Net Position is the difference between total assets and total liabilities and is an indicator of the current fiscal health of the Airports Authority. A summarized comparison of the Airports Authority's assets, liabilities and net position on December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, follows:

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	21
Total Business-Type Acti	vities
2011	2010

		71	
	2012	2011	2010
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 775,786,135	\$ 690,918,140	\$ 712,984,260
Non-current assets			
Restricted	885,293,133	999,406,543	1,328,033,151
Unrestricted	255,250,510	288,588,541	239,103,998
Capital assets, net	7,744,479,463	7,202,502,470	6,501,983,963
Total Assets	<u>\$ 9,660,809,241</u>	<u>\$9,181,415,694</u>	<u>\$ 8,782,105,372</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 401,498,137	\$ 413,978,790	\$ 406,950,920
Non-current liabilities	6,921,138,729	6,730,225,209	6,552,565,607
Total Liabilities	\$ 7,322,636,866	\$7,144,203,999	\$ 6,959,516,527
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,930,730,211	\$1,681,513,627	\$ 1,420,180,335
Restricted	179,512,976	165,379,374	107,411,365
Unrestricted	227,929,188	190,318,694	294,997,145
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 2,338,172,375</u>	\$2,037,211,695	<u>\$ 1,822,588,845</u>

Current assets increased \$84.9 million from 2011 and \$62.8 million from 2010. Current assets for the Aviation Enterprise Fund increased \$66.0 million in 2012, primarily as a result of the \$76.1 million increase in unrestricted investments and \$11.0 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, offset by a \$19.2 million decrease in accounts receivable. Between 2010 and 2011, current assets for the Aviation Enterprise Fund decreased \$56.8 million due to a \$59.1 million decrease in unrestricted investments, offset by a \$28.7 million increase in accounts receivable. Current assets for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund increased 9.2 percent, or \$18.9 million, in 2012 and \$34.8 million in 2011. Both years' increases were driven by increases in cash and cash equivalents.

Non-current assets increased \$394.5 million from 2011, largely due to a \$542.0 million increase in capital assets, net of depreciation, which was related to the Dulles Metrorail Project, offset by a \$114.1 million decrease in restricted non-current assets. The Aviation Enterprise Fund recorded a \$110.8 million decrease in restricted non-current assets due largely to a \$105.5 million decrease in investments. Similarly, unrestricted non-current assets for the Aviation Enterprise Fund decreased \$30.7 million due to a \$23.2 million decrease in investments. The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund recorded an increase of \$697.8 million in capital assets, which was largely attributable to the \$699.5 million increase in construction in progress for the Dulles Metrorail Project. Non-current assets increased \$421.4 million from 2010 to 2011 that, as in 2012, was due to a \$700.5 million increase



in capital assets, net of depreciation, related to the Dulles Metrorail Project, though this amount was offset by a \$328.6 million decrease in restricted non-current assets due to decreases in restricted investment and cash balances.

Current liabilities decreased \$12.5 million from 2011. The decrease in current liabilities from 2011 was driven by an \$11.2 million decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund due to the Dulles Metrorail Project. Additionally, increases in the current portion of long-term debt — \$2.0 million in the Aviation Enterprise Fund and \$3.3 million in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund — contributed to the change in current liabilities. Current liabilities increased \$7.0 million from 2010 to 2011. This increase in current liabilities for 2011 was driven by a \$16.2 million increase in the current portion of long-term debt in the Aviation Enterprise Fund and a \$5.7 million increase in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. These increases were offset by a \$10.8 million decrease in accounts payable and other accrued expenses.

In 2012, long-term liabilities increased \$190.9 million. This was largely due to the issuance of \$149.0 million of commercial paper notes in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund, offset by a \$17.5 million refunding in commercial paper notes in the Aviation Enterprise Fund. In addition, notes payable increased \$200.0 million in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund with the issuance of the 2012 Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) note. Aviation Enterprise Fund bonds payable declined \$167.9 million due to principal payments totaling \$128.0 million while Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund bonds payable declined \$167.9 million due to principal payments totaling \$128.0 million while Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund bonds payable saw a \$32.0 million increase primarily related to the change in accretion of capital appreciation bonds. As of December 31, 2012, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund liability of \$3.7 million was due to the Aviation Enterprise Fund for services provided to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund in the normal course of business, including the cost allocation plan. Long-term liabilities increased \$177.7 million from 2010 to 2011 due to an increase in non-current bonds payable totaling \$100.6 million. Activity affecting this account included the issuance of \$637.1 million in Airport System Revenue Bonds less a principal payment of \$118.9 million on the outstanding bonds, as well as the refunding of \$433.5 million in Airport System Revenue and Refunding Bonds. The Airports Authority had a net decrease of \$19.5 million in its commercial paper outstanding in 2011.

Total net position, which represents the residual interest in the Airports Authority assets after liabilities are deducted, increased \$301.0 million from 2011 and \$515.6 million from 2010. The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund provided a \$334.6 million increase in total net position for 2012, while the Aviation Enterprise Fund recorded a decrease of \$33.6 million in total net position for 2012. In 2011, net position increased \$214.6 million from 2010 due to a \$283.4 million increase in net position provided by the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund and a \$68.8 million decrease in the Aviation Enterprise Fund's net position.

Net investment in capital assets increased \$249.2 million from 2011 and \$510.5 million from 2010. The increase in 2012 was attributable to a \$356.4 million increase in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. Similarly, in 2011, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's net investment in capital assets increased \$275.6 million.

At the year ended December 31, 2012, total restricted net position of \$179.5 million consisted of funds restricted for construction, debt service, leases, Dulles Rail latent defects, Dulles Toll Road repairs, and Public Safety. This



was an overall increase from 2011 of \$14.1 million. The Aviation Enterprise Fund's restricted net position increased \$19.9 million to \$105.2 million, primarily due to a \$14.8 million net increase in assets restricted for construction. The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's restricted net position of \$74.4 million included \$44.0 million in funds restricted for construction at December 31, 2012. Total restricted net position increased \$58.0 million from 2010 to 2011 due to a \$35.7 million net increase in assets restricted for construction, \$19.7 million of which was related to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund.

Total unrestricted net position at the end of the reporting period for the Airports Authority was \$227.9 million, which represented an overall increase of \$37.6 million from 2011. Unrestricted net position increased \$53.7 million to \$273.8 million for the Aviation Enterprise Fund and decreased \$16.1 million for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. These net unrestricted assets may be used to meet any of the Airports Authority's ongoing operational needs and debt service for the Aviation Enterprise Fund and Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund, subject to approval by the Airports Authority's Board of Directors. Unrestricted net position decreased \$104.7 million for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund and \$29.5 million for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund.

# CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

# **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

The Airports Authority is financing its Aviation Enterprise Fund Capital Construction Program (CCP) through a combination of revenues, entitlements, and discretionary grants received from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), state grants, PFCs, and revenue bonds. Long-term debt is the principal source of funding for the CCP. Please refer to Note 14 – Capital Debt for additional detail on the Airports Authority's long-term debt activity.

In June 2012, the Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund issued \$311.8 million of Series 2012A-B Bonds. *The Series 2012A Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds*' par amount was \$291.0 million. The proceeds were used to refund Series 2001A, Series 2002A and Series 2002D Bonds, fund applicable debt service reserve funds, and pay the cost of issuing the bonds. On June 5, 2012, \$67.8 million of Series 2001A Bonds maturing in 2031, \$186.8 million of Series 2002A Bonds maturing in 2012-2032, and \$89.2 million of Series 2002D Bonds maturing in 2013-2032 were refunded. The Airports Authority's present value savings of this refunding was \$38.4 million.

*The Series 2012B Non-AMT Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds*' par amount was \$20.8 million. The proceeds were used to refund Series 2003B Bonds, fund applicable debt service reserve funds, and pay the cost of issuing the bonds. On June 5, 2012, \$20.6 million of Series 2003B Bonds maturing in 2014-2019 were refunded. The Airports Authority's present value savings of this refunding was \$2.2 million.

In December 2012, the Airports Authority Aviation Enterprise Fund executed several transactions to extend, and in some cases, substitute, liquidity facilities that were set to expire in 2013. The first transaction was a



Mandatory Tender, Amendment and Conversion of the *Series 2003D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds*, which terminated a Letter of Credit (LOC) with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and its related Syncora Bond Insurance policy. The Airports Authority entered into a \$63.2 million Direct Purchase Loan with Banc of America, which expires in December 2016.

The Airports Authority also replaced the LOC relating to the *Series 2009D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds* for a par amount of \$130.2 million. The transaction substituted the previous LOC with Bank of America, N.A. to TD Bank, N.A. for a term through December 2017.

The Airports Authority extended its LOC for the Series 2010C Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds with Barclays Bank through December 2015 and extended the term of the Index Rate Period for the Series 2010D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. through December 2015.

On October 18, 2012, \$17.5 million of the Series One Commercial Paper (CP) Notes was refunded with grant proceeds. At December 31, 2012, the Aviation Enterprise Fund had \$21.0 million of Series Two CP Notes outstanding and \$5.1 billion in outstanding Airport System Revenue Bonds.

The Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund's long-term uninsured bonds are rated "AA-" by Fitch, "Aa3" by Moody's, and "AA-" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services (S&P). Fitch affirmed the "AA-" rating with "Stable" outlook and Moody's affirmed the "Aa3" rating with "Negative" outlook on May 23, 2012. S&P affirmed the Airports Authority's "AA-" rating with a "Stable Outlook" on May 25, 2012.

The Airports Authority, through its Master Indenture of Trust, has agreed to maintain debt service coverage of not less than 1.25x. Debt service coverage is calculated as defined in the Master Indenture of Trust. Historically, the Airports Authority has maintained a coverage ratio significantly higher than its requirement. During 2012, 2011, and 2010 the Airports Authority's debt service coverage was 1.35x, 1.37x and 1.47x, respectively.

# **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund**

The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund did not issue any Bonds in 2011 or 2012. In June 2011, the Airports Authority Board authorized the issuance of CP Notes for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund in a not-to-exceed amount of \$300 million. In 2012, the Airports Authority made a draw of the program totaling \$149 million. At December 31, 2012, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund had \$149.6 million outstanding in Series One CP Notes and \$1.4 billion in outstanding bonds payable.

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On December 17, 2012, the Airports Authority issued a \$200 million fixed rate note secured by the remaining federal funding anticipated to be received pursuant to a Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) with the Federal Transit Administration for Phase 1 of the Rail Project.

# FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GRANT ACTIVITY

The Airports Authority receives grants from the United States government, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and other local grantors for certain operating and capital construction programs.

# **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

In 2012, the Aviation Enterprise Fund received \$2.2 million in total federal, state, and local grants in support of operations. This included \$1.0 million in funding for the Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Program, which offsets expenses incurred by the Airports Authority's Public Safety personnel serving a support role to the Transportation Security Administration (TSA). Other federal grants included \$1.0 million from TSA, which was used to offset the expense of training and caring for canines used in explosives detection and \$191 thousand related to the collaborative effort between the Airports Authority, the Department of Justice, and the U.S. Treasury Department.

The Aviation Enterprise Fund also recognized \$54.4 million in federal, state, and local grants in support of capital programs in 2012. Federal programs, including the FAA's Airport Improvement Program, provided \$25.9 million for runway construction and rehabilitation, taxiway reconstruction, and runway safety area improvement. TSA funding included \$2.6 million for the South Bag Basement in-line baggage screening project. ARRA funds related to capital programs for the Aviation Enterprise Fund totaled \$23.9 million in 2012 and were reimbursed for the costs of installation of closed circuit television cameras at DCA and East/West in-line baggage screening at IAD.

# **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund**

The Federal Transit Administration is the primary grantor to the Dulles Metrorail Project and has committed a total of \$900 million in federal New Starts funding for the project. The \$900 million Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) was approved by the FTA on March 10, 2009 and is inclusive of all previously awarded grants for the Dulles Metrorail Project. During 2012, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund recognized \$173.3 million of the FFGA award.

In 2009, USDOT allocated \$77.3 million in ARRA funding to the Dulles Metrorail Project. These funds replace Section 5309 funds that are scheduled to be received in the final year (2016) of the FFGA. As of February 2012, the Airports Authority had fulfilled its ARRA local match requirement of \$199.2 million and the close-out of the ARRA grant was completed on April 16, 2012.



State and local funding sources for the Dulles Metrorail Project include transportation bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia and a Fairfax County transportation improvement district property tax. In addition, the Virginia Transportation Act of 2000 dedicated \$75.0 million to the project from Surface Transportation Program funds. During 2012, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund recognized \$94.2 million of state and local grants in support of capital programs.

Please refer to Note 17 – Government Grants for more information on grant activity.

# **CASH AND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT – TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES**

The Airports Authority's cash and cash equivalents increased \$110.5 million to \$860.9 million as of December 31, 2012. This was driven by an increase of \$113.3 million in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund and a decrease in available cash and cash equivalents, both restricted and unrestricted, of \$2.9 million in the Aviation Enterprise Fund. Cash and cash equivalents with an original maturity of three months or less are considered highly liquid investments. Restricted and unrestricted investments decreased by \$53.0 million in 2012, which was attributable to a \$105.5 million decrease in the Aviation Enterprise Fund restricted non-current investments offset by a \$76.1 million increase in current investments.

The following summary shows the major sources and use of cash:

	Total Business-Type Activities		
	2012	2011	2010
Cash received from operations	\$ 823,810,455	\$ 735,825,740	\$ 691,691,410
Cash expended from operations	(415,998,626)	(429,946,902)	(397,287,786)
Net cash provided by operations	407,811,829	305,878,838	294,403,624
Net cash provided (used) by:			
Noncapital financing activities	915,187	346,296	(7,805,066)
Capital and related financing activities	(367,207,021)	(657,397,187)	(183,156,060)
Investing activities	68,941,086	214,667,578	105,118,939
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	110,461,081	(136,504,475)	208,561,437
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	750,432,375	886,936,850	678,375,413
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 860,893,456	\$ 750,432,375	\$ 886,936,850
Courses Statements of Cools Flows			

Source: Statements of Cash Flows

Cash temporarily idle during 2012 was invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, United States government and agency obligations, mutual funds, repurchase agreements collateralized by the United States government or agency obligations, and other permitted investments as listed in the Master Indenture for the Airports Authority's outstanding bonds. During 2012, the Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund operating account average portfolio balance was \$415.2 million, and the average yield on investments was 0.217 percent. The capital funds are held by an agent for the Trustee but managed by the



Airports Authority. For 2012, the capital funds had an average portfolio balance of \$542.3 million and an average yield of 1.830 percent. During 2012, the Airports Authority's Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund operating account average portfolio balance was \$67.7 million and the average yield on investments was 0.010 percent. The capital funds are held by an agent for the Trustee, but the Airports Authority directs the investments. For 2012, the capital funds had an average portfolio balance of \$244.2 million and an average yield of 0.673 percent.

Certain Airports Authority funds that will be used for bond requirements and capital projects are invested in long-term instruments. An annual cash flow projection for capital projects is developed for all bond proceeds and investments are matched to maximize investment income while ensuring cash is available for capital project expenses. All investments must be made following the investment policy that was adopted by the Airports Authority's Board. An investment committee meets quarterly to review the portfolios for compliance with the investment policy (refer to Note 4 – Deposits and Investments).

# **CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION**

### **Aviation Enterprise Fund**

During 2012, the Aviation Enterprise Fund expended \$217.8 million in its ongoing CCP compared to an expenditure budget of \$274.7 million. The Aviation Enterprise Fund capitalized \$107.1 million in projects in 2012, principally for Runway 1/19 overlay at Reagan National and Pad B deicing and glycol run-off at Dulles International and continued work on the International Arrivals Building. Projects continuing and new in 2013 and beyond include completion of in-line baggage systems, rehabilitation of Concourse C/D, airfield pavement panel replacement, hydrant fuel line improvements, maintenance equipment storage building, and preservation of historic Air Traffic Control Tower exterior at Dulles International. At Reagan National, projects continuing and planned for 2013 and beyond include Terminal A rehabilitation including a second baggage facility, Terminal A and Terminal B/C long-term redevelopment plan, and runway overlays and taxiway rehabilitation.

### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund**

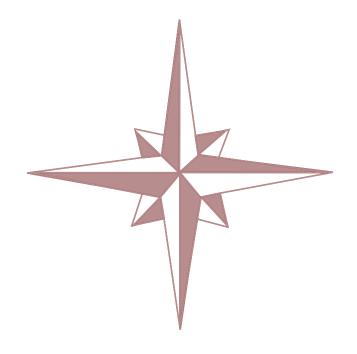
The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's Renewal and Replacement program provided funds to address major maintenance requirements including overlays, sound wall repairs, bridge deck replacements, erosion and drainage control, and other maintenance projects. The Renewal and Replacement program is funded from toll road revenues. In addition, the Dulles Corridor Capital Improvement Program funds improvements related to the Dulles Toll Road, its ancillary ramps and interchanges, and the Dulles Rail Project. These projects, which are funded from bond proceeds, Federal Transit Administration grants, and contributions from Fairfax County and the Commonwealth of Virginia, include the Metrorail project, as well as the construction of an Interchange Ramp between the Dulles Corridor and I-495, and other studies and improvements. The total Capital Improvement Program expenditure budget for 2012 was \$926.5 million, of which \$765.5 million was allocated for Phase 1 of the Rail project and \$48.0 million was allocated for Phase 2. The total expenditure in 2012 was \$798.8 million.



For more information on capital asset activity, please refer to Note 9 – Changes in Capital Assets.

# CONTACTING THE AIRPORTS AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide the Airports Authority's Board, management, investors, creditors, and customers with a general view of the Airports Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Airports Authority's accountability for the funds it receives and expends. For additional information about this report, or for additional financial information, please contact Andrew Rountree, Vice President for Finance and Chief Financial Officer, at the following address: 1 Aviation Circle, Washington, DC, 20001-6000 or e-mail BondholdersInformation@mwaa.com.



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### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2012

	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
ASSETS	i		
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 110,499,852	\$ 79,492,264	\$ 189,992,116
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	204,762,899	145,364,093	350,126,992
Accounts receivable, net	42,595,511	65,560	42,661,071
Investments	177,750,805	-	177,750,805
Inventory	8,173,110	205,914	8,379,024
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,532,112	344,015	6,876,127
Total current assets	550,314,289	225,471,846	775,786,135
Non-current assets			
Restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents	69,343,025	251,431,323	320,774,348
Accounts receivable	30,213,001	43,688,292	73,901,293
Investments	348,495,071	142,122,421	490,617,492
Total restricted	448,051,097	437,242,036	885,293,133
Unrestricted:			
Note receivable	9,327,369	-	9,327,369
Investments	157,952,823	-	157,952,823
Net pension assets	3,467,187	-	3,467,187
Bond issuance costs, net	48,010,723	35,604,042	83,614,765
Other assets	888,366	-	888,366
Total unrestricted	219,646,468	35,604,042	255,250,510
Capital assets:			
Land and other non-depreciable assets	182,685,100	-	182,685,100
Construction in progress	274,520,382	19,277,376	293,797,758
Construction in progress - Dulles Metrorail Project	-	2,745,909,253	2,745,909,253
Buildings, systems and equipment	6,782,501,724	73,824,878	6,856,326,602
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,331,916,430)	(2,322,820)	(2,334,239,250)
Capital assets, net	4,907,790,776	2,836,688,687	7,744,479,463
Total non-current assets	5,575,488,341	3,309,534,765	8,885,023,106
Total assets	\$ 6,125,802,630	\$ 3,535,006,611	\$9,660,809,241

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority



### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2012

LIABILITIES	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 51,782,056	\$ 126,488,934	\$ 178,270,990
Advance billings and payments received	ψ 51,702,050	↓ <u>120,700,</u> 557	φ <u>1</u> 70,270,550
in advance	10,016,922	-	10,016,922
Accrued lease obligations	341,140	111,910	453,050
Due to (due from) other funds	(3,733,503)	3,733,503	-
Accrued interest payable	53,207,337	13,103,205	66,310,542
Current portion of long-term debt	137,405,000	9,041,633	146,446,633
Total current liabilities	249,018,952	152,479,185	401,498,137
Non-current liabilities			
Other liabilities	6,221,580	16,042,796	22,264,376
Commercial paper notes	21,000,000	149,550,000	170,550,000
Note payable		200,000,000	200,000,000
Interest rate swaps payable	193,920,442		193,920,442
Bonds payable, net	4,927,110,679	1,407,293,232	6,334,403,911
Total non-current liabilities	5,148,252,701	1,772,886,028	6,921,138,729
Total liabilities	5,397,271,653	1,925,365,213	7,322,636,866
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	349,551,737	1,581,178,474	1,930,730,211
Restricted for:			
Construction	57,050,161	43,991,451	101,041,612
Debt service	41,301,170	7,436,165	48,737,335
Leases	6,438,460	-	6,438,460
Dulles Rail latent defects	-	15,001,701	15,001,701
Dulles Toll Road repairs	-	7,923,355	7,923,355
Public Safety	370,513	-	370,513
Unrestricted	273,818,936	(45,889,748)	227,929,188
Total net position	\$ 728,530,977	\$ 1,609,641,398	\$ 2,338,172,375



### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2011

	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,501,092	\$ 52,697,660	\$ 152,198,752
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	207,629,461	152,750,501	360,379,962
Accounts receivable, net	61,761,793	382,965	62,144,758
Investments	101,610,902	-	101,610,902
Inventory	8,536,556	233,587	8,770,143
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5,315,678	497,945	5,813,623
Total current assets	484,355,482	206,562,658	690,918,140
Non-current assets			
Restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents	80,339,390	157,514,271	237,853,661
Accounts receivable	24,472,848	140,571,693	165,044,541
Investments	454,042,925	142,465,416	596,508,341
Total restricted	558,855,163	440,551,380	999,406,543
Unrestricted:			
Note receivable	11,876,689	-	11,876,689
Investments	181,174,135	-	181,174,135
Net pension assets	3,198,077	-	3,198,077
Bond issuance costs, net	53,436,256	38,289,847	91,726,103
Other assets	613,537	-	613,537
Total unrestricted	250,298,694	38,289,847	288,588,541
Capital assets:			
Land and other non-depreciable assets	182,730,618	-	182,730,618
Construction in progress	301,655,216	72,012,054	373,667,270
Construction in progress - Dulles Metrorail Project	-	2,065,582,731	2,065,582,731
Buildings, systems and equipment	6,661,545,877	2,096,741	6,663,642,618
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,082,303,669)	(817,098)	(2,083,120,767)
Capital assets, net	5,063,628,042	2,138,874,428	7,202,502,470
Total non-current assets	5,872,781,899	2,617,715,655	8,490,497,554
Total assets	\$ 6,357,137,381	\$ 2,824,278,313	\$9,181,415,694



### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2011

LIABILITIES	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Advance billings and payments received	\$ 52,158,587	\$ 137,361,411	\$ 189,519,998
in advance	11,884,807	-	11,884,807
Accrued lease obligations	341,140	131,087	472,227
Due to (due from) other funds	(1,691,965)	1,691,965	-
Accrued interest payable	58,220,940	12,741,238	70,962,178
Current portion of long-term debt	135,395,000	5,744,580	141,139,580
Total current liabilities	256,308,509	157,670,281	413,978,790
Niew gewonent liebiliteige			
Non-current liabilities Other liabilities	4,805,797	15,704,723	20,510,520
Commercial paper notes	38,500,000	550,000	39,050,000
Interest rate swaps payable	200,415,403	550,000	200,415,403
Bonds payable, net	5,094,962,202	1,375,287,084	6,470,249,286
Total non-current liabilities	5,338,683,402	1,391,541,807	6,730,225,209
Total liabilities	5,594,991,911	1,549,212,088	7,144,203,999
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	456,739,380	1,224,774,247	1,681,513,627
Construction	42,283,653	49,878,840	92,162,493
Debt service	36,497,945	5,524,321	42,022,266
Leases	6,148,457	1,959,376	8,107,833
Dulles Rail latent defects	-	15,000,163	15,000,163
Dulles Toll Road repairs	-	7,725,294	7,725,294
Public Safety	361,325	-	361,325
Unrestricted	220,114,710	(29,796,016)	190,318,694
Total net position	\$ 762,145,470	\$ 1,275,066,225	\$ 2,037,211,695



# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Aviation	Dulles Corridor	Total Business-Type
	Enterprise	Enterprise	Activities
OPERATING REVENUES	·	. <u></u>	
Concessions	\$ 227,719,891	\$ -	\$ 227,719,891
Tolls	-	101,596,089	101,596,089
Rents	301,637,067	-	301,637,067
Landing fees	112,282,616	-	112,282,616
Utility sales	11,704,662	-	11,704,662
Passenger fees	33,442,803	-	33,442,803
Other	8,160,525	7,750	8,168,275
Total operating revenues	694,947,564	101,603,839	796,551,403
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Materials, equipment, supplies, contract			
services, and other	195,758,320	19,258,742	215,017,062
Impairment loss / design costs	40,239,036	-	40,239,036
Salaries and related benefits	151,531,516	9,763,238	161,294,754
Utilities	27,253,512	191,922	27,445,434
Lease from U. S. Government	5,303,936	-	5,303,936
Depreciation and amortization	257,043,569	5,536,403	262,579,972
Total operating expenses	677,129,889	34,750,305	711,880,194
OPERATING INCOME	17,817,675	66,853,534	84,671,209
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment income	13,356,837	1,182,797	14,539,634
Interest expense	(210,149,419)	(19,322,104)	(229,471,523)
Federal, state and local grants	1,222,205	6,810	1,229,015
Fair value gain on swaps	6,422,461	-	6,422,461
Contributions to other governments	-	(313,812)	(313,812)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(189,147,916)	(18,446,309)	(207,594,225)
GAIN (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(171,330,241)	48,407,225	(122,923,016)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Passenger facility charges	83,263,578	-	83,263,578
Federal, state and local grants	54,452,170	282,100,210	336,552,380
Other capital property contributed	-	4,067,738	4,067,738
Total capital contributions	137,715,748	286,167,948	423,883,696
NET POSITION			
Change in net position	(33,614,493)	334,575,173	300,960,680
Net position, beginning of year	762,145,470	1,275,066,225	2,037,211,695
Net position, end of year	\$ 728,530,977	\$ 1,609,641,398	\$ 2,338,172,375



### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended December 31, 2011

	Aviation	Dulles Corridor	Total Business-Type
	Enterprise	Enterprise	Activities
	¢ 227 FOO 00F	¢	¢ 227 E00 00E
Concessions Tolls	\$ 227,599,995	\$- 94,659,538	\$ 227,599,995 94,659,538
Rents	- 275,428,113	94,009,000	94,659,538 275,428,113
Landing fees	110,255,672		110,255,672
Utility sales	11,979,591		11,979,591
Passenger fees	30,331,231	_	30,331,231
Other	8,381,229	_	8,381,229
Total operating revenues	663,975,831	94,659,538	758,635,369
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Materials, equipment, supplies, contract			
services, and other	187,607,830	21,744,158	209,351,988
Salaries and related benefits	148,072,307	9,298,144	157,370,451
Utilities	26,542,084	237,082	26,779,166
Lease from U. S. Government	5,180,558	-	5,180,558
Depreciation and amortization	211,365,393	3,926,601	215,291,994
Total operating expenses	578,768,172	35,205,985	613,974,157
OPERATING INCOME	85,207,659	59,453,553	144,661,212
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment income	24,683,618	10,932,190	35,615,808
Interest expense	(221,951,744)	(18,060,020)	(240,011,764)
Federal, state and local grants	874,810	107,564	982,374
Fair value loss on swaps	(96,249,918)	-	(96,249,918)
Contributions to other governments	-	(1,297,882)	(1,297,882)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(292,643,234)	(8,318,148)	(300,961,382)
GAIN (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(207,435,575)	51,135,405	(156,300,170)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Passenger facility charges	78,626,926	-	78,626,926
Federal, state and local grants	54,805,079	232,311,015	287,116,094
Other capital property contributed	5,180,000	-	5,180,000
Total capital contributions	138,612,005	232,311,015	370,923,020
NET POSITION			
Change in net position	(68,823,570)	283,446,420	214,622,850
Net position, beginning of year	830,969,040	991,619,805	1,822,588,845
Net position, end of year	\$ 762,145,470	\$ 1,275,066,225	\$ 2,037,211,695



# Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating cash receipts from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Cash receipts for interfund services Cash payments for interfund services	\$ 714,520,453 (233,823,145) (154,540,329) 7,652,773		\$ 816,157,682 (251,167,768) (157,178,085) 7,652,773 (7,652,773)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	333,809,752	74,002,077	407,811,829
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash provided to other governments Interest paid to vendors Federal, state and local grants in support of operations NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	- (16) 1,222,205 1,222,189	(313,812) - 6,810 (307,002)	(313,812) (16) 1,229,015 915,187
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING			
<ul> <li>ACTIVITIES:</li> <li>Proceeds from issuance of bonds/notes</li> <li>Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper</li> <li>Payments for refunding of bond notes and commercial paper</li> <li>Principal payments on bonds/notes and commercial paper</li> <li>Swap Payment</li> <li>Payments for capital expenditures and construction <ul> <li>in progress</li> </ul> </li> <li>Proceeds from sale of capital assets</li> <li>Payments of bond issuance costs</li> <li>Interest paid on bonds and commercial paper</li> <li>Federal, state and local grants in aid of construction</li> <li>Passenger facility charge receipts</li> <li>Passenger facility charge expenses and interest</li> </ul>	311,825,000 - (381,910,000) (127,950,000) (72,500) (103,713,443) 192,708 858,150 (235,077,901) 50,113,250 81,862,347 (2,399)	(627,183,826) - (1,344,876)	511,825,000 149,000,000 (381,910,000) (134,518,844) (72,500) (730,897,269) 192,708 (486,726) (291,580,216) 429,380,878 81,862,347 (2,399)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(403,874,788)	36,667,767	(367,207,021)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received on investments Proceeds from short-term investment maturities Purchase of short-term investments Proceeds from long-term investment maturities Purchase of long-term investments	16,785,893 248,218,888 (244,756,218) 304,252,379 (258,522,262)	2,962,406 - - 10,994,977 (10,994,977)	19,748,299 248,218,888 (244,756,218) 315,247,356 (269,517,239)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	65,978,680	2,962,406	68,941,086
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,864,167)	113,325,248	110,461,081
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of year	387,469,943	362,962,432	750,432,375
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of year	\$ 384,605,776	\$ 476,287,680	\$ 860,893,456



### Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income	\$ 17,817,67	5 \$ 66,853,534	\$ 84,671,209
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	257,043,569	9 5,536,403	262,579,972
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	1,220,910	- (	1,220,910
Impairment loss on construction in progress	40,239,036	- ô	40,239,036
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accounts receivable	17,945,372	2 33,389	17,978,761
Inventory	363,440	5 27,673	391,119
Prepaid expenses and other current	(1,216,434	4) 153,930	(1,062,504)
Net pension assets	(269,110	- ((	(269,110)
Other long term assets	2,274,493	1 –	2,274,491
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	884,43	7 (645,018)	239,419
Advance billings and payments received in advance	(1,867,885	ō) -	(1,867,885)
Due to (due from) other funds	(2,041,538	3) 2,041,538	-
Long-term liabilities	1,415,783	3 628	1,416,411
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 333,809,752	2 \$ 74,002,077	\$ 407,811,829
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$ (2,706,458	8) \$ (697,724)	\$ (3,404,182)
Contributions from other governments	\$	- \$ 4,067,738	\$ 4,067,738
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ (1,260,970	) \$ (10,246,635)	\$ (11,507,605)
Fair value gain on swaps	\$ 6,494,963	1 \$ -	\$ 6,494,961



# Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2011

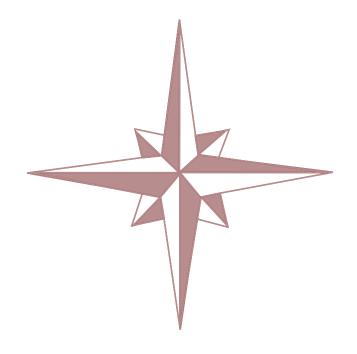
	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating cash receipts from customers	\$ 633,557,214	\$ 94,622,935	\$ 728,180,149
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	(245,758,482 (154,199,694	(2,621,260)	(265,469,659) (156,820,954)
Cash receipts for interfund services Cash payments for interfund services	7,645,591	- (7,656,289)	7,645,591 (7,656,289)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	241,244,629	64,634,209	305,878,838
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash provided to other governments Interest refunded from (paid to) vendors Federal, state and local grants in support of operations	(475 1,078,665	,	(1,227,946) (248) 1,574,490
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,078,186		346,296
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from issuance of bonds/notes	653,565,000	) –	653,565,000
Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper	47,500,000		48,050,000
Payments for refunding of bond notes and commercial paper	(501,025,000		(501,025,000)
Principal payments on bonds/notes	(135,395,000	)) –	(135,395,000)
Principal payments on commercial paper			-
Payments for capital expenditures and construction	(152,712,128	2) (6E0 610 022)	(803,322,150)
in progress Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(152,712,128		(805,522,150) 199,417
Payments of bond issuance costs	2,604,025		967,832
Interest paid on bonds and commercial paper	(238,009,844		(290,010,743)
Federal, state and local grants in aid of construction	55,629,035		290,279,979
Passenger facility charge receipts	79,292,688		79,292,688
Passenger facility charge expenses and interest	790		790
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(188,351,017	(469,046,170)	(657,397,187)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest received on investments	19,215,793	4,533,397	23,749,188
Proceeds from short-term investment maturities	328,289,678	239,307,837	567,597,515
Purchase of short-term investments	(348,934,233		(348,934,233)
Proceeds from long-term investment maturities	154,158,633		154,158,633
Purchase of long-term investments	(181,903,525		(181,903,525)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(29,173,656	<u>)</u> 243,841,234	214,667,578
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	24,798,142	(161,302,617)	(136,504,475)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of year	362,671,801	524,265,049	886,936,850
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of year	\$ 387,469,943	\$ 362,962,432	\$ 750,432,375

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority



### Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2011

	Aviation Enterprise	Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Total Business-Type Activities
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 85,207,659	\$ 59,453,553	\$ 144,661,212
Depreciation and amortization	211,365,393	3,926,601	215,291,994
Provision for losses on accounts receivable Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	- (8,930)	-	- (8,930)
(Increase) decrease in assets:	(8,550)		(0,550)
Accounts receivable	(28,669,407)	(36,603)	(28,706,010)
Inventory	119,131	(155,662)	(36,531)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,508,485	181,176	1,689,661
Note receivable	2,203,658	-	2,203,658
Net pension assets	(332,615)	-	(332,615)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(25,235,700)	368,254	(24,867,446)
Advance billings and payments received in advance	(3,952,865)	-	(3,952,865)
Due to (due from) other funds	(884,456)	884,456	-
Lease obligation	250	-	250
Long-term liabilities	(75,974)	12,434	(63,540)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 241,244,629	\$ 64,634,209	\$ 305,878,838
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$ 5,452,358	\$ 8,704,975	\$ 14,157,333
Buildings and improvements provided by tenants	\$ 5,180,000	\$ -	\$ 5,180,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ (5,379,570)	\$ 19,553,552	\$ 14,173,982
Fair value loss on swaps	\$ (96,249,918)	\$ -	\$ (96,249,918)



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# **Notes to Financial Statements**

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Reporting Entity

The Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority (the Airports Authority) is an independent interstate agency created by the Commonwealth of Virginia (the Commonwealth) and the District of Columbia with the consent of the United States Congress. The Commonwealth and the District of Columbia enacted essentially identical legislation creating the Airports Authority for the purpose of operating Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (Reagan National) and Washington Dulles International Airport (Dulles International) (collectively, the Airports).

Pursuant to an Agreement and Deed of Lease, effective June 7, 1987, the Airports were transferred by the U.S. Government to the Airports Authority for an initial term of 50 years. On June 17, 2003, the Agreement and Deed of Lease was extended 30 years to June 6, 2067.

On November 1, 2008, the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) transferred responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the Dulles Toll Road to the Airports Authority for an initial term of 50 years. In connection with the transfer, the Airports Authority is constructing the Dulles Corridor Metrorail Project (Dulles Metrorail Project) and is making other improvements in the Dulles Corridor consistent with VDOT and regional plans.

The Airports Authority is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) with members appointed by the Governors of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the State of Maryland, the Mayor of the District of Columbia, and the President of the United States. Only the accounts of the Airports Authority are included in the reporting entity. There are no U.S. or state government agency finances that should be considered for inclusion in the Airports Authority's financial reporting entity.

### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting & Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Airports Authority are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred.

As defined by the GASB, the Airports Authority reports the operations of the Airports and the Dulles Toll Road, Dulles Metrorail Project, and related improvements as two separate Business-Type Activities. Business-Type Activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Airports operate as a single Business-Type Activity and are reported in the Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund. The Dulles Toll Road, the Dulles Metrorail Project, and related improvements in the Dulles



Corridor operate as a single Business-Type Activity and are reported in the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. The effects of interfund activity between these two enterprise funds have been eliminated in the total columns of the financial statements.

Revenues from airlines, concessions, rental cars, parking and toll collections are reported as operating revenues. Financing and investing related transactions are reported as non-operating revenues. All expenses related to operating the Airports Authority are reported as operating expenses. Interest expense and financing costs are reported as non-operating expenses.

### C. Use of Estimates in the Preparation of the Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management, where necessary, to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the useful lives of capital assets, the fair value of derivative financial instruments, an allowance for doubtful accounts, other post-employment benefits obligations, and certain self-insured liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **D. Budgeting Requirements**

The Airports Authority's annual budgeting process is a financial planning tool used to establish the estimated revenues and expenditures for the Aviation Enterprise Fund and Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. The Airports Authority is not required to demonstrate statutory compliance with its annual operating budgets. Accordingly, budgetary data is not included in the basic financial statements.

# E. Net Position

Net position represents the residual interest of all other elements presented in the statement of financial position for the Aviation Enterprise Fund and the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund. Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components: *Net investment in capital assets*, which include capital assets funded from unrestricted and restricted sources, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt attributable to acquisition of the capital assets; *Restricted* when constraints are imposed by third parties or enabling legislation on assets or deferred outflows of resources, net of any liabilities and deferred inflows of resources which will be liquidated with the restricted assets; or *Unrestricted*, which include all remaining assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.



### F. Revenue Recognition

Revenues that result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations of the Airports Authority's enterprises are reported as operating revenues. Revenues are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The Airports Authority's operating revenues are presented in eight major categories as follows:

*Concessions* – Concession revenues are generated from public parking facilities and from commercial tenants who provide goods and services to the public or to other tenants of the airports. Commercial tenant operations include car rentals, food and beverage sales, retail and newsstand sales, display advertising, ground transportation, in-flight catering, fixed-based operations, and other provided services. Revenues earned by the Airports Authority for commercial tenant operations are based on negotiated agreements and are usually based on the greater of a minimum annual guarantee or a percentage of gross receipts. Parking fees are collected directly by the Airports Authority and are reported as revenues at their gross amount. Concession revenues are recognized when minimum guarantees are earned or as services are provided or goods are sold to the public or other tenants of the airport.

*Tolls* – Toll revenues represent revenues collected from vehicles using the Dulles Toll Road and include automated vehicle identification or electronic toll collections, cash collections and violation revenues. Violation revenues are net of related collection and administrative fees. Toll revenues are recognized in the period in which the toll road usage occurred.

*Rents* – Rental revenues are earned through leases of Airports Authority terminal and non-terminal property space. Leases with the airlines are based on full cost recovery plus debt service coverage, through rates and charges as described in Note 2 – Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease. Other leases are for terms of one or more years and include contractually established rental rates and provisions for annual rent adjustments. Rental revenues include common area maintenance charges as well as cost recovery for normal utility usage in most cases. Terminal and concourse rental rates at Dulles International include cost recovery and debt service coverage for the Automated People Mover system (the AeroTrain). Rental revenue is recognized over the life of the respective leases.

Landing Fees – Landing fees are generated principally from the airlines and are based on the landed weight of aircraft. The landing fee structure is determined annually based on full cost recovery of airside related charges pursuant to an agreement between the Airports Authority and the signatory airlines, as described in Note 2 – Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease. Landing fees are recognized as revenues based on the airlines' operating activities at the Airports.

*Utility Sales* – Utility revenues are generated from metered utility usage for terminal and non-terminal tenants whose utility usage is expected to exceed certain limits. Utility revenues are recognized based on the period of actual usage.



*Passenger Fees* – Passenger fee revenues are comprised of fees charged to airlines for use of U.S. Customs and Border Protection Federal Inspection facilities and for use of the mobile lounge passenger conveyance system at Dulles International. Passenger fee revenues also include security fees charged to the Transportation Security Administration. Passenger fee revenues are recognized when the facilities and systems are used or when the security services are provided.

*Customer Facility Charge* – On April 1, 1993, the Airports Authority began requiring the on-airport car rental companies at Reagan National to charge a Customer Facility Charge (CFC) to be used to pay, or to reimburse the Airports Authority, for costs, fees, and expenses associated with financing, maintaining, and operating the car rental companies' Quick Turn-Around Facility, 55 percent of the cost of the south parking structure, 55 percent of the costs of busing service used to transport public parking patrons, and other costs, fees and expenses that may be paid from CFC proceeds. The CFC is \$2.50 per rental day and is collected by the car rental companies from each of their customers and subsequently remitted to the Airports Authority. In accordance with the concessions contracts between the Airports Authority and the car rental companies, the CFC cannot be used for the Airport Authority's indirect costs. CFC revenues are included in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as concessions revenues and associated assets are included in the Statements of Net Position as unrestricted assets.

*Other Revenues* – The other revenues category includes employee parking fees, medical service fees, and other miscellaneous revenues. Other revenues are recognized during the period the services are provided.

# G. Allocations of Overhead and Other Indirect Costs and Project Costs

The majority of costs related to the Aviation Enterprise Fund and the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund are directly charged to the appropriate fund as a direct cost. Administrative functions, which represent overhead costs for the entire Airports Authority, as well as other indirect costs, such as Public Safety functions, are initially paid from the Aviation Enterprise Fund, but include costs which are appropriately allocable to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund as costs associated with the operation of the Dulles Toll Road or as project management and administration costs for the Dulles Metrorail Project. A cost allocation plan is used to identify and quantify all overhead and other indirect costs appropriately allocable to the Dulles Toll Road or to the Dulles Metrorail Project within the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund.

All allocated overhead and other indirect costs charged to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund are expensed, while the Aviation Enterprise Fund recognizes the allocated costs as a reduction of expenses. Costs allocated for 2012 and 2011 are recognized within *Operating Expenses* on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as follows:



	Year ended December 31,		
	2012		2011
Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other	\$ 2,308,629	\$	1,435,530
Salaries and related benefits	7,041,624	Ψ	6,590,584
Utilities	30,680		32,814
Depreciation and amortization	313,379		481,816
Total	\$ 9,694,312	\$	8,540,744

The Dulles Metrorail Project is being constructed in two phases (refer to Note 3 – Transfer of the Dulles Toll Road and Construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project). Project overhead costs are allocated between the two phases of the project based on a cost allocation plan and are recorded as construction in progress.

### H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, United States government and agency obligations, mutual funds, and repurchase agreements collateralized by United States government or agency obligations with an original maturity of three months or less, including restricted assets.

#### I. Investments

The Airports Authority's investment policy is determined by the Board of Directors. Permitted investments are set within the policy. Written investment objectives and procedures are developed by the staff in consultation with the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee meets quarterly to review the portfolio performance, confirm compliance to the policy, and formulate an investment plan for the next quarter.

Investments with an original maturity greater than one year are recorded at their fair value with all investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, reported as investment income in the financial statements. Investments with an original maturity of less than one year are carried at amortized cost. Fair value equals quoted market prices, if available. If a quoted market value is not available, fair value is estimated based upon quoted market prices for securities with similar characteristics.

Investments consist of certificates of deposit, commercial paper, United States government and agency obligations, guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase agreements collateralized by United States government or agency obligations, with an original maturity greater than three months.



### J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported at their gross value when earned. The Airports Authority's payment terms range from zero to 30 days (60 days for government agencies), depending on the type of service provided. An allowance for doubtful accounts pertains only to the Aviation Enterprise Fund and is based on management estimates of uncollectible revenue billings. As a customer's balance is deemed uncollectible, the receivable is offset against this allowance. Subsequent receipt of a receivable previously written off is applied to this allowance.

### K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory consists of supplies, maintenance parts, and bulk materials such as sand and salt, all of which are for use at the Airports and Dulles Toll Road. Inventories of materials and supplies are determined both by physical counts and through perpetual inventory systems. Inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average valuation method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

#### L. Restricted Assets

Assets restricted to specific purposes by legally enforceable requirements are segregated on the Statements of Net Position. Requirements include: externally imposed requirements by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors or contributors; laws or regulations of other governments; and constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Airports Authority's restricted assets are expendable. The Airports Authority's policy is to spend restricted assets before unrestricted assets are spent when both are available for the same purpose. Restricted assets necessary to meet current liability obligations are classified as current assets. Restricted assets that are restricted for disbursement in the acquisition or construction of non-current assets or that are segregated for the liquidation of long-term debts are classified as non-current assets.

Assets restricted for construction include the funds available for the design and construction of capital improvements for the Airports and the Dulles Toll Road as well as for construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project. Assets restricted for construction include cash, investments and receivables obtained from debt proceeds, grants and passenger facility charges. Assets restricted for debt service include the cash balances required to pay the semi-annual interest payments as well as the principal for the annual October bond payments. The restricted assets for debt service reserve include cash and investments totaling the maximum amount of required principal payments for the bonds scheduled to come due in one year. The debt service reserve accounts are revalued each year in October. Any amounts in excess of the debt service requirements are transferred to the applicable construction fund or taken into the operating fund of the Airports Authority if the



construction funds have been expended. If the debt service reserve is undervalued, the Airports Authority transfers funds into the accounts. Assets restricted for leases represents funds which have been restricted based on operating lease agreements. Assets restricted for Dulles Rail latent defects and for Dulles Toll Road repairs represent cash and investments which are held in accordance with contractual agreements for the construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project as well as the operation of the Dulles Toll Road (refer to Note 3 – Transfer of the Dulles Toll Road and Construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project). Assets restricted for the benefit of the Airports Authority's Public Safety department represent cash funds obtained through cooperative seizure activities with federal and state justice agencies (refer to Note 17 – Government Grants).

### **M. Capital Assets**

### Capital assets used in operations

Capital assets are stated at historical cost or, if acquired upon termination or expiration of tenant leases, fair market value at the date of transfer. Costs for capital assets under construction include direct and financing costs incurred. The Airports Authority does not capitalize overhead or other indirect costs of operations in construction programs; such costs are expensed as incurred.

Provision for depreciation has been calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The cost of internally developed software and other assets, if amortized, uses the straight-line method. The Airports Authority does identify certain intangible assets, such as permanent easements, as having indefinite lives.

Category	Useful Life	Threshold
Equipment	3-15 years	\$10,000
Motor vehicles	3-15 years	\$10,000
Intangible assets	3-15 years	\$10,000
Buildings	5-50 years	\$25,000
Systems and structures	5-50 years	\$25,000

The estimated useful lives and corresponding capitalization thresholds are as follows:

Maintenance, repairs, and minor improvements and replacements are expensed as incurred. Permanently impaired capital assets that will continue to be used by the Airports Authority are written down to their measured impaired value; assets that the Airports Authority has determined will no longer be used are written off completely. Pollution remediation obligations that do not qualify for capitalization are accrued as liabilities and expensed when a range of expected outlays is reasonably estimable or upon receipt of goods and services.



#### Capital assets under construction to be transferred to other governmental agencies

Costs for capital assets under construction, which upon completion will be transferred to other governmental agencies, are stated at historical cost and include direct costs, indirect costs, and financing costs. Indirect costs that are capitalized as project costs only include construction administration expenses directly attributable to these specific capital asset programs.

The Airports Authority is responsible for acquiring the rights-of-way and property interest, including easements, necessary for the construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project and other projects within the Dulles Corridor. However, the Airports Authority and VDOT are coordinating the acquisition of the property and determining where property interests will be acquired by VDOT in the name of the Commonwealth either through eminent domain or through some other procedure. At the discretion of VDOT, all property in VDOT's control that is needed for these projects will be made available to the Airports Authority in the form of a land use permit. At the completion of the projects, VDOT shall transfer certain properties acquired for construction and operation of the projects by deed, easement, or permit to the Airports Authority. Although VDOT may hold the legal title to these acquired property interests, the costs incurred to acquire these property interests are included in construction in process, as the Airports Authority has control of these property interests during the construction period.

Pollution remediation liabilities associated with the capital assets under construction to be transferred to other governmental agencies are capitalized as incurred, as these liabilities are incurred to prepare the capital asset for transfer to another governmental agency and the associated property was acquired with known or suspected pollution that was expected to be remediated.

Once construction is completed and the asset is accepted by the other government agency, the Airports Authority will account for the transfer in accordance with the relevant accounting requirements.

### N. Capitalization of Interest

Interest incurred during the period that relates to the construction or production of capital assets or to the construction of assets that are discrete projects and intended for donation to other entities is capitalized. For interest on tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred with interest earned on invested debt proceeds, from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project. This net capitalized interest is allocated to completed projects based on the completion date of each project funded with proceeds from that particular debt issue. For interest on taxable debt, the amount of interest rate of the debt to the average amount of the accumulated expenditures during the period.



### O. Long-Term Debt

Debt issuance costs represent expenses incurred in the process of issuing bonds, commercial paper notes and interest rate swaps and are amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective-interest method. Original issue discounts or premiums are also amortized using the effective-interest method over the life of the related debt. Interest on capital appreciation debt is accreted using the straight-line method. For debt refunded, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the refunded debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

### P. Federal, State & Local Grants

The Airports Authority receives federal, state, and local grants in support of specific operational programs, its Capital Construction Program (CCP) and the Dulles Metrorail Project. Grants are recognized as related expenditures are made and all eligibility requirements are met.

Grants recognized for services provided directly to a government entity are reported as operating revenues in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Grants obtained through operational activities that are not related to services provided to any governmental entity are reported as non-operating revenues. Grants for capital asset acquisition, facility development, and/or rehabilitation and long-term planning are reported as capital contributions. Capital contributions are reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position after non-operating revenues and expenses.

### Q. Passenger Facility Charges

In 1990, Congress approved the Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act, which authorized domestic airports to impose a Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) on enplaning passengers. PFCs may be used for airport projects that meet at least one of the following criteria: preserve or enhance safety, security, or capacity of the national air transportation system; reduce noise or mitigate noise impact resulting from an airport; or furnish opportunities for enhanced competition between or among carriers.

The Airports Authority has imposed PFCs since November 1993 at Reagan National and since January 1994 at Dulles International. PFCs are collected by the airlines and remitted on a monthly basis to the Airports Authority. The Airports Authority accounts for PFCs on an accrual basis, based on the month the charges were collected by the airlines. Due to their restricted use, PFCs are categorized as capital contributions.

### **R. Lease Obligations**

The Airports were transferred by the federal government to the Airports Authority under the terms of a lease (the Federal Lease) which transferred a leasehold interest in all of the Airports' then-existing real property, including access highways and related facilities, and transferred title to all equipment, materials, furnishings, and



other personal property appurtenant to or located on the Airports' property (other than particular property required for federal air traffic control responsibilities). Upon expiration of the Federal Lease, the Airports, including improvements, will be returned to the United States government. Since the transfer, the Airports Authority has acquired title to land and aviation easements adjacent to Dulles International for airport expansion. All land acquired after the transfer is not subject to the Federal Lease except that, pursuant to amendments to the Federal Lease, any after-acquired land in the Airports Authority's possession at the expiration of the Federal Lease will revert to the federal government.

The Airports Authority accounts for the Federal Lease as an operating lease. The Federal Lease provides for an annual base rental payable to the United States Treasury and is subject to annual adjustment for inflation and interest. The Airports Authority invests the monthly lease payments in repurchase agreements or in certificates of deposits and makes semi-annual payments, including interest, to the United States government. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for an operating lease, the property originally transferred under the Federal Lease does not appear on the Statements of Net Position.

The Dulles Toll Road is operated under a permit and operating agreement (the Permit) from VDOT. Under the terms of the Permit, the Airports Authority has the exclusive right to establish, charge, and collect tolls and other user fees for the use of the Dulles Toll Road until the expiration of the term, or earlier termination, of the Permit. Under the terms of the Permit, the revenues from the Dulles Toll Road are to pay for the operation and maintenance of the Dulles Toll Road, to pay the debt service associated with construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project and other Dulles Corridor improvements, and to fund reserves associated with maintaining and preserving the Dulles Toll Road. Any residual amounts are to be paid to VDOT within 180 days of the end of the fiscal year. Upon the expiration of the term, or earlier termination, of the Permit, all facilities of the Dulles Toll Road, including any improvements, will be returned to VDOT in its original or an enhanced condition.

Other than the residual amounts which may be owed by the Airports Authority to VDOT, the Permit does not require any significant consideration in exchange for the Airports Authority's access to operate and maintain the Dulles Toll Road. Only the improvements made by the Airports Authority to the Dulles Toll Road, along with related liabilities, appear on the Statements of Net Position.

The Airports Authority has entered into leases for office space used exclusively by Dulles Metrorail Project personnel with lease terms consistent with the construction period for the Dulles Metrorail Project. The expenditures under these operating leases are capitalized as construction in progress costs of the Dulles Metrorail Project.

# S. Post-employment Benefits

Post-employment pension benefits are accounted for under GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers* (GASB 27), as amended by GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures* (GASB 50). This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in



the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The Airports Authority discloses the information required by GASB 27 in Note 7 – Pension Plans and Deferred Compensation Plan.

Post-employment benefits other than pension benefits are accounted for under GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions* (GASB 45). This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) expense and related liabilities, assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The Airports Authority discloses the information required by GASB 45 in Note 8 – Post-employment Benefits.

### T. Compensated Absences

Airports Authority employees are granted paid vacation at rates of 13 to 30 days per year, depending on their length of employment. General employees may accumulate up to a maximum of 30 days. Firefighters who work a 56-hour week may accumulate up to a maximum of six weeks. Executive employees exceeding a specified pay scale are entitled to accumulate up to 60 days. At management's discretion, employees may be allowed to accumulate vacation balances in excess of these limitations. The accumulated vacation is accrued when incurred, as employees will be paid for accumulated vacation either during their future service to the Airports Authority or upon their termination of service. The calculation of the liability is based on compensation rates plus related employer-paid benefits in effect as of the end of the current fiscal year. The portion of this liability expected to be paid within the next year is reflected in accrued expenses while the amount expected to be paid out after one year is included in other non-current liabilities.

Airports Authority employees earn 13 days of sick leave per year. Unused sick leave for employees enrolled in the Airports Authority's retirement plan is counted at retirement as additional time worked for calculation of the pension benefit. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave, as the Airports Authority does not pay any amounts when employees separate from service.

### U. Advance Billings and Payments Received in Advance

Advance billings consist of certain charges for rents, landing fees, and passenger fees to be earned at both airports and certain non-airline rental income at Dulles International. The applicable advance billing charges for rents, landing fees, and passenger fees charged to airlines are determined by the calculation of settlement (refer to Note 2 - Airport Use and Lease Agreement and Premises Lease). Advance billings as a result of settlement are recognized on a straight-line basis over a term of one year. The applicable non-airline rental income represents lease rentals, received in advance, for certain ground leases entered into with developers. The applicable non-airline rental income is recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases when the term is less than one year. The applicable revenue for leases with developers with terms in excess of one year is recognized using the effective-interest method over the terms of the related agreements.



Payments received in advance represent remittances received from tenants in payment of future period rent obligations, in payment of future periods for annual parking permits or which exceed that tenant's total outstanding obligations to the Airports Authority.

### V. Self-Insurance

The Airports Authority provides employee group medical and dental insurance through a combination of selfinsured and insured arrangements. Under the self-insured plans, the Airports Authority assumes the financial risk for the payment of employee medical and pharmacy claim expenses incurred by participants. Under the fully insured plans, the Airports Authority pays a fixed premium for employee health care, prescription drugs, and dental insurance, and the insurance company assumes the risk for all claims expenses.

Risk management insurance is also provided through a combination of self-insured and insured arrangements (refer to Note 19 – Risk Management). The cost of claims reported and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported is charged to operating expenses. Liabilities for unpaid claims are accrued based on management's estimate using actual costs, historical experience, current trends, and quarterly actuarial reviews. Liabilities for unpaid claims expected to be paid out within the next year are included on the Statements of Net Position in accounts payable and accrued expenses, while liabilities for unpaid claims which are expected to be paid out in years subsequent to the next year are included in other long-term liabilities. The appropriateness of the self-insurance accrued liabilities is continually reviewed and updated by management.

### W. Taxes

The Airports Authority is exempt from the payment of federal and state income, property, and certain other taxes.

### X. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus* (GASB 61) modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity, amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances, and clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The requirements of GASB 61 are effective for fiscal year 2013 and thereafter. The requirements of GASB 61 would not currently impact the Airports Authority's financial statements, as the Airports Authority does not currently have component units or equity interests in legally separate organizations.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* (GASB 65) establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. It also limits the use of the term "deferred" in financial statement presentations. The requirements for GASB 65 are effective for fiscal



year 2013 and thereafter. Implementation of GASB 65 by the Airports Authority will result in the bond issuance costs being recognized as expense in the period incurred, except for prepaid insurance costs associated with the issuance of debt. As the Airports Authority has historically recognized bond issuance costs as assets and amortized these costs over the life of the associated debt, the Airports Authority will recognize a change in accounting principle upon the implementation of GASB 65 to write-off unamortized bond issuance costs, less any costs related to prepaid insurance costs, as the total amount of unamortized bond issuance costs as of December 31, 2012 was \$83.6 million. The amount as of December 31, 2012, of prepaid insurance costs, net of the prepaid insurance costs, will result in a reduction of unrestricted net assets.

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012* (GASB 66) improves accounting and financial reporting by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and ACIPA Pronouncements*. The requirements for GASB 66 are effective for fiscal year 2013 and thereafter. The requirements of GASB 66 would not currently impact the Airports Authority's financial statements as the amendments included in GASB 66 to previous GASB statements are not currently relevant to the financial statements of the Airports Authority.

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68) improves accounting and financial reporting for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. For defined benefit pensions such as the Airports Authority's plan, GASB 68 identifies the methods and assumptions that are to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. GASB 68 will replace the requirements of GASB 27 and GASB 50. The requirements for GASB 68 are effective for fiscal year 2015 and thereafter. The requirements of GASB 68 would require adjustment of the Airports Authority's net pension assets of \$3.5 million to equal the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to the past periods of employee service, net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

The Airports Authority will implement these statements as of their effective dates.

# 2. AIRPORT USE AGREEMENT AND PREMISES LEASE

In February 1990, the Airports Authority entered into a long-term Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease (Use and Lease Agreement) with the major airlines (Signatory Airlines) serving the Airports. The Use and Lease Agreement provides for the use and occupancy of facilities at the Airports and establishes the methodology for rates and charges, including landing fees and terminal rents, to be paid by the Signatory Airlines. The Use and Lease Agreement is for a term of 25 years and currently remains in effect until its expiration on September 30, 2014. The Airports Authority is currently negotiating airline agreement terms beyond September 2014.



The Use and Lease Agreement is a hybrid agreement, which includes elements of both compensatory and residual rate-making methodologies. The Use and Lease Agreement is compensatory to the extent that the costs are allocated to specified cost centers, and the users of those cost centers are responsible for paying the costs. Signatory Airlines agree to pay fees that allow the Airports Authority to recover the total cost requirement of the airline-supported cost centers, which include: airfield, terminal, equipment (e.g., loading bridges, baggage conveyors and devices), passenger conveyance, and the International Arrivals Building at Dulles. The Airports Authority is responsible for all non-airline cost centers, such as general aviation, ground transportation, and Dulles International cargo.

Rates and charges are established annually and are based on projected activity and costs. The Use and Lease Agreement provides for a mid-year adjustment to rates and charges. In addition, any time revenues fall five percent or more below projections, rates and charges may be adjusted to provide for full cost recovery plus debt service coverage.

The Use and Lease Agreement provides for an annual settlement whereby rates and charges are recalculated using audited financial data to determine any airline over- or under-payment for airline-supported cost centers. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the settlement resulted in net charges to the Signatory Airlines of \$13.8 million and \$18.0 million, respectively. Each year's net charge adjusts the amount of revenue recognized during that year, with either a corresponding receivable due from the Signatory Airlines (refer to Note 5 – Accounts Receivable) or advance billings.

The residual element of the Use and Lease Agreement provides for the sharing of Net Remaining Revenue (NRR) with the Signatory Airlines. Net Remaining Revenue is defined as revenue less all operating and maintenance expenses (excluding depreciation), debt service, deposits to specified reserves, and other requirements. The Signatory Airlines' share of NRR is used to lower airline rates and charges in the year following the year that the NRR is earned. Net Remaining Revenue is allocated between the Airports Authority and the Signatory Airlines in accordance with the Use and Lease Agreement.

The Airports Authority's share of NRR is reflected in the Airports Authority's Capital Program and is available for repair and rehabilitation projects or any other lawful purpose. The Signatory Airlines' share of NRR, called Transfers, is calculated as a 50 percent split of NRR between the Airports Authority and the Signatory Airlines until the agreed upon amount, or Plateau, as identified in the Use And Lease Agreement, is reached. Amounts above the Plateau are allocated 75 percent to the Signatory Airlines and 25 percent to the Airports Authority. Transfers are applied as a credit in the calculation of the ensuing year's rates and charges. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Signatory Airlines' Transfer amounts were \$61.9 million and \$61.6 million, and the Airports Authority's share of NRR was \$39.7 million and \$40.2 million, respectively.

The Use and Lease Agreement has residual rate-making features that are designed to ensure that the Airports Authority's debt service and related coverage obligations will be met. As such, for airline-supported cost centers, rates and charges are established to provide net revenues before the payment of debt service of at least 125 percent of debt service. For the purposes of calculating debt service coverage under the Master Indenture of



Trust, operating revenues and operating expenses are adjusted to exclude all non-aviation and non-operating and maintenance related cost centers and funds, as stipulated in the Use and Lease Agreement.

### 3. TRANSFER OF THE DULLES TOLL ROAD AND CONSTRUCTION OF THE DULLES METRORAIL PROJECT

### **Dulles Toll Road**

On November 1, 2008, the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) transferred operational and financial control of the Dulles Toll Road (Omer L. Hirst – Adelard L. Brault Expressway) to the Airports Authority for a term of 50 years, upon the terms and conditions set forth by the Master Transfer Agreement dated December 29, 2006, and the Permit and Operating Agreement dated December 29, 2006, each entered into by and between VDOT and the Airports Authority. Concurrent with this transfer of rights and responsibility, VDOT contributed to the Airports Authority approximately \$272.1 million of capital property, including \$254.8 million of construction in progress, for the Dulles Metrorail Project. The Airports Authority accounted for the transfer in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

In exchange for the rights to the revenues from operation of the Dulles Toll Road and certain other revenues described in the VDOT Agreements, the Airports Authority agreed to (i) operate and maintain the Dulles Toll Road, (ii) cause the design and construction of the extension of the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) Metrorail system from the West Falls Church station in Fairfax County, along the Dulles Corridor to Dulles International and beyond into Loudoun County (the Dulles Metrorail Project) and (iii) make other improvements in the Dulles Corridor consistent with VDOT and regional plans. The Dulles Corridor is defined as the transportation corridor with an eastern terminus of the East Falls Church Metrorail station at Interstate Route 66 and a western terminus of VA Route 772 in Loudoun County, VA.

The Airports Authority is solely responsible for setting toll rates and collecting tolls on the Dulles Toll Road, following its process for issuing regulations and in consultation with the Dulles Corridor Advisory Committee. The Dulles Corridor Advisory Committee is an eight-member committee, composed of two representatives for each of the Airports Authority, Fairfax County, Loudoun County, and the Commonwealth of Virginia, to provide the Airports Authority with advice on issues related to the management, improvement, and expansion of the Dulles Corridor, as well as changes to the toll rates on the Dulles Toll Road.

The Airports Authority may not use any net revenues pledged for payment of the Airport System Revenue Bonds or Notes to support the operation of the Dulles Toll Road or to pay debt service on Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds. Likewise, the Airports Authority may not use any revenues pledged for payment of the Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds or Notes to support the operation of the airports or to pay debt service on Airport System Revenue Bonds or Notes.



## **Dulles Metrorail Project**

The Airports Authority is funding and constructing the 23.1-mile Dulles Metrorail Project in two phases. Phase 1 of the Dulles Metrorail Project will extend 11.7 miles from near the West Falls Church station to Wiehle Avenue in Reston, VA. It includes five new stations and improvements to the existing WMATA Service and Inspection Yard at the West Falls Church station. Phase 2 of the Dulles Metrorail Project will extend the Metrorail system an additional 11.4 miles from Wiehle Avenue through Dulles International and west into Loudoun County, VA. Phase 2 of the Dulles Metrorail Project is expected to include six new stations and a maintenance yard located on Dulles International Airport property.

The Dulles Metrorail Project is being funded with a combination of toll road revenue bonds secured by a pledge of Dulles Toll Road revenues, federal grants, and contributions from local jurisdictions. In addition, approximately 4.1 percent of the Phase 2 costs are expected to be paid from Passenger Facility Charges of the Airports. The current Use and Lease Agreement, as more fully described in Note 2 – Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease, limits to \$10.0 million the amount of airport capital costs that can be incurred for construction of the Dulles Metrorail Project at Dulles International, unless otherwise agreed upon. As of December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority has approximately \$1.4 billion of Dulles Toll Road revenue bonds payable (refer to Note 14 – Capital Debt).

Upon completion of construction of each phase of the Dulles Metrorail Project and acceptance by WMATA into the Metrorail system, the Airports Authority will transfer, without financial retribution, ownership of the completed phase of the project to WMATA. At that point, WMATA will become the owner and operator of the completed phase and will be solely responsible for its operation and maintenance. None of the operating and maintenance expenses of the completed phase will constitute operating or maintenance expenses of the Airports Authority. Such expenses will be payable entirely from WMATA's operating and other revenues (including revenues derived from the operation of the Dulles Metrorail Project). The debt associated with construction of each phase of the Dulles Metrorail Project will remain with the Airports Authority and will not be transferred to WMATA.

Construction in progress amounts related to both phases of the Dulles Metrorail Project are disclosed in Note 9 – Changes in Capital Assets.



## 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### Deposits

The Airports Authority's investment policy, as approved by the Board, requires that deposits in excess of the federally insured amount be held at institutions with a Kroll Bond Rating Agency rating of B or above. In the event a financial institution's rating falls below this level, the deposits are to be reduced to the federally insured amount. The Airports Authority's practice is to sweep all demand deposits at the close of each business day into overnight repurchase agreements.

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Airports Authority had various certificates of deposit in the amount of \$6.2 million and \$6.3 million, respectively, that were not covered by insurance and were not collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions. These certificates of deposit were held at institutions with a Kroll Bond Rating Agency rating of B or above. These certificates of deposit were part of the Airports Authority's Linked Deposit Program, whereby a portion of the reserve funds were deposited with banks that have a Community Reinvestment Act rating of "outstanding".

The Airports Authority maintains multiple imprest cash funds in certain departments. These amounts are not covered by insurance and are not collateralized. These funds totaled \$177.7 thousand and \$200.3 thousand as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.



# Investments

The carrying value, weighted average maturity and credit quality of the Airports Authority's investment portfolio, by investment type, as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	Credit	Carrying	Weighted Average Maturity	% of
2012 Investments	Rating <sup>1</sup>	Value	(years)	Portfolio
	3		· · ·	
Treasury Fannie Mae	Aaa/AA+/AAA Aaa/NR/AAA	\$ 300,787,557 103,381,920	3.6 0.6	30.4% 10.4%
Freddie Mac	NR/NR/AAA	85,272,887	0.6	8.6%
Farmer Mac	NR	19,966,275	0.8	2.0%
Farm Credit	NR	20,902,159	0.3	2.1%
Home Loan	NR	84,277,113	0.5	8.5%
MBIA GIC <sup>2,3</sup>	NR/B-/NR	36,274,390	21.4	3.7%
FSA GIC <sup>2, 3</sup>	NR/NR/A+	67,075,427	22.8	6.8%
BOA FPA <sup>2,3</sup>	Baa2/A-/A	7,716,000	0.7	0.8%
City First Bank Repo <sup>2,3</sup>	B- (Kroll Bond Rating)	750,000	0.1	0.1%
Overnight Sweeps <sup>2, 3</sup>	A-1/P-1 to A-2/P-2	173,569,428	0.0	17.6%
Debt Service Reserve Repurchase Agreem	ents:			
BOA Repo <sup>2,3</sup>	Baa2/A-/A	16,333,690	10.7	1.7%
Morgan Stanley Repo <sup>2,3</sup>	Baa1/A-/A	72,406,627	23.4	7.3%
		\$ 988,713,473	5.5	100.0%

<sup>1</sup> The ratings in these tables are from Moody's/S&P/Fitch

<sup>2</sup> Underlying rating of the counterparties

<sup>3</sup> Collateralized by Federal Agency Notes

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			Weighted	
			Average	
	Credit	Carrying	Maturity	% of
2011 Investments	Rating <sup>1</sup>	Value	(years)	Portfolio
Treasury	Aaa/AA+/AAA	\$ 546,982,607	2.5	48.9%
Fannie Mae	Aaa/NR/AAA	35,431,903	0.9	3.1%
Freddie Mac	Aaa/NR/AAA	19,428,120	0.7	1.7%
Farmer Mac	NR	19,997,333	0.2	1.8%
Home Loan	Aaa /NR/NR	30,378,422	0.4	2.7%
Commercial Paper	P-1/A-1/F1	14,966,497	0.3	1.3%
MBIA GIC <sup>2,3</sup>	B2/B-/NR	36,274,390	22.4	3.2%
FSA GIC <sup>2,3</sup>	Aa3/AA-/NR	67,075,427	23.8	6.0%
BOA FPA <sup>2,3</sup>	Baa1/A-/A	7,716,000	) 1.7	0.7%
City First Bank Repo <sup>2, 3</sup>	C (Kroll Bond Rating)	750,000	0.1	0.1%
Overnight Sweeps <sup>2,3</sup>	A-1/P-1 to A-2/P-2	251,929,680	0.0	22.5%
Debt Service Reserve Repurchase Agreeme	ents:			
BOA Repo <sup>2,3</sup>	Baa1/A-/A	16,333,690	11.8	1.5%
Morgan Stanley Repo <sup>2,3</sup>	A2/A-/A	72,406,627	24.4	6.5%
		\$ 1,119,670,696	5 5.2	100.0%

<sup>1</sup> The ratings in these tables are from Moody's/S&P/Fitch

<sup>2</sup> Underlying rating of the counterparties

<sup>3</sup> Collateralized by Federal Agency Notes

# **Credit Risk**

Credit Risk is the risk that the Airports Authority will lose money due to the default of the issuer or investment counterparty of the security.

The primary objectives of the Airports Authority's investment policy are the safety of capital, the liquidity of the portfolio and the yield of investments. Bond proceeds may be invested in securities as permitted in the bond indentures; otherwise, assets of the Airports Authority may be invested in United States Treasury securities; short-term obligations of the United States Government agencies; short-term obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the State of Maryland, and the District of Columbia; certificates of deposit with banks that have a Kroll Rating Agency rating of "B" or better, or that are fully insured or collateralized; prime CP rated "A1" and "P1" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services (S&P) and Moody's Investors Service Inc. (Moody's), respectively; prime bankers' acceptance notes; repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consists of the foregoing; money market or mutual funds or other such securities or obligations that may be approved by the Finance Committee by modification of the Airports Authority's policy.



# **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Airports Authority would not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that were in the possession of an outside party. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured or not registered in the name of the Airports Authority and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Airports Authority's name.

The Airports Authority's investment policy requires that securities be insured or registered investments or securities held by the Airports Authority or its agent in the Airports Authority's name. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, all the Airports Authority's securities are held by the Airports Authority or its agent in the Airports Authority's name and are fully insured or registered investments.

Repurchase agreements and guaranteed investment contracts are required to be collateralized at 103.0% and require the collateral to be Authorized Investments as described in the Investment Policy and the Master Bond Indenture.

The Airports Authority's forward purchase agreement is collateralized at 100.0% with securities delivered monthly. The collateral is required to be an approved Airports Authority investment, as described in the Master Bond Indenture.

The fair value of the collateral for overnight repurchase agreements was \$178.7 million on December 31, 2012. The fair value of the collateral for the guaranteed investment contracts was \$111.8 million on December 31, 2012. The fair value of the collateral for the forward purchase agreements was \$7.7 million on December 31, 2012. The fair value of the collateral for the Debt Service Reserve repurchase agreements was \$98.4 million as of December 31, 2012. All the collateral for these contracts was held by the Airports Authority's agent in the Airports Authority's name.

### Interest Rate Risk

The Airports Authority's investment policy as approved by the Board is designed to maximize investment earnings, while protecting the security of the principal and providing adequate liquidity. The overriding policy for investment decisions is to have funds available as needed for construction and general operating expenses. The Airports Authority's Investment Committee meets quarterly and determines the investment horizon for each fund based on current construction or operating needs and the prevailing market conditions. Each investment transaction shall seek to ensure that capital losses are avoided, whether they are from securities defaults or erosion of market value. The Airports Authority mitigates interest rate risk by managing the weighted average maturity of each portfolio type to best meet liquidity needs.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Airports Authority, as previously described, is limited to investments allowed by the bond indentures and the authorized investment policy. However, the policy does not limit the aggregation of investments in any one type of security. There are providers of securities in which the Airports Authority has invested individually more than 5.0% of the total portfolio.

#### **Fair Value of Investments**

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Reporting For Certain Investments and For External Investments Pools* (GASB 31), investments with an original maturity greater than one year are recorded at their fair value and all investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, are reported as investment income in the financial statements. As permitted by GASB 31, investments with an original maturity of less than one year are carried at amortized cost. Fair values are determined through quoted market prices.

The tables below present the Airports Authority's investments in accordance with GASB 31:

	As of December 31, 2012		
		Carrying	
	Cost	Value	
Securities with original maturity 1 year and over	\$ 624,811,521	\$ 644,241,050	
Securities with original maturity less than 1 year	346,855,504	344,472,423	
	\$ 971,667,025	\$ 988,713,473	
	As of Decemb	ber 31, 2011	
		Carrying	
	Cost	Value	
Securities with original maturity 1 year and over	\$ 669,791,638	\$ 692,454,674	
Securities with original maturity less than 1 year	427,628,410	427,216,022	
	\$ 1,097,420,048	\$ 1,119,670,696	



Change in fair value from December 31, 2011 to December 31, 2012:

Fair value at December 31, 2012	\$ 988,713,473
Add: Proceeds of securities sold in 2012	806,719,623
Less: Cost of securities purchased in 2012	(680,342,885)
Less: Fair value at December 31, 2011	(1,119,670,696)
Change in fair value of securities	\$ (4,580,485)

Change in fair value from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2011:

Fair value at December 31, 2011	\$ 1,119,670,696
Add: Proceeds of securities sold in 2011	1,101,678,120
Less: Cost of securities purchased in 2011	(769,762,432)
Less: Fair value at December 31, 2010	(1,436,094,859)
Change in fair value of securities	\$ 15,491,525

# **Reconciliation to Comparative Statements of Net Position**

A reconciliation of deposits and investments to the comparative Statements of Net Position follows:

	As of December 31,		
	2012	2011	
Deposits	\$ 6,206,773	\$ 15,798,306	
Money market	692,294,330	494,256,751	
Securities	988,713,473	1,119,670,696	
	\$1,687,214,576	\$ 1,629,725,753	
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 189,992,116	\$ 152,198,752	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	350,126,992	360,379,962	
Investments	177,750,805	101,610,902	
Non-current assets			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	320,774,348	237,853,661	
Restricted investments	490,617,492	596,508,341	
Unrestricted investments	157,952,823	181,174,135	
	\$1,687,214,576	\$ 1,629,725,753	

## 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

As of December 31,		
2011		
\$ 36,988,325		
(290,998)		
36,697,327		
20,158,220		
2,807,804		
602,140		
1,879,267		
\$ 62,144,758		
\$158,314,181		
6,378,002		
352,358		
\$165,044,541		

<sup>1</sup> See Note 2 - Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease

<sup>2</sup> See Note 6 - Note Receivable

<sup>3</sup> See Note 17 - Government Grants

<sup>4</sup> See Note 18 - Passenger Facility Charges

During 2012, Pinnacle Airlines Corporation, which encompasses several airlines including Pinnacle Airlines, Mesaba Airlines and Colgan Airways, filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection with a pre-petition balance totaling \$891 thousand. The Airports Authority has filed proofs of claim for all pre-petition debts. Colgan Airways, with a pre-petition balance of \$768 thousand, rejected all of its leases at Dulles International Airport. While the Airports Authority is continuing to monitor this bankruptcy process, pre-petition debts owed by Pinnacles Airlines Corporation were written off in 2012.

During 2011, American Airlines, Inc. filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection with a pre-petition balance of \$605 thousand. This pre-petition balance was collected in full during 2012.

Accounts receivable judged to be uncollectible and written off totaled \$1.1 million and \$393 thousand in 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Airports Authority judges existing reserves sufficient to cover any potentially uncollectible receivables owed as of December 31, 2012.



# 6. NOTE RECEIVABLE

The Airports Authority has a note receivable from United Airlines (UAL). UAL agreed to reimburse the Airports Authority \$20.4 million in design fees incurred by the Airports Authority in connection with the development of a new concourse and related improvements, described and defined as the "Tier 2 Package." The terms of this note receivable specify that interest at the rate of 3.87 percent commence in March 2006; that UAL make annual payments of \$1.0 million in 2007, 2008, and 2009; and that UAL commence monthly payments in March 2008 of \$83,055, subject to annual escalations.

Amounts scheduled to be received on this note receivable are:

<u>Year ended December 31,</u>	
2013	\$ 3,506,478
2014	3,991,158
2015	4,924,264
2016	849,386
Total future payments	13,271,286
Less: interest to be earned	865,098
Less: current portion of note receivable	3,078,819
Non-current portion of note receivable	\$ 9,327,369

### 7. PENSION PLANS AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Airports Authority participates in two United States Government pension plans: the Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) and the Federal Employees' Retirement System (FERS). Each is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Employees hired before December 31, 1983 are members of the CSRS unless they elected to transfer to the FERS either before December 31, 1987 or during the special enrollment period from July 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998. Effective April 1, 1987, a Thrift Savings Plan was added whereby CSRS and FERS members can contribute a percentage of their salaries on a tax-deferred basis up to Internal Revenue Service elective deferral limits (\$17,000 in 2012).

In addition to the above described Plans, the Airports Authority maintains single-employer defined benefit pension plans that cover its regular employees and its police and fire (public safety) employees hired on or after June 7, 1987 and offers employees a deferred compensation plan and a money purchase pension plan.

Under the CSRS, employees contribute 7.0 percent of their base pay (7.5 percent for public safety employees) and the Airports Authority matches the employees' contributions. Retirement benefits are based on length of service and the average of the employee's three highest years of base pay. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 30 years of service; age 60 with 20 years of service; or age 62 with 5 years of service. Public safety employees can retire at age 50 with 20 years of service. Retirement annuities range from 7.5 percent to a maximum 80.0 percent of the average of the employee's three highest years of base pay depending on an



employee's length of service. As of December 31, 2012, there were 22 regular employees and 2 public safety employees enrolled in the CSRS.

Under the FERS, employees derive benefits from three different sources: a Basic Benefit Plan (BBP), Social Security, and a Thrift Savings Plan. Employee contributions to the BBP range from 0.8 percent of base pay for regular employees to 1.3 percent for public safety employees. The Airports Authority's contribution ranges from 10.7 percent of base pay for regular employees to 23.3 percent of base pay for public safety employees. Employees are eligible to retire when they have 10 years of service and have reached a minimum retirement age based on date of birth and ranging from 55 to 57 years of age. Retirement annuities range from 1.0 percent (less than 20 years of service) to 1.1 percent (20 or more years of service) of the average of the employee's three highest years of base pay for each year of service. Public safety employees can retire at age 50 with 20 years of service or at any age with 25 years of service. These employees receive retirement benefits equal to 1.7 percent of the average of the employee's three highest years of base pay for every year of service up to 20 years plus 1.0 percent of the same average three-year high for every year of service over 20 years. As of December 31, 2012, there were 34 regular employees and 16 public safety employees enrolled in the FERS.

The Airports Authority's base pay for employees covered by the CSRS and the FERS for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$6.9 million. Employee contributions to the federal pension plans for 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$221 thousand, \$253 thousand, and \$286 thousand, respectively. Employer contributions to the federal pension plans for 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$852 thousand, \$933 thousand, and \$963 thousand, respectively. These contributions represent 100 percent of required contributions for each of the respective years. The Airports Authority's total base pay for all employees, including employees covered by CSRS and FERS, was \$102.5 million and \$99.8 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Plan documents and audited plan financials for the CSRS and FERS plans may be obtained by written request to: U.S. Office of Personnel Management, Retirement Operations Center, P.O. Box 45, Boyers, PA, 16017.

### **Airports Authority Pension Plans**

Effective January 1, 1989, the Airports Authority established a retirement benefits program for employees hired on or after June 7, 1987. Employee coverage and service credit was retroactive to June 7, 1987. The program includes the Airports Authority's General Employee Retirement Plan (the "Regular Plan," covering regular employees) and the Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement Plan (the "Police and Firefighter Plan," covering public safety employees) with the exception of employees working less than 20 hours per week and other temporary employees. Collectively, these plans are referred to as "the Plans." Both are considered to be single-employer defined benefit plans. Any amendment to the Plans must be approved by the Airports Authority's Board of Directors. The Plans provide retirement and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. As of December 31, 2012, the number of employees participating in the Plans was:



Current Participants	Regular	Public Safety	Total
Vested	706	229	935
Non-vested	290	106	396
Retirees/disabled employees			
currently receiving benefits	234	29	263
Terminated vested participants	227	66	293
Total	1,457	430	1,887

Regular employees who retire at or after age 60 with five years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1.2 percent of final-average eligible compensation up to covered compensation and 1.6 percent of final-average base pay above covered compensation for each year of credited service (maximum of 30 years). Eligible compensation includes base pay and shift differential for wage grade employees. Regular employees with at least five years of service can receive benefits starting at age 55 with a 5.0 percent reduction in benefits for each year the participant is younger than age 60. Employees do not contribute to the Regular Plan.

Public safety employees who retire at age 55 with five years of service or at any age with 25 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit of 2.0 percent of final-average base pay for service up to 25 years and 1.0 percent of the final-average base pay for service between 25 and 30 years. Public safety employees with at least 25 years of service can receive benefits starting before age 50; however, the benefit is reduced by 5 percent for each year by which benefits begin prior to age 50. Public safety employees are required to contribute 1.5 percent of base pay per year of participation to the Police and Firefighter Plan. This contributed amount is accumulated with a 5.0 percent interest rate and is returned when a benefit is forfeited. The Airports Authority contributes the remaining amounts necessary to fund the Plans using the entry age normal actuarial method in addition to an amount necessary to amortize any unfunded liability.

For the Plans, the final-average base pay is the average of the employee's highest consecutive 36 months in the most recent 120 months, while covered compensation is the 35-year average of the Social Security Wage Bases ending with the year in which the participant attains Social Security normal retirement age. A participant's years of benefit service include the number of hours of accrued unused sick leave at a participant's termination. A pre-retirement surviving spouse benefit is payable in the event of death, equal to 50.0 percent of the benefit which would have been payable had the employee retired, provided the employee had at least five years of service. Retiree benefits are adjusted annually by the lesser of one-half of the Consumer Price Index or 4 percent.

### **Contributions Required and Made**

The Airports Authority's funding policy is to provide for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contributions are determined in accordance with the plan provisions and are approved by the Airports Authority's Board of Directors. Level percentages of payroll 80



employer contribution rates are determined using the entry age actuarial funding method. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized over a period of 30 years on an open basis.

The Airports Authority contributed 7.2 percent of the applicable base payroll to the Regular Plan and 14.0 percent of the applicable base payroll to the Police and Firefighter Plan in 2012. The Airports Authority's base payroll for employees covered by the Regular Plan was \$72.0 million and \$69.3 million for 2012 and 2011, respectively. The base payroll for employees covered by the Police and Firefighter Plan was \$23.6 million and \$22.9 million for 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Airports Authority contributed \$5.2 million and \$5.1 million to the Regular Plan and \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million to the Police and Firefighters Plan in 2012 and 2011, respectively. The following presents the required employer contributions from January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2012:

	General Employees Retirement Plan		Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement Plan	
Calendar	Annual Required	Percentage	Annual Required	Percentage
Year	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed
2006	\$3,233,610	93.9%	\$1,939,938	97.5%
2007	\$3,463,046	101.3%	\$2,050,272	100.0%
2008	\$4,117,347	100.0%	\$2,508,523	100.0%
2009	\$4,030,946	100.0%	\$2,534,647	104.8%
2010	\$4,977,049	100.0%	\$2,898,694	119.4%
2011	\$5,129,216	100.0%	\$3,017,012	111.4%
2012	\$5,184,570	100.0%	\$3,039,682	109.2%

The contribution rates for any given year for the Plans are calculated based on the actuarial valuation done for the year two years prior to the current year. That is, the contribution rates for the 2012 year were calculated using the actuarial valuation done for year ended December 31, 2010. For this reason, the Airports Authority's contribution rates will not see the activity in the current financial markets reflected in the rates for years 2012 or 2013. The contribution rate for the calendar year 2013 will incorporate changes that took place in the current market in 2012 and any corresponding economic assumptions.

# Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation (Asset)

The Airports Authority's net pension obligation (asset) for the Plans as of December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 and for the years then ended, which are based on the then latest actuarial valuations available, were as follows:



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	Year ended December 31,		
General Employees Retirement Plan	2012	2011	2010
Annual required contribution	\$ 5,184,570	\$ 5,129,216	\$ 4,977,049
Interest on net pension asset	(124,316)	(124,786)	(125,257)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	130,555	131,048	131,544
Annual pension cost	5,190,809	5,135,478	4,983,336
Contributions made	5,184,570	5,129,216	4,977,049
Change in net pension obligation (asset)	6,239	6,262	6,287
Net pension obligation (asset) beginning of year	(1,657,550)	(1,663,812)	(1,670,099)
Net pension obligation (asset) end of year	\$ (1,651,311)	\$ (1,657,550)	\$ (1,663,812)

	Year ended December 31,		
Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement Plan	2012	2011	2010
Annual required contribution	\$ 3,039,682	\$ 3,017,012	\$ 2,898,694
Interest on net pension asset	(115,540)	(90,124)	(48,122)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	121,338	94,646	50,537
Annual pension cost	3,045,480	3,021,534	2,901,109
Contributions made	3,320,829	3,360,411	3,461,127
Change in net pension obligation (asset)	(275,349)	(338,877)	(560,018)
Prior year adjustment	-	-	(122,644)
Net pension obligation (asset) beginning of year	(1,540,527)	(1,201,650)	(518,988)
Net pension obligation (asset) end of year	\$ (1,815,876)	\$ (1,540,527)	\$ (1,201,650)

The net pension asset is reported as a non-current unrestricted asset as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 in the Statement of Net Position.

The Airports Authority's annual pension costs, percent contributed, and net pension obligation (asset) were as follows:

# Three Year Trend Information

	Police Officers &					2	
	General Employees Retirement Plan				Firefighters Retirement Plan		
Year	Annual	Percentage	Net Pension		Annual	Percentage	Net Pension
Ended	Pension	of APC	Obligation		Pension	of APC	Obligation
December 31,	Cost (APC)	Contributed	(Asset)		Cost (APC)	Contributed	(Asset)
2010	\$ 4,983,336	99.9%	\$ (1,663,812)		\$ 2,901,109	119.3%	\$ (1,201,650)
2011	\$ 5,135,478	99.9%	\$ (1,657,550)		\$ 3,021,534	111.2%	\$ (1,540,527)
2012	\$ 5,190,809	99.9%	\$ (1,651,311)		\$ 3,045,480	109.0%	\$ (1,815,876)



## **Funding Status and Funding Progress**

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was determined from the then most recently available actuarial valuation of the Plans. Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the AAL were as follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age actuarial cost method
Amortization Method	30-year level
Assets Valuation Method	5-year smooth market
Actuarial Assumptions:	
a. Investment rate of return *	7.5%
b. Projected salary increases *	Variable rate 5.5% to 6.5%
*includes inflation at	3.0%
c. Cost of living adjustments	1.5%

The following presents the funding progress from January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2011:

# Schedule of Funding Progress - General Employees Retirement Plan

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage of
Valuation	Value	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	of Assets	- Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/2006	\$ 72,341,671	\$ 62,195,419	\$(10,146,252)	116.3%	\$ 52,985,414	(19.1%)
12/31/2007	\$ 82,372,511	\$ 68,958,757	\$ (13,413,754)	119.5%	\$ 54,751,207	(24.5%)
12/31/2008	\$ 86,617,649	\$ 80,356,911	\$ (6,260,738)	107.8%	\$ 63,672,545	(9.8%)
12/31/2009	\$ 92,271,170	\$ 87,564,793	\$ (4,706,377)	105.4%	\$ 69,012,906	(6.8%)
12/31/2010	\$100,170,793	\$ 94,407,358	\$ (5,763,435)	106.1%	\$ 69,900,547	(8.2%)
12/31/2011	\$105,761,262	\$ 103,975,917	\$ (1,785,345)	101.7%	\$ 73,704,863	(2.4%)

### Schedule of Funding Progress - Police Officers & Firefighters Retirement Plan

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage of
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
12/31/2006	\$ 35,464,226	\$ 34,134,852	\$ (1,329,374)	103.9%	\$ 17,799,707	(7.5%)
12/31/2007	\$ 41,245,955	\$ 39,293,637	\$ (1,952,318)	105.0%	\$ 18,799,993	(10.4%)
12/31/2008	\$ 44,590,069	\$ 45,128,509	\$ 538,440	98.8%	\$ 20,932,221	2.6%
12/31/2009	\$ 49,077,816	\$ 49,958,724	\$ 880,908	98.2%	\$ 21,870,479	4.0%
12/31/2010	\$ 55,342,783	\$ 55,874,563	\$ 531,780	99.0%	\$ 23,749,024	2.2%
12/31/2011	\$ 60,485,488	\$ 60,807,856	\$ 322,368	99.5%	\$ 24,408,371	1.3%



Expressing the actuarial value of assets available for benefits as a percentage of the AAL provides an indication of the Plans' funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the Plans are becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the retirement plan. Trends in assets in excess of AAL and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the AAL in excess of assets as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the lower this percentage, the stronger the retirement plan. The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, the size or composition of the population covered by the Plans, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the AAL as a factor.

All assets of the Airports Authority pension plans are held in trust at the Bank of New York Mellon. A copy of the audited financial statements, plan documents, and required supplementary information for the Plans may be obtained by written request to: Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, Attention: Benefits Department, 1 Aviation Circle, Washington, DC 20001-6000.

### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The Airports Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, effective as of July 2, 1989, is available to all full-time employees and permits the deferral of a portion of regular compensation until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The Airports Authority matches 100 percent of participant contributions up to the first 2 percent of regular compensation and matches an additional 50 percent of participant contributions between 2 percent and 4 percent of regular compensation. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The assets of the plan are held in custodial and annuity accounts for the exclusive benefit of plan participants, and accordingly, the related assets of the plan are not reflected on the Airports Authority's Statement of Net Position. The trust agent for the plan is the Vantage Trust Company. Investments are managed for participants by the International City/County Management Association Retirement Option(s) is made by each participant. Amounts contributed by participants to the deferred compensation plan, along with the Airports Authority's matching contribution, totaled \$11.6 million, \$11.4 million, and \$8.7 million in the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

#### **Money Purchase Pension Plan**

The Airports Authority established a Money Purchase Pension Plan (MPPP) in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401(a)(17) effective December 18, 2007. The MPPP is available to all full-time employees. Under the terms of the MPPP, the Airports Authority makes contributions on behalf of eligible employees. The amount of contributions depends on whether the employee's pension benefit under the Airports Authority's Regular Plan or the Police and Firefighter Plan is subject to compensation limitations imposed by section 401(a)(17). Eligible



employees may not defer a portion of their salary into the MPPP. The Airports Authority serves as trustee of the MPPP and has entered into an agreement with the ICMA-RC to act as an investment advisor to the MPPP and to provide record keeping services for the MPPP. The Airports Authority paid \$14 thousand, \$25 thousand, and \$50 thousand into the MPPP in the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

# 8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Airports Authority provides post-employment group healthcare, dental, and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Airports Authority Retired Employees Healthcare Plan (the Healthcare Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare, dental, and life insurance plan and is administered by the Airports Authority. The Healthcare Plan provides medical, dental, and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents (the Participants). As of December 31, 2012, 419 Participants were receiving health insurance benefits, and 436 Participants were receiving life insurance benefits under the Healthcare Plan.

The management of the Airports Authority can establish and amend benefit provisions of the Healthcare Plan. The Airports Authority created and began funding an Employee Welfare Benefits Trust (the Trust) in February 2005 in order to provide a funding mechanism for its other post employment benefit obligations.

There are no separate stand-alone financial reports for the Healthcare Plan. A copy of the plan documents may be obtained by written request to: Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, Attention: Benefits Manager, 1 Aviation Circle, Washington, DC 20001-6000.

### **Contributions Required and Made**

The contribution requirements of the Healthcare Plan's Participants and the Airports Authority for health and dental insurance are established and may be amended by the management of the Airports Authority. The contribution requirements are based upon projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements and funding for future benefits. The Airports Authority pays 80 percent of the health premium costs and 45 percent of the dental premiums costs, with the retirees paying the remaining premium costs. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Airports Authority's share of health and dental insurance premium costs totaled \$3.8 million and \$4.4 million, respectively. Plan participants contributed \$1.0 million and \$888 thousand of the total premiums for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The monthly contribution requirements for participants in the Healthcare Plan depend on several factors including provider choices, participant age, and type of benefit coverage.



# Monthly Contributions for Retirees Under 65 for 2012

		Retiree Plus	Retiree Plus	
Provider Choices	Retiree Only	Spouse	Child(ren)	Family
Aetna - HMO	\$ 110.00	\$ 230.00	\$ 209.00	\$ 328.00
Aetna - PPO	\$ 122.00	\$ 255.00	\$ 231.00	\$ 362.00
Kaiser Permanente HMO	\$ 100.00	\$ 209.00	\$ 190.00	\$ 299.00
MetLife Dental	\$ 14.00	\$ 29.00	\$ 33.00	\$ 54.00

# Monthly Contributions for Retirees Over 65 for 2012

		One > Age 65	Two Party	Family
Provider Choices	Retiree Only	One < Age 65	Medicare	Medicare
Aetna - HMO	\$ 97.00	\$ 219.00	\$ 192.00	\$ 348.00
Aetna - PPO	\$ 99.00	\$ 232.00	\$ 194.00	\$ 352.00
Kaiser HMO	\$ 52.00	\$ 151.00	\$ 103.00	\$ 203.00
MetLife Dental	\$ 14.00	\$ 29.00	\$ 33.00	\$ 54.00

The Airports Authority offers two life insurance options to its Participants. Under Option 1, the Airports Authority pays 100 percent of the Participant's basic and supplemental life insurance cost. Basic life insurance cost is reduced to 25 percent of the Participant's life insurance in force at the time of retirement. Supplemental life insurance is a multiple of the basic life insurance (1 to 5 times) that the Participant had selected prior to retirement. Supplemental life insurance is reduced at a rate of 2 percent each month so that at the end of 50 months, no supplemental life insurance coverage remains in force.

Option 2 is available to Participants who retire from the Airports Authority on or after May 1, 2007. Under Option 2, the Airports Authority pays 100 percent of the Participant's basic life insurance cost. Basic life insurance cost is reduced to 25 percent of the Participant's life insurance in force at the time of retirement. Participants pay 100 percent of the cost of supplemental life insurance. The amount of supplemental life insurance in force remains equal to the amount that the Participant had at the time of retirement but is reduced by 50 percent at age 70 and another 50 percent at age 75.

As of December 31, 2012, 57 out of 436 retired employees had supplemental coverage, and the cost of life insurance totaled \$254 thousand. As of December 31, 2011, 45 out of 399 retired employees had supplemental insurance coverage, and the cost of life insurance for retired employees totaled \$203 thousand.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation as well as the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan

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members to that point. The actual methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities (AAL), consistent with the long-term perspectives of the calculations. The actuarial value of future assets will be determined using fair market values.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future, including but not limited to future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits. Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the AAL are as follows:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2012
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age, normal
Amortization Method	30-year level dollar
Assets Valuation Method	5-year smooth market
Actuarial Assumptions:	
a. Investment rate of return	7.5%
b. Mortalilty Rates	Retirement Plans 2000 Healthy Mortality Table
c. Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	10.0% initially to ultimate rate of 5.0%
d. Payroll Growth Rate (*)	6.5% to an ultimate rate of 5.5%
e. *includes inflation at	3.0%

### **Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Costs and Obligations**

The annual non-pension post-employment benefit cost is actuarially determined as is the calculation of the annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC represents the actuarially determined level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover annual benefit costs and the 30-year open amortization of the difference between the AAL and amounts previously recognized. The following reflects the components of the 2012 annual OPEB costs, amounts paid, and changes to the net accrued OPEB obligation based on the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation:



Adjustment to annual required contribution

Annual OPEB cost

Contributions made

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	Year ended December 31,					
Medical/Dental	2012	2011	2010			
Annual required contribution	\$11,300,000	\$10,730,000	\$ 10,560,000			
Interest on net OPEB obligation (asset)	20,000	20,000	(100,000)			
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(30,000)	(30,000)	110,000			
Annual OPEB cost	11,290,000	10,720,000	10,570,000			
Contributions made	9,956,111	10,730,000	8,837,510			
Change in net OPEB obligation (asset)	1,333,889	(10,000)	1,732,490			
Net OPEB obligation (asset) beginning of year	319,499	329,499	(1,402,991)			
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 1,653,388	\$ 319,499	\$ 329,499			
	Year ended December 31,					
Life Insurance	2012	2011	2010			
Annual required contribution	\$ 956,900	\$ 842,100	\$ 823,800			
Interest on net OPEB obligation	5,700	5,700	4,800			

 Change in net OPEB obligation
 (14,928)
 (300)
 13,036

 Net OPEB obligation beginning of year
 76,123
 76,423
 63,387

 Net OPEB obligation end of year
 \$ 61,195
 \$ 76,123
 \$ 76,423

(6,000)

956,600

971,528

(6,000)

841,800

842,100

(5,000)

823,600

810,564

The net OPEB obligation liabilities are reported as non-current liabilities as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 in the Statement of Net Position.

The Airport Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the two preceding years, were as follows:

# Three-Year Trend Information - Medical Insurance

Year		Percentage of		
Ended	Annual OPEB	Annual OPEB	I	Net OPEB
December 31,	Cost	Cost Contributed	(	Obligation
2010	\$ 10,570,000	83.6%	\$	329,499
2011	\$ 10,720,000	100.1%	\$	319,499
2012	\$ 11,290,000	88.2%	\$	1,653,388



# Three-Year Trend Information - Life Insurance

Year		Percentage of		
Ended	Annual OPEB	Annual OPEB	Ne	et OPEB
December 31,	Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation	
2010	\$ 823,600	98.4%	\$	76,423
2011	\$ 841,800	100.0%	\$	76,123
2012	\$ 956,600	101.6%	\$	61,195

## **Funding Status and Funding Progress**

The Airports Authority began funding the Plan in 2005, and in addition to funding insurance costs for Participants, contributed \$6.1 million, \$6.1 million, and \$6.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively to the Trust for medical and dental insurance. The Airports Authority also contributed \$516 thousand, \$625 thousand, and \$645 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively, to the Trust for life insurance.

### Schedule of Funding Progress - Medical Insurance

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2006 1/1/2007 1/1/2008 1/1/2009 1/1/2010 1/1/2011 1/1/2012	<pre>\$ 6,500,000 \$ 13,090,000 \$ 19,450,000 \$ 25,190,000 \$ 31,420,000 \$ 38,960,000 \$ 47,710,000</pre>	\$ 76,080,000 \$ 81,930,000 \$ 85,170,000 \$ 103,980,000 \$ 116,870,000 \$ 130,230,000 \$ 122,470,000	<ul> <li>\$ 69,580,000</li> <li>\$ 68,840,000</li> <li>\$ 65,720,000</li> <li>\$ 78,790,000</li> <li>\$ 85,450,000</li> <li>\$ 91,270,000</li> <li>\$ 74,760,000</li> </ul>	8.5% 16.0% 22.8% 24.2% 26.9% 29.9% 39.0%	\$ 64,100,000 \$ 69,770,000 \$ 68,620,000 \$ 73,960,000 \$ 78,170,000 \$ 92,170,000 \$ 95,490,000	108.5% 98.7% 95.8% 106.5% 109.3% 99.0% 78.3%



# Schedule of Funding Progress - Life Insurance

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2006 1/1/2007 1/1/2008 1/1/2009 1/1/2010 1/1/2011	<ul> <li>\$ 554,100</li> <li>\$ 1,152,000</li> <li>\$ 1,711,700</li> <li>\$ 2,217,400</li> <li>\$ 2,765,800</li> <li>\$ 3,608,900</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$ 5,941,900</li> <li>\$ 6,722,000</li> <li>\$ 6,822,000</li> <li>\$ 7,578,300</li> <li>\$ 8,161,500</li> <li>\$ 9,777,600</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$ 5,387,800</li> <li>\$ 5,570,000</li> <li>\$ 5,110,300</li> <li>\$ 5,360,900</li> <li>\$ 5,395,700</li> <li>\$ 6,168,700</li> </ul>	9.3% 17.1% 25.1% 29.3% 33.9% 36.9%	<ul> <li>\$ 64,148,900</li> <li>\$ 69,770,800</li> <li>\$ 68,616,300</li> <li>\$ 73,961,700</li> <li>\$ 78,171,500</li> <li>\$ 92,169,900</li> </ul>	8.4% 8.0% 7.4% 7.2% 6.9% 6.7%
1/1/2012	\$ 4,324,200	\$ 11,035,700	\$ 6,711,500	39.2%	\$ 95,487,300	7.0%

## 9. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

	Balance as of January 1, 2012	Transfers and Additions	Transfers and Retirements	Balance as of December 31, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and other non-depreciable assets	\$ 182,730,618	\$ 29,920	\$ (75,438)	\$ 182,685,100
Construction in progress	373,667,270	172,235,462	(252,104,974)	293,797,758
Construction in progress - Dulles Metrorail Project - Phase 1	1,989,676,569	659,233,857	-	2,648,910,426
Construction in progress - Dulles Metrorail Project - Phase 2	75,906,162	21,092,665	-	96,998,827
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,621,980,619	852,591,904	(252,180,412)	3,222,392,111
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	2,467,538,599	11,187,764	(74,169)	2,478,652,194
Systems and structures	4,034,227,624	157,902,960	(291,379)	4,191,839,205
Equipment	103,801,506	14,675,202	(1,994,394)	116,482,314
Motor vehicles	58,074,889	12,925,662	(1,647,662)	69,352,889
Total other capital assets	6,663,642,618	196,691,588	(4,007,604)	6,856,326,602
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	827,935,553	72,567,693	(2,059)	900,501,187
Systems and structures	1,138,040,186	153,300,159	(18,320)	1,291,322,025
Cumulative balance for change in depreciation	(19,885,568)	19,885,568	-	-
Equipment	94,547,885	5,091,143	(2,237,790)	97,401,238
Motor vehicles	42,482,711	4,505,082	(1,972,993)	45,014,800
Total accumulated depreciation	2,083,120,767	255,349,645	(4,231,162)	2,334,239,250
Totals	\$ 7,202,502,470	\$ 793,933,847	\$ (251,956,854)	\$ 7,744,479,463

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	Balance as of January 1, 2011	Transfers and Additions	Transfers and Retirements	Balance as of December 31, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and other non-depreciable assets	\$ 156,407,176	\$ 56,476,729	\$ (30,153,287)	\$ 182,730,618
Construction in progress	316,349,408	216,426,643	(159,108,781)	373,667,270
Construction in progress - Dulles Metrorail Project - Phase 1	1,340,698,372	648,978,197	-	1,989,676,569
Construction in progress - Dulles Metrorail Project - Phase 2	28,531,980	47,374,182	-	75,906,162
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,841,986,936	969,255,751	(189,262,068)	2,621,980,619
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	3,493,305,467	168,303,711	(1,194,070,579)	2,467,538,599
Systems and structures	2,885,380,436	3,982,282,699	(2,833,435,511)	4,034,227,624
Equipment	68,543,192	37,989,254	(2,730,940)	103,801,506
Motor vehicles	91,142,550	3,198,611	(36,266,272)	58,074,889
Total other capital assets	6,538,371,645	4,191,774,275	(4,066,503,302)	6,663,642,618
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	862,032,015	(34,096,462)	-	827,935,553
Systems and structures	883,152,052	254,888,134	-	1,138,040,186
Cumulative balance for change in depreciation	-	(19,453,903)	(431,665)	(19,885,568)
Equipment	52,679,743	42,649,873	(781,731)	94,547,885
Motor vehicles	80,510,808	(36,918,486)	(1,109,611)	42,482,711
Total accumulated depreciation	1,878,374,618	207,069,156	(2,323,007)	\$ 2,083,120,767
Totals	\$ 6,501,983,963	\$ 4,953,960,870	\$ (4,253,442,363)	\$ 7,202,502,470

Depreciation expense was incurred by the Business-Type Activities of the Airports Authority during the fiscal years as follows:

	2012	2011
Aviation Enterprise Fund	\$ 252,476,186	\$ 206,852,851
Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund	1,505,721	216,305
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 253,981,907	\$ 207,069,156

The Airports Authority completed various capital asset construction and development projects during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. Within the Aviation Enterprise Fund, at Reagan National, projects completed in 2012 included additional functionality for the public safety communications center, upgrades to security systems, and improvements to runways and taxiways. Projects completed in 2011 at Reagan National included an overlay of runway 1/19. At Dulles International, projects completed in 2012 included the first phase of building changes for in-line baggage screening, and improvements to runways and taxiways. Projects completed in 2011 at Dulles International included the rehabilitation of concourse C/D and the third phase of the expansion of the International Arrivals Building. In 2011, an Enterprise Resource Planning system was implemented authority-wide within the Aviation Enterprise Fund.



As of December 31, 2012, ongoing projects at Reagan National included a building rehabilitation for Terminal A and runway safety improvements. Ongoing projects for Dulles International included a cargo building rehabilitation, additional conveyor and second phase building changes for in-line baggage screening, and runway safety improvements. As of December 31, 2012, the Aviation Enterprise Fund's commitments with contractors for capital asset construction and development projects were \$514.0 million.

Within the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund, an interchange ramp directly connecting the Dulles International Access Highway with Interstate 495 and other Dulles Corridor mobility and capacity improvements were completed in 2012. VDOT contributed \$4.1 million to the cost of this interchange ramp. As of December 31, 2012, ongoing projects included Phases 1 and 2 of the Dulles Metrorail Project, and other Dulles Corridor mobility and capacity improvements. As of December 31, 2012, the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's commitments with contractors for capital asset construction and development projects were \$595.8 million.

Services for the above commitment amounts had not been provided as of December 31, 2012, and accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. Construction projects are financed by revenue bonds secured by aviation and toll road revenues, commercial paper, passenger facility charges, and grants.

In 2012, the Airports Authority recognized expense for design costs incurred on the Tier 2 Concourse and related facilities at Dulles International and the in-line baggage screening improvements project at Reagan National. An analysis and forecast of future projects was performed, and the determination was made that the Tier 2 projects would not proceed in the near future and that costs incurred to date had no future value. If the Airports Authority were to proceed with the Tier 2 projects at a later date, the Tier 2 Concourse and related facilities would be substantially different from designs and plans developed to date. At National Airport, the in-line baggage screening improvements project was a joint project with the Transportation Security Administration (TSA), which was cancelled during 2012. Consistent with the requirements of GASB 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, in 2012, the Airports Authority recorded \$40.2 million in impairment losses relating to these projects. These impairment losses are included in the Transfers and Retirements line in the above table.

During the implementation of the Enterprise Resource Planning system in 2011, a \$19.9 million adjustment was recorded to the 2011 financial statements which reduced accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense. In 2012, it was determined that this adjustment was incorrect, and an entry to correct accumulated depreciation was recorded in the 2012 financial statements. This entry increased depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in 2012 by \$19.9 million. Management concluded that the amount was not material to the prior period or current period financial statements.

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Interest included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

	2012	2011
Interest costs incurred	\$ 327,899,793	\$ 299,712,117
Less: interest costs capitalized	98,428,270	59,700,353
Interest costs expensed	\$ 229,471,523	\$ 240,011,764
	2012	2011
Interest income earned	\$ 19,258,038	\$ 22,286,504
Less: interest income capitalized	2,253,740	2,068,292
Interest income recognized	\$ 17,004,298	\$ 20,218,212

### **10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

A detail of accounts payable and accrued expenses as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 follows:

	As of December 31,			
	2012 201			
Trade accounts payable and accruals	\$ 160,554,471	\$ 173,407,527		
Accrued compensation and benefits	13,860,328	12,253,985		
Current portion of claims	2,642,981	2,619,306		
Security deposits	1,213,210	1,239,180		
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 178,270,990	\$ 189,519,998		

### **11. LEASE COMMITMENTS**

#### **Property Held for Lease**

The Airports Authority has entered into various operating leases with tenants for the use of space at the Airports Authority's facilities, including buildings, terminals, and airfield areas.

Leases with minimum annual guarantee provisions provide for minimum lease amounts as well as contingent fees based on the tenants' volume of business at the Airports. These leases have various lease terms, may include provisions for annual increases in the minimum annual guarantee amounts, and may be reviewed periodically to ensure compliance with payments of the contingent fees and other terms of the leases. Most concession leases at the Airports have minimum annual guarantee provisions.



The Use and Lease Agreement (refer to Note 2 – Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease) provides for terminal and other facility and space rentals by the airlines at the Airports. Airlines that have signed the Use and Lease Agreement are responsible for full cost recovery plus debt service coverage for these facilities until the termination date of the Use and Lease Agreement. The Use and Lease Agreement is scheduled to terminate on September 30, 2014, subject to annual cancellation rights at the option of the Airports Authority. For purposes of calculating future minimum rents under the terms of the Use and Lease Agreement, estimates of future costs and debt service coverage have been used.

The Airports Authority has also entered into various fixed rate lease agreements with tenants for facilities and space at the Airports. These leases have various lease terms and usually include provisions for annual rent increases.

Minimum future rentals scheduled to be received on operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable terms in excess of one year, as calculated in 2012 dollars, are:

Year ending	Mir	Minimum Annual		n Annual Airline Terminal		
December 31,	Gua	Guaranteed Leases		Leases	Leases	Total
2013	\$	66,618,623	\$	281,497,000	\$ 21,547,494	\$ 369,663,117
2014		55,604,193		215,550,000	11,905,160	283,059,353
2015		48,105,816		-	11,991,329	60,097,145
2016		30,942,036		-	2,677,253	33,619,289
2017		24,756,506		-	1,559,549	26,316,055
2018 and thereafter		88,036,682		-	37,388,903	125,425,585
Total minimum future rentals	\$	314,063,856	\$	497,047,000	\$ 87,069,688	\$ 898,180,544

The above amounts do not include contingent rentals and fees in excess of minimums, which amounted to \$30.7 million and \$30.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Total income from leases, including minimum annual guarantees and contingent rentals and fees, totaled \$414.5 million and \$389.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

# **Property Leased from Others**

The Airports Authority has an 80 year lease (the Federal Lease), with negotiable extensions, with the United States Government for the Airports. This lease is due to expire on June 6, 2067. The lease requires an annual inflation-adjusted base amount and interest earned on funds reserved monthly in a lease payment reserve account to be paid on a semi-annual basis. The Airports Authority invests the monthly lease payments per the Airports Authority's Investment Policy.

The Airports Authority has entered into a non-cancellable office space leases in Vienna, Virginia. This office lease, as amended, is for 26,094 rentable square feet and 16,427 rentable square feet, with expiration dates of July 31, 2013 and February 28, 2014, respectively.



Minimum future rentals scheduled to be paid on the operating leases in effect on December 31, 2012, as calculated in 2012 dollars, are:

Year ending	Federal		Federal		0	ffice Space		
December 31,		Lease		Lease		Total		
2013	\$	5,303,836	\$	948,333	\$	6,252,169		
2014		5,303,836		75,605		5,379,441		
2015		5,303,836		-		5,303,836		
2016		5,303,836		-		5,303,836		
2017		5,303,836		-		5,303,836		
2018 and thereafter		265,191,804		-	_	265,191,804		
Total minimum future rentals	\$	291,710,984	\$	1,023,938	\$	292,734,922		

Total rental expense paid to the United States Government for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$5.3 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. The 2012 and 2011 capitalized expenditures related to the office space lease totaled \$1.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

# **12. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM NON-DEBT LIABILITIES**

Activity for long-term liabilities, other than for capital debt, for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

	Activity	during year end	As of Decem	ber 31, 2012		
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	Due After
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 8,331,893	\$ 8,855,584	\$ 8,350,880	\$ 8,836,597	\$ 7,477,857	\$ 1,358,740
Claims <sup>1</sup>	5,075,237	1,956,312	1,937,989	5,093,560	2,642,981	2,450,579
Lease obligations	216,373	-	96,612	119,761	111,910	7,851
Construction retainage	15,540,221	405,322	-	15,945,543	-	15,945,543
Net OPEB obligation <sup>2</sup>	395,622	1,318,961	-	1,714,583	-	1,714,583
Payments received in						
advance	787,080	_		787,080	-	787,080
	\$ 30,346,426	\$ 12,536,179	\$ 10,385,481	\$ 32,497,124	\$ 10,232,748	\$ 22,264,376



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	Activity	during year end	As of Decem	ber 31, 2011		
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	Due After
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 8,185,530	\$ 9,662,946	\$ 9,516,583	\$ 8,331,893	\$ 7,085,513	\$ 1,246,380
Claims <sup>1</sup>	5,282,245	1,879,178	2,086,186	5,075,237	2,619,306	2,455,931
Lease obligations	314,200	-	97,827	216,373	131,087	85,286
Construction retainage	15,124,144	416,077	-	15,540,221	-	15,540,221
Net OPEB obligation <sup>2</sup>	405,922	-	10,300	395,622	-	395,622
Payments received in						
advance	787,080	-	-	787,080	-	787,080
	\$ 30,099,121	\$ 11,958,201	\$ 11,710,896	\$ 30,346,426	\$ 9,835,906	\$ 20,510,520

<sup>1</sup> See Note 19 - Risk Management

<sup>2</sup> See Note 8 - Post-Employment Benefits

### **13. DERIVATIVES**

In 2001, the Airports Authority began a risk management program to assist in managing the interest cost on outstanding and future debt. The Airports Authority has entered into a number of interest rate swap agreements (collectively, the Swap Agreements) to hedge against potential future increases in interest rates. All of the Airports Authority's Swap Agreements were entered into in connection with the planned issuance of variable rate debt and represent floating-to-fixed rate agreements. The agreements were written on a forward-starting basis to either hedge future new money Bonds or to synthetically advance refund Bonds that could not be advance refunded on a conventional basis because of their tax status.

Based on the Swap Agreements, the Airports Authority owes interest calculated at a notional amount multiplied by a fixed rate to the counterparties. In return, the counterparties owe the Airports Authority interest, based on the notional amount multiplied by a variable rate equal to 72 percent of the 1-month London International Bank Offered Rate (LIBOR). The variable rate received from the counterparties is intended to closely correlate to the interest rate the Airports Authority pays on the underlying variable rate debt. Only the net difference in interest payments is actually exchanged with the counterparties, while the Airports Authority continues to pay interest to the bondholders at the variable rate provided by the bonds associated with the swap. During the term of the Swap Agreement, the Airports Authority pays or receives the difference between the fixed rate on the Swaps and 72 percent of the 1-month LIBOR.



#### The chart below provides summary information with respect to the Airports Authority's Swap Agreements:

Trade Date	Effective Date	Counterparty	Ratings <sup>1</sup>	Nc	Original otional Amount	Outstanding tional Amount	Hedged Series	Termination Value <sup>2</sup>	Fixed Rate	_
07/31/01 06/15/06 06/15/06 06/15/06	08/29/02 10/01/09 10/01/09 10/01/10	Bank of America, N.A. J.P. Morgan Chase Bank Bank of America, N.A. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	A3/A/A Aa3/A+/A+ A3/A/A Aa3/AA-/AA-	\$	80,590,000 190,000,000 110,000,000 170,000,000	\$ 47,570,000 180,778,667 104,661,334 164,658,600	2011A-2 2011A-3 2009D/2010C-2 2010D	\$ (8,663,435) (59,270,802) (34,238,956) (56,402,685)	4.445% 4.099% 4.099% 4.112%	6
05/13/05	10/01/11	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	Aa3/AA-/AA- Total	\$	125,000,000	\$ 125,000,000	2011A-1	\$ (35,344,564) (193,920,442)	3.862%	6

<sup>1</sup> Long-term ratings of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch, respectively, as of December 31, 2012.

<sup>2</sup> Amounts as of December 31, 2012; A negative value represents a payment by the Airports Authority to the counterparty if the swap is terminated in the current market; a positive value represents a receipt by the Airports Authority if the swap is unwound in the current market.

As shown in the table above, the Airports Authority had five live Swap Agreements associated with various series of variable rate debt (hedging derivative instruments) as of December 31, 2012.

#### GASB 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments

Beginning in 2008, the Airports Authority implemented GASB 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments (GASB 53). According to GASB 53, all of the Aviation Enterprise's forward-starting swap transactions and those swap transactions associated with issued debt were determined to be ineffective in 2008 and are recognized at fair value on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. GASB 53 requires that if a derivative instrument is found to be ineffective in the first reporting period, evaluation of effectiveness in subsequent reporting periods should not be performed. Therefore, since all of the Airports Authority's derivatives were found to be ineffective at the end of December 31, 2008, hedge accounting ceased permanently, and the changes in the value of the instruments are reported in the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as a fair value gain or (loss).

#### **Derivative Fair Value Summary**

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, all of the Airports Authority's interest rate swaps were recognized on the Statements of Net Position as liabilities at fair value. The fair value of the Swaps on December 31, 2012 and 2011 was a loss of \$193.9 million and \$200.4 million, respectively. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. The change in fair value of swaps for 2012 was a gain of \$6.4 million. This gain is net of a \$72,500 settlement payment made to Lehman Brothers related to the 2008 termination of the 2006 swap with Lehman Brothers. The change in fair value of swaps for 2011 was a loss of \$96.2 million. Changes in the fair value of the Airports Authority's Swaps are recorded as fair value gains or losses on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, net interest payments to the counterparties are recorded in the financial statements.



Effective	e	Outstanding		Fair Value as of	Fair Value as of	Change in
Date	Counterparty	Notional	Maturity	12/31/2012	12/31/2011	Fair Value
2002	Bank of America, N.A.	\$ 47,570,000	2021	\$ (8,663,435)	\$ (9,395,591)	\$ 732,156
2009	J.P. Morgan Chase Bank	180,778,667	2039	(59,270,803)	(61,679,555)	2,408,752
2009	Bank of America, N.A.	104,661,334	2039	(34,238,956)	(35,631,785)	1,392,829
2010	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	164,658,600	2040	(56,402,685)	(57,733,964)	1,331,279
2011	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	125,000,000	2039	(35,344,564)	(35,974,508)	629,944
	Total	\$ 622,668,601		\$ (193,920,443)	\$ (200,415,403)	\$ 6,494,960

### The fair value of the Airports Authority's Swaps as of December 31, 2012, and 2011 was as follows:

# Risks

*Credit Risk* – The Airports Authority is exposed to the creditworthiness of the swap counterparties. To manage this risk, the Airports Authority will only enter into Swap Agreements with counterparties having a rating of at least 'A.'

The Airports Authority's Swap Agreements do not require the Airports Authority to post collateral for any reason. The counterparties to the Swaps are required to post collateral if their credit ratings fall below Aa3/AA-but only if the fair values of the Swaps are positive, or in the Airports Authority's favor. As of December 31, 2012, all outstanding swap fair values were negative, or in the counterparty's favor, so no collateral has been posted.

The Airports Authority does not enter into any master netting agreements.

*Interest Rate Risk* – The Airports Authority is exposed to interest rate risk on its Swaps. On its pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps, as LIBOR decreases, the Airports Authority's net payment on the swap increases.

*Basis Risk* – The Airports Authority may be exposed to basis risk when the payments received from a counterparty are not sufficient to completely offset the debt service payments on the underlying variable rate bonds. As of December 31, 2012, the weighted average interest rate on the Airports Authority's hedged variable-rate debt was 0.77 percent, and 72 percent of LIBOR was 0.15 percent.

*Termination Risk* – The Airports Authority or its counterparties may terminate a swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. In the event that the swap is terminated prior to maturity, the Airports Authority may owe a make-whole termination payment to a counterparty or receive a termination payment from a counterparty that could be substantial.

*Tax Risk* – The Airports Authority is exposed to the risk that future tax law changes or trading relationships lead to an increase in the ratio of tax-exempt to taxable yields.

## **14. CAPITAL DEBT**

The Airports Authority issues taxable and tax-exempt debt. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has set up rules for the investment of bond proceeds of tax-exempt debt limiting the interest arbitrage that can be earned. All of the Airports Authority's tax-exempt debt follows the IRS rules for calculation and rebate of arbitrage. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Airports Authority had liabilities of \$0 and \$72 thousand, respectively.

### **Recent Bond Issues**

In June 2012, the Airports Authority Aviation Enterprise Fund issued \$311.8 million of *Series 2012A-B Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds*. The combined refunding generated \$40.6 million of net present value savings, or 11.1 percent of the refunded par amount. Total debt service savings through 2032 (the term of the Bonds) totals over \$77.0 million. The 2012A-B bonds at a total debt service of \$520.4 million refunded bonds with a debt service of \$607.9 million. Debt service savings in years 2013-2015 are approximately \$11 million annually and \$8 million in 2016.

The Series 2012A Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds' par amount was \$291.0 million. The proceeds were used to refund Series 2001A, Series 2002A and Series 2002D Bonds, fund applicable debt service reserve funds, and pay the cost of issuing the bonds. On June 5, 2012, \$67.8 million of Series 2001A Bonds maturing in 2031, \$186.8 million of Series 2002A Bonds maturing in 2012-2032, and \$89.2 million of Series 2002D Bonds maturing in 2013-2032 were refunded. The Airports Authority's net present value savings of this refunding was \$38.4 million.

The *Series 2012B Non-AMT Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds'* par amount was \$20.8 million. The proceeds were used to refund Series 2003B Bonds, fund applicable debt service reserve funds, and pay the cost of issuing the bonds. On June 5, 2012, \$20.6 million of Series 2003B Bonds maturing 2014-2019 were refunded. The Airports Authority's net present value savings of this refunding was \$2.2 million.

### Aviation Enterprise Fund Variable Rate Debt Program

In December 2012, the Airports Authority executed the following changes to the Aviation Enterprise Fund variable rate debt program.

<u>Mandatory Tender, Amendment and Conversion of the Series 2003D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate</u> <u>Bonds</u>. This transaction terminated the Letter of Credit (LOC) with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., which was due to expire in March 2013, and terminated the bond insurance policy with Syncora. The Airports Authority entered into a \$63.2 million Direct Purchase Loan with Banc of America, Preferred Corporation for an Indexed Floater rate of 72% of one month LIBOR plus 65 basis points (bps). The Direct Purchase Loan expires in December 2016.



<u>Replacement of Letter of Credit relating to the Series 2009D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds for a par amount of \$130.2 million</u>. The transaction substituted the Authority's current LOC with Bank of America, N.A. to TD Bank, N.A. for term through December 2017.

Extension of Letter of Credit for the Series 2010C Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds with a \$162.7 million par amount. This transaction extended the LOC with Barclays Bank for a term through December 2015.

<u>Extension of the Index Rate Period for the Series 2010D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds</u>. This transaction extended the Index Rate Period with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. for a term through December 2015.

Following closing of the December transactions, the Airports Authority has no bank facility expirations until 2014. These transactions helped maintain the diversity of the bank provider group and also diversified the Airports Authority's renewal risk. Prior to the execution of this bank plan, the weighted average cost of the Airports Authority's bank facilities (excluding commercial paper) was 63.1 basis points, and the weighted average expiration occurred in 2.0 years. Upon execution, the weighted average cost of the bank facilities is 62.9 basis points, and the weighted average expiration date is 3.6 years.

# **Credit Ratings**

The Airports Authority's underlying ratings as of December 31, 2012 are depicted in the table below:

				Rating
			Rating	Moody's / S&P / Fitch
Enterprise Fund	Mode	Lien Position	Moody's / S&P <sup>1</sup> / Fitch	Enhanced
Aviation	Fixed	Senior	Aa3 / AA- / AA-	
Aviation	Variable, CP <sup>2</sup>	Senior	P-1 / A-1+ / F1+	
Aviation	Variable, VRDO <sup>3,4</sup>	Senior	Aa1/VMIG1 AAA/A-1+ AAA/F1+	
Aviation	Variable, Index Floaters $5$	Senior	Aa3 / AA- / NR	
Dulles Corridor	Fixed	First Senior	A2 / A / NR	
Dulles Corridor	Fixed	Second Senior	Baal / BBB+ / NR	Aa2 / AAA / NR
Dulles Corridor	Fixed	Subordinate	Baa2 / BBB / NR	
Dulles Corridor	Variable, CP	Second Senior	P-1 / A-1+ / NR	

 $^{1}\,\mathrm{LBBW}$  has requested that S&P withdraw their ratings on the CP One Notes

<sup>2</sup> Includes CP One and Two Notes

<sup>3</sup> Includes Series 2003D, 2009D, and 2010C Bonds

<sup>4</sup> Joint Default Analysis with Moody's, Joint Criteria Rating with S&P, Dual Party Pay Criteria with Fitch

<sup>5</sup> Direct Funded Indexed Obligations, 2011A (S&P rated) and 2011B (Moody's & S&P rated) Bonds



#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund Interim Financing Instruments**

<u>Commercial Paper (CP) Notes</u>. On May 2, 2001, the Airports Authority Board adopted Resolution No. 01-6 allowing the issuance of CP Notes for the Aviation Enterprise Fund in a not-to-exceed amount of \$500.0 million. The principal purpose of the CP Notes is to pay or provide for certain capital improvements at the Airports or to refund other forms of indebtedness. The Airports Authority had two credit facilities in place as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 to support the issuance of up to \$271.0 million in CP Notes for the Aviation Enterprise Fund at any given time.

The CP Notes are structured as Short-term Demand Obligations under the Amended and Restated Eleventh Supplemental Indenture and the Twenty-second Supplemental Indenture. They are collateralized by certain pledged funds, including Net Revenues on parity with the bonds. They are further collateralized by irrevocable direct pay letter of credit (LOC) facilities. The Airports Authority's obligation to repay amounts drawn under such LOCs is collateralized by a promissory note issued by the Airports Authority to each provider.

The CP Notes are issued in two series:

<u>CP Notes Series One.</u> The issuance of up to \$250 million of the CP Notes Series One was authorized in 2004, and amended in 2005, 2007, 2010 and 2011. As noted above, the CP Notes Series One are further collateralized by an irrevocable direct pay LOC issued by JP Morgan Chase Bank, which expires in March 2014. On October 18, 2012, \$17.5 million was refunded with grant proceeds, leaving a balance of \$0 outstanding as of December 31, 2012.

<u>CP Notes Series Two</u>. The issuance of up to \$21 million of CP Notes Series Two was authorized in 2005 and amended in 2007, 2009 and 2011. The CP Notes Series Two are further collateralized by an irrevocable direct pay LOC issued by Landesbank Baden-Wurttemberg (LBBW), acting through its New York Branch. The LOC expires in December 2015. As of December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority had \$21.0 million of CP Notes Series Two outstanding.

	Series One	Series Two	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 38,500,000	\$ 58,500,000
Commercial Paper Notes Refunded	(50,000,000)	(17,500,000)	(67,500,000)
Commercial Paper Notes Issued	47,500,000	-	47,500,000
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$17,500,000	\$ 21,000,000	\$ 38,500,000
Commercial Paper Notes Refunded	(17,500,000)	-	(17,500,000)
Commercial Paper Notes Issued	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ -	\$ 21,000,000	\$ 21,000,000



#### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Interim Financing Instruments**

<u>Second Senior Lien Commercial Notes (CP Notes)</u>. On June 8, 2011, the Airports Authority Board adopted Resolution No. 11-16 allowing the issuance of CP Notes for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund in a not-to-exceed amount of \$300.0 million. The principal purpose of the CP Notes is to provide funds to finance the costs of the Dulles Metrorail Project and certain Capital Improvements Program (CIP) projects, refund other forms of indebtedness and fund costs of issuance of the CP Notes.

The CP Notes are structured as short-term demand obligations under the Seventh Supplemental Indenture. They are collateralized by certain pledged funds, including Net Revenues on parity with the bonds. They are further collateralized by an irrevocable direct pay LOC facility. The Airports Authority's obligation to repay amounts drawn under such LOCs is collateralized by a promissory note issued by the Airports Authority. The CP Notes are collateralized by an irrevocable direct pay LOC issued by J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, National Association. The LOC expires in August 2014. On August 6, 2012, a second draw on the LOC for \$149.0 million was made. As of December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority had \$149.6 million in Series CP Notes outstanding.

	CP Notes
Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$ -
Commercial Paper Notes Refunded	-
Commercial Paper Notes Issued	550,000
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 550,000
Commercial Paper Notes Refunded	-
Commercial Paper Notes Issued	149,000,000
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$149,550,000

<u>Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) Note.</u> As approved in Resolution No. 12-37, on December 17, 2012, the Airports Authority issued \$200.0 million fixed rate note secured by the remaining federal funding anticipated to be received pursuant to a Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) with the Federal Transit Administration for Phase 1 of the Rail Project. The note is a direct purchase obligation with a 2.160% interest rate and final maturity in 2016. As of December 31, 2012, the FFGA Note outstanding balance was \$200.0 million.

#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund Bonds Payable**

A Master Indenture of Trust was created in 1990 to secure Airport System Revenue Bonds issued by the Aviation Enterprise of the Airports Authority. This Master Indenture was amended effective September 1, 2001, to, in part, change the definition of Annual Debt Service to accommodate the issuance of secured commercial paper, to permit the Airports Authority to release certain revenues from the definition of revenues, and to expand the list of permitted investments to include new, safe investment vehicles designed to increase the return on the Airports Authority's investments. Under this amended Master Indenture, all bonds are collateralized by a pledge of Net Revenues of the Airports Authority which is "senior" to the "subordinated" pledge given by the Airports Authority in connection with the issuance of its bonds prior to 1990.



The Aviation Enterprise Fund's long-term bonds issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

## BONDS PAYABLE – AVIATION ENTERPRISE FUND

	Issue	Interest	Maturing on		Outstanding at	t Decen	nber 31,
	Date	Rates	October 1	Amount	 2012		2011
Series 2001A Revenue Bonds	04/01/01				\$ -	\$	67,820,000
Series 2002A Revenue Bonds	06/04/02				-		186,750,000
Series 2002B Revenue Bonds	06/04/02				_		650,000
Series 2002D Refunding Bonds	08/28/02				_		89,195,000
Series 2003A Revenue & Refunding Bonds	10/01/03						
Serial Term Term		4.125%-5.500% 5.125% 5.000%	2013-2025 2029 2033	\$ 75,785,000 34,935,000 42,590,000			
					153,310,000		157,425,000
Series 2003B Refunding Bonds	10/01/03	1.0000/	2012 2010				
Serial		4.000%	2013-2019		2,920,000		26,370,000
Series 2003C Revenue & Refunding Bonds	10/01/03						
Serial Term Term		5.140%-5.390% 5.740% 6.000%	2013-2015 2019 2023	8,035,000 12,935,000 12,880,000	33,850,000		36,275,000
Series 2003D-1 Revenue Bonds	10/01/03						
Term		Variable $(0.800\%)^1$	2013-2033		63,225,000		64,825,000
Series 2004A Refunding Bonds	08/26/04						
Term Serial		3.750% 4.500%-5.000%	2013-2014 2015-2022	20,000 13,510,000	13,530,000		13,540,000
Series 2004B Revenue Bonds	05/18/04						
Serial Serial Term		5.000% 5.050% 5.000%	2027 2028 2034	25,000,000 7,330,000 212,670,000			
					245,000,000		245,000,000
Series 2004C-1 Refunding Bonds	07/07/04						
Serial		5.000%	2020-2021		31,300,000		31,300,000



## **BONDS PAYABLE – AVIATION ENTERPRISE FUND (continued)**

	Issue	Interest	Maturing on		Outstanding at	t December 31,
	Date	Rates	October 1	Amount	2012	2011
Series 2004C-2 Revenue Bonds Term	08/12/04	5.000%	2013-2022	\$ 32,290,000		
Serial		5.000%	2023-2024	61,690,000	\$ 93,980,000	\$ 94,090,000
Series 2004D Refunding Bonds Serial	08/26/04	5.000%-5.250%	2013-2019		150,430,000	168,070,000
Series 2005A Revenue Bonds	04/12/05	41050/ 50500/	2012 2020	82 405 000		
Serial Term Term		4.125%-5.250% 4.750% 5.000%	2013-2020 2035 2035	82,495,000 22,290,000 149,740,000	254,525,000	263,685,000
Series 2005B Refunding Bonds	04/12/05				237,323,000	203,003,000
Serial Series 2005C	04/12/05	3.750%-5.250%	2013-2020		16,410,000	18,120,000
Revenue Bonds Serial Serial Serial	047 127 05	5.590% 5.690% 5.730%	2025 2030 2035	8,315,000 9,350,000 12,335,000		
Series 2005D Revenue Bonds	10/12/05				30,000,000	30,000,000
Serial		5.000%	2021-2023		7,650,000	7,650,000
Series 2006A Revenue Bonds Serial	01/25/06	4.750%	2030	12,500,000		
Term Term		5.000% 5.000%	2030 2032 2035	81,555,000 150,945,000		
Series 2006B	12/06/06				245,000,000	245,000,000
Revenue Bonds Serial Serial Term		4.550% 5.000% 5.000%	2031 2032 2036	59,020,000 37,030,000 279,270,000	375,320,000	375,320,000
Series 2006C Refunding Bonds	12/06/06					
Serial Term		3.625%-5.000% 4.375%	2013-2026 2032	23,975,000 11,595,000	35,570,000	36,180,000
Series 2007A Refunding Bonds	07/03/07				000,010,000	50,100,000
Serial		4.750%-5.000%	2013-2023		126,040,000	134,495,000



## **BONDS PAYABLE – AVIATION ENTERPRISE FUND (continued)**

	Issue	Interest	Maturing on		Outstanding at	: Decer	nber 31,
	Date	Rates	October 1	Amount	2012		2011
Series 2007B	09/27/07				 		
Revenue Bonds							
Serial		4.000%-5.000%	2013-2027	\$ 338,560,000			
Serial		4.750%	2032	1,150,000			
Term		5.000%	2032	67,225,000			
Term		5.000%	2035	13,420,000			
					\$ 420,355,000	\$	432,805,000
Series 2008A	06/24/08						
Revenue Bonds							
Serial		4.250%-5.750%	2013-2029		220,450,000		229,965,000
Series 2009B	04/01/09						
Revenue Bonds							
Serial		3.000%-5.250%	2013-2026	165,750,000			
Term		5.000%	2029	31,450,000			
Term		5.000%	2029	31,455,000			
					228,655,000		231,435,000
Series 2009C	07/02/09						
Revenue Bonds		100000 5 10500	2012 2021	1.00 405 000			
Serial		4.000%-5.125%	2013-2031	166,435,000			
Term		5.125%	2034	43,405,000			
Term		5.125%	2039	34,125,000			
Term		5.625%	2039	55,000,000			
					298,965,000		304,285,000
Series 2009D-1-2	07/02/09						
Revenue Bonds	07/02/09						
Term		Variable (4.099%) <sup>2</sup>	2013-2039		130,185,000		132,505,000
i cinii		Variable (1.05576)	2015 2055		130,103,000		152,505,000
Series 2010A	07/28/10						
Revenue Bonds	07720720						
Serial		3.000%-5.000%	2013-2030	198,655,000			
Term		4.625%	2035	5,100,000			
Term		5.000%	2035	87,305,000			
Term		5.000%	2039	49,505,000			
		3.00070	2000	13/303/000	340,565,000		344,575,000
					,,		
Series 2010B	07/28/10						
Revenue Refunding							
Bonds							
Serial		3.000%-5.000%	2013-2030		205,055,000		217,720,000
Series 2010C-1-2	09/22/10						
Revenue Refunding							
Bonds							
Term		Variable C-1 (0.120%) <sup>3</sup>	2033	59,460,000			
Term		Variable C-2 (4.099%) <sup>4</sup>	2039	103,250,000			
					162,710,000		165,695,000
a							
Series 2010D	09/22/10						
Revenue Bonds		V	2040		164 655 000		1 (7 200 000
Term		Variable (4.112%) <sup>5</sup>	2040		164,655,000		167,390,000



#### **BONDS PAYABLE – AVIATION ENTERPRISE FUND (continued)**

	Issue	Interest	Maturing on			Outstanding at	Decem	iber 31,
C ·	Date	Rates	October 1	Amount		2012		2011
Series 2010F-1 Revenue Refunding Bonds Serial	11/17/10	4.375%-5.000%	2020-2031		\$	61,820,000	\$	61,820,000
Series 2011A-1-2-3 Revenue & Refunding Bonds	09/21/11	Variable A-1 (3.862%) <sup>6</sup> Variable A-2 (4.445%) <sup>7</sup> Variable A-3 (4.099%) <sup>8</sup>	2012-2039			228,165,000		233,635,000
Series 2011B Revenue & Refunding Bonds	09/21/11	Variable (0.680%) <sup>9</sup>	2012-2041			196,675,000		207,640,000
Series 2011C Revenue Refunding Bonds Serial	09/29/11	3.000%-5.000%	2012-2028			178,315,000		185,390,000
Series 2011D Revenue Refunding Bonds Serial	09/29/11	2.000%-5.000%	2012-2031			10,015,000		10,385,000
Series 2012A Revenue Refunding	07/03/12							
Bonds Serial		3.000%-5.000%	2016-2032			291,035,000		-
Series 2012B Revenue Refunding Bonds	07/03/12							
Serial		3.000%-5.000%	2013-2019			20,790,000		-
Plus unamortized discount/pren	nium net					5,036,470,001 28,045,678		5,217,005,000 13,352,202
Total Aviation Enterprise Fund B					\$	5,064,515,679	\$	5,230,357,202
					-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

- <sup>1</sup> Interest rates on Series 2003D-1 are reset weekly by the Remarketing Agent. As of 12/31/12, the rate was 0.800%.
- <sup>2</sup> Interest rates on Series 2009D-1 are reset weekly, and interest rates on Series 2009D-2 are reset daily by the Remarketing Agent. The Bonds are hedged with a Swap Agreement at a fixed rate of 4.099%. Refer to Note 13 for information on the Airports Authority's swaps.
- <sup>3,4</sup> Interest rates on Series 2010C-1 are reset every two days, and rates on Series 2010C-2 are reset weekly by the Remarketing Agent. As of 12/31/12, the rate on Series 2010C-1 was 0.120%. The 2010C-2 Bonds are hedged with a Swap Agreement. Refer to Note 13 for information on the Airports Authority's swaps.
- <sup>5</sup> Interest rates on Series 2010D are reset weekly by the Remarketing Agent. The Bonds are hedged with a Swap Agreement at a fixed rate of 4.112%. Refer to Note 13 for information on the Airports Authority's swaps.
- <sup>6,7,8</sup> Interest rates on Series 2011A-1-2-3 Bonds are calculated weekly using 72% of the 1-month LIBOR Index Rate plus a spread of .82% rounded to five decimal points. As of 12/31/12, the rate was 0.971%. The 2011A-1 Bonds are hedged with a Swap Agreement at a fixed rate of 3.862%. The 2011A-2 Bonds are hedged with a Swap Agreement at a fixed rate of 4.445%. The 2011A-3 Bonds are hedged with a Swap Agreement at a rate of 4.099%. Refer to Note 13 for information on the Airports Authority's swaps.

<sup>9</sup> Interest rates on the 2011B Bonds are calculated weekly using the 1-month SIFMA Index Rate plus a spread of .55%. As of 12/31/12, the rate was 0.680%.

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As of December 31, 2012, Series 2003B Revenue Bonds had an outstanding balance of \$23.6 million, which included \$2.9 million scheduled to mature on October 1, 2013, and \$20.6 million legally defeased with an escrow and callable on October 1, 2013.

Changes to the Aviation Enterprise Fund's Bonds Payable balances during 2012 were as follows:

Balance as of I	December 31, 2010			\$	5,147,135,825
Bonds Issued					
Series	2011A-1-2-3	Revenue & Refunding Bonds	233,635,000		
Series	2011B	Revenue & Refunding Bonds	207,640,000		
Series	2011C	Revenue Refunding Bonds	185,390,000		
Series	2011D	Revenue Refunding Bonds	10,385,000		
					637,050,000
Bonds Refund Series	ea 1998B		(20.210.000)		
			(30,210,000)		
Series	2001A		(165,670,000)		
Series	2001B		(11,370,000)		
Series	2002C		(169,300,000)		
Series	2009A		(56,975,000)		
					(433,525,000)
Principal Paym					(118,880,000)
Change in Una	amortized Discount/	/Premium			(1,423,623)
Balance as of I	December 31, 2011			\$	5,230,357,202
Bonds Issued					
Series	2012A	Revenue Refunding Bonds	291,035,000		
Series	2012B	Revenue Refunding Bonds	20,790,000		
					311,825,000
Bonds Refund					
Series	2001A		(67,820,000)		
Series	2002A		(186,750,000)		
Series	2002D		(89,195,000)		
Series	2003B		(20,645,000)		
					(364,410,000)
Principal Paym	nents				(127,950,000)
Change in Una	amortized Discount/	/Premium			14,693,477
Balance as of I	December 31, 2012			\$	5,064,515,679
Balance	e as of December 31	1, 2012 - Short Term		\$	137,405,000
		1, 2012 - Long Term			4,927,110,679
Datariet		_, Long lonn		\$	5,064,515,679
				Ŷ	5,00 ,01515,015



#### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Bonds Payable**

In August of 2009, a Master Indenture of Trust was created to secure Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds issued by the Dulles Corridor Enterprise of the Airports Authority. Under this Master Indenture, all bonds are secured by a pledge of the Toll Road Revenues derived by the Airports Authority from the operation of the DTR. The pledge of the Toll Road Revenues securing the Series 2009A Bonds (First Senior Lien), however, is senior to the pledge to Toll Road Revenues securing the Series 2009B-C-D Bonds and Series 2010A-B Bonds (Second Senior Lien). Following the Second Senior Lien pledge are the bonds that were issued on a Subordinate Lien, the Series 2010D Bonds.

The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's long-term bonds issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	Issue Date	Interest Rates	Maturing on October 1	Amount	Outstanding at 2012	December 31 2011
Series 2009A Revenue Bonds CIBs Term CIBs Term CIBs Term	08/12/09	5.125% 5.000% 5.250%	2032 2039 2044	\$22,140,000 89,735,000 86,125,000	\$ 198,000,000	\$ 198,000,000
Series 2009B Revenue Bonds CABs	08/12/09	3.500%-7.910%	2012-2040		249,070,930	240,201,249
Series 2009C Revenue Bonds Convertible CABs	08/12/09	6.500%	2038-2041		196,646,175	184,468,394
Series 2009D Revenue Bonds Build America Bonds	08/12/09	7.462%	2045-2046		400,000,000	400,000,000
Series 2010A Revenue Bonds CABs Term	05/27/10	6.625%	2029-2037		64,920,078	60,823,583
Series 2010B Revenue Bonds Convertible CABs Term	05/27/10	6.500%	2040-2044		162,699,900	152,617,225
Series 2010D Revenue Bonds Build America Bonds	05/27/10	8.000%	2042-2047		150,000,000	150,000,000
Plus (Less) unamortized discoun					(5,002,218)	(5,078,787)
Total Dulles Corridor Enterprise	Bonds Payab	ole			\$1,416,334,865	\$1,381,031,664



#### Changes to the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's Bonds Payable balances during 2012 were as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$ 1,341,716,526
Bonds Issued in 2011	-
Plus: Change in Accretion of Capital Appreciation Bonds	39,242,456
Change in unamortized (discount) or premium, net	72,683
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 1,381,031,665
Bonds Issued in 2012	-
Principal Payments	(5,744,580)
Plus: Change in Accretion of Capital Appreciation Bonds	40,971,211
Change in unamortized (discount) or premium, net	76,569
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ 1,416,334,865
Balance as of December 31, 2012- Short Term	9,041,633
Balance as of December 31, 2012 - Long Term	1,407,293,232
Total Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Bonds Payable	\$ 1,416,334,865

#### Insurance

The Airports Authority reviews each bond sale to determine if there is value in providing investors municipal bond insurance. As of December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund had \$2.7 billion or 54.1 percent of its bonds insured by American Municipal Bond Assurance Corporation (Ambac), Berkshire Hathaway (BHAC), Financial Guaranty Insurance Company (FGIC), National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation, previously known as Municipal Bond Investors Assurance Corporation (MBIA), Financial Security Assurance (FSA), and Syncora Guarantee, previously known as XL Capital Assurance (XL). As of December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority's Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund had \$340.8 million or 24.1 percent of its bonds insured by one insurance provider, Assured Guaranty (AG).



The following tables depict the Airports Authority's insured debt for each Enterprise Fund:

#### Aviation Enterprise Fund

	Amount Insured		Percent of Total
Insurer	at Decemb	at December 31, 2012	
Ambac	\$ 5!	54,045,000	10.9%
Berkshire Hathaway	11	12,200,000	2.2%
FGIC	50	57,120,000	11.2%
FSA	6	15,280,000	12.1%
Syncora		63,225,000	1.2%
National Public Finance Guarntee	83	34,180,000	16.5%
	\$ 2,74	46,050,000	54.1%
Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund			

	Amount Insured	Percent of Total
Insurer	at December 31, 2012	Bonds Payable
Assured Guaranty	\$ 340,756,815	24.1%

#### **Maturities and Sinking Fund Requirements**

The following is a summary of the maturities and sinking fund requirements, not including any unamortized discount or premium. Scheduled principal payments on long-term bonds are due annually on October 1. Interest assumptions are based on rates in effect at December 31, 2012.

#### **Aviation Enterprise Fund Senior Debt**

Year Ending			Total
December 31	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2013	\$ 137,405,000	\$ 243,366,963	\$ 380,771,963
2014	144,825,000	237,033,556	381,858,556
2015	173,540,000	230,454,306	403,994,306
2016	162,585,000	221,646,259	384,231,259
2017	179,600,000	214,033,937	393,633,937
2018 - 2022	1,009,625,000	934,067,082	1,943,692,082
2023 - 2027	984,905,000	686,292,306	1,671,197,306
2028 - 2032	1,164,885,000	444,617,310	1,609,502,310
2033 - 2037	940,000,000	148,752,227	1,088,752,227
Thereafter	160,100,000	12,506,325	172,606,325
	\$ 5,057,470,000	\$ 3,372,770,271	\$ 8,430,240,271

### **Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Senior Debt**

Year Ending			Total
December 31	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2013	\$ 9,041,633	\$ 58,096,398	\$ 67,138,031
2014	153,751,882	57,702,085	211,453,967
2015	108,687,272	57,724,450	166,411,722
2016	107,588,182	55,473,788	163,061,970
2017	4,032,707	68,976,534	73,009,241
2018 - 2022	21,740,540	406,764,066	428,504,606
2023 - 2027	42,436,687	427,701,108	470,137,795
2028 - 2032	81,558,220	430,156,468	511,714,688
2033 - 2037	139,617,433	425,064,698	564,682,131
Thereafter	981,257,382	536,376,800	1,517,634,182
	\$ 1,649,711,938	\$ 2,524,036,396	\$ 4,173,748,332

#### **15. NET POSITION**

Net position consisted of the following:

				A	As of Decemb	er 31, 2012				
					tricted for					
	Net Investment in			Debt Service	cricted for	Dulles Rail	Dulles Toll	Public	-	Total Business-
	Capital Assets	Construction	Debt Service	Reserve	Leases	Latent Defects	Road Repairs	Safety	Unrestricted	Type Activities
Current assets									-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,992,116	\$ 189,992,116
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,661,071	42,661,071
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177,750,805	177,750,805
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,379,024	8,379,024
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,876,127	6,876,127
Due to (due from) other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets										
Restricted										
Cash and cash equivalents *	-	503.101.221	115.047.877	30,326,490	6.389.711	15.001.701	663,730	370.610	-	670,901,340
Accounts receivable	-	73,065,464	-	-	835.829	-	-	-	-	73,901,293
Investments	-	4,912,329	-	478.445.538	_	_	7,259,625	-	-	490,617,492
Unrestricted:		.,= ==,= = =					.,,			,,
Note receivable	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	9,327,369	9,327,369
Investments	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	157,952,823	157,952,823
Net pension assets				_	-	_	_	_	3.467.187	3.467.187
Bond issuance costs, net				_					83,614,765	83,614,765
Other assets									888,366	888,366
Capital assets	7,744,479,463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	000,000	7,744,479,463
Total Assets	\$ 7,744,479,463	\$ 581,079,014	\$ 115,047,877	\$ 508,772,028	\$ 7,225,540	\$ 15,001,/01	\$ 7,923,355	\$ 3/0,610	\$ 680,909,653	\$ 9,660,809,241
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 137,369,719	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 97	\$ 40,901,174	\$ 178.270.990
Advance billings and payments received										
in advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,016,922	10,016,922
Accrued lease obligations	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	453,050	453,050
Accrued interest payable	-	-	66,310,542	-	-	-	-	-		66,310,542
Current portion of long-term debt	146,446,633	-		-	_	_	-	_	-	146,446,633
Non-current liabilities	110/110/035									110/110/035
Other liabilities	15.986.778	-	-	_	787.080	_	-	-	5,490,518	22,264,376
Commercial paper notes	170,550,000	-	-	-	, 07,000	_	-	-		170,550,000
Notes payable	200,000,000			_	-	_	_	_	-	200,000,000
Interest rate swaps payable	200,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	193,920,442	193,920,442
Bonds payable, net	5.143.396.122	480.037.402		508,772,028					202,198,359	6,334,403,911
Bonds payable, net	5,145,590,122	480,037,402	-	508,772,028	-	-	-	-	202,196,559	0,554,405,911
Total Liabilities	5,813,749,252	480,037,402	66,310,542	508,772,028	787,080	-	-	97	452,980,465	7,322,636,866
Net Position	¢ 1,020,720,211	£ 101 041 C12	¢ 40.737.335		¢ < 430.450	¢ 15 001 701	¢ 7,000,000	¢ 370 F13	¢ 227 020 100	¢ 222017227
Net Position	\$ 1,930,730,211	\$ 101,041,612	⇒ 40,/3/,335	-	३ 0,438,460	\$ 15,001,701	\$ 1,923,355	¢ 370,513	\$ 227,929,188	\$ 2,338,172,375

\* Includes the portion of restricted cash and cash equivalents classified as current on the Statement of Net Position



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

					As of Decemb	per 31, 2011				
				Re	stricted for					
	Net Investment in Capital Assets	Construction	Debt Service	Debt Service Reserve	Leases	Dulles Rail Latent Defects	Dulles Toll Road Repairs	Public Safety	Unrestricted	Total Business- Type Activities
Current assets	capital / 0500	construction	Bebrbernee	neserre	Leases	Editin Derecto	noud nepulo	Surety	onicialica	Type / learnaes
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 152,198,752	\$ 152,198,752
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,144,758	62,144,758
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101,610,902	101,610,902
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,770,143	8,770,143
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,813,623	5,813,623
Due to (due from) other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362,425	(362,425)	-//
Non-current assets								502/125	(302,123)	
Restricted										
Cash and cash equivalents *	-	426.087.269	112.984.444	35.142.608	8,553,470	15,000,163	465,669	_	-	598,233,623
Accounts receivable		164,692,183	112,504,444	55,142,000	352,358	15,000,105	-05,005			165,044,541
Investments		105,189,178		484,059,538	-		7,259,625			596,508,341
Unrestricted:		105,105,170		404,055,550			1,233,025			550,500,541
Note receivable	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	11.876.689	11.876.689
Investments		_			_	_	_		181.174.135	181,174,135
Net pension assets									3,198,077	3,198,077
Bond issuance costs, net		_		_					91,726,103	91,726,103
Other assets									613,537	613,537
Capital assets	7.202.502.470	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	010,007	7,202,502,470
1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	\$ 7,202,502,470	\$695,968,630	\$ 112,984,444	\$ 519,202,146	\$ 8,905,828	\$ 15,000,163	\$ 7,725,294	\$ 362,425	\$ 618,764,294	\$ 9,181,415,694
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 148,266,188	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 10.915	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1.100	\$ 41,241,795	\$ 189,519,998
Advance billings and payments received										
in advance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,884,807	11,884,807
Accrued lease obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	472.227	472.227
Accrued interest payable	-	-	70.962.178	-	-	-	-	-	-	70.962.178
Current portion of long-term debt	141.139.580	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	141,139,580
Non-current liabilities	, ,									
Other liabilities	15,665,656	-	-	-	787.080	-	-	-	4,057,784	20,510,520
Commercial paper notes	39,050,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,050,000
Interest rate swaps payable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,415,403	200,415,403
Bonds payable, net	5,176,867,419	603,806,137	-	519,202,146	-	-	-	-	170,373,584	6,470,249,286
Total Liabilities	5,520,988,843	603,806,137	70,962,178	519,202,146	797,995			1,100	428,445,600	7,144,203,999

\* Includes the portion of restricted cash and cash equivalents classified as current on the Statement of Net Position

The Aviation Enterprise Fund's debt service reserve accounts were over-funded by \$18.9 million as of December 31, 2012 and \$9.3 million as of December 31, 2011. The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's debt service reserve accounts were over-funded by \$5.9 million as of December 31, 2012 and \$11.8 million as of December 31, 2011. Over-funded amounts can only be withdrawn from the Aviation Enterprise Fund's debt service reserve accounts once a year, based on balances as of October 1, while over-funded amounts can be withdrawn from the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund's debt service reserve accounts twice a year, based on balances as of April 1 and October 1.



#### **16. AVIATION ENTERPRISE FUND REVENUES**

#### **Uncollectible Revenues**

Aviation Enterprise revenues, net of estimated uncollectible revenues, for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

		Estimated	
		Uncollectible	
	Gross Revenues	Revenues	Net Revenues
Concessions	\$ 227,768,855	\$ 48,964	\$ 227,719,891
Rents	302,595,917	958,850	301,637,067
Landing fees	112,443,856	161,240	112,282,616
Utility sales	11,709,367	4,705	11,704,662
Passenger fees	33,442,803	-	33,442,803
Other	8,207,676	47,151	8,160,525
Totals	\$ 696,168,474	\$ 1,220,910	\$ 694,947,564

There were no estimated uncollectible revenues for the year ended December 31, 2011.

#### **Concentrations of Revenues**

Several airlines, and their affiliates, represent concentrations of revenues for the Airports Authority. At Reagan National, US Airways, Delta Air Lines (Delta) and American Airlines comprised approximately 76.2 percent of airline revenues during 2012. At Dulles International, United Airlines, Delta and British Airways comprised approximately 65.4 percent of airline revenues during 2012. Combined, these five airlines represented approximately 75.6 percent of total airline revenues during 2012 for the Airports Authority.

#### **Revenues from Services Provided to Construction Contractors**

The Airports Authority's Police Department provides services to contractors who are performing work on construction projects for the Airports Authority, principally the Dulles Metrorail Project. The contractors are billed for these services based on hourly rates established to recover compensation costs. The Airports Authority's construction contracts allow these contractors to recover such costs in their billing for construction work performed.

During 2012 and 2011, the Aviation Enterprise Fund revenues included \$305 thousand and \$247 thousand, respectively, for services provided by the Airports Authority's Police Department to construction contractors.



#### **17. GOVERNMENT GRANTS**

The Airports Authority receives, predominately on a cost-reimbursement basis, grants from the United States government, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and other local grantors for certain operating and capital construction programs. Government grants recorded by the Airports Authority during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$338.8 million and \$289.3 million, respectively. In fiscal years 2012 and 2011, the Airports Authority recognized federal, state and local grants for operating and capital programs as summarized below:

#### **Operating Programs**

The Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Program, which is recorded as Operating Revenue, offsets expenses incurred by the Airports Authority's Public Safety personnel serving a support role to the Transportation Security Administration (TSA). Explosives detection funds are used to offset the expense of training and caring for canines used in explosives detection. The Department of Justice and the U.S. Treasury Equitable Sharing Agreements are collaborative efforts between these agencies and the Airports Authority's police department wherein both entities share in the proceeds from the sale of confiscated items. The Airports Authority's proceeds may only be used for certain types of expenditures as defined by these agencies.

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority



		Award Recognized Year Ended Dec. 31,		
Grants in Support of Operations	2012	2011	Dec. 31, 2012	
Operating Revenue				
Passenger Fees				
TSA - Law enforcement officer reimbursement program	\$1,019,467	\$1,246,792	\$ -	
Grant recognized as operating revenues	1,019,467	1,246,792		
Non-Operating Revenue				
Federal Grants				
TSA - National explosive detection canine team program	1,030,407	750,500	76,562	
Department of Justice - Equitable sharing agreement <sup>1, 2</sup>	181,761	106,301	-	
U.S. Treasury - Equitable sharing agreement <sup>1, 2</sup>	10,037	-	-	
FEMA - Disaster relief and emergency assistance program	_	66,750	_	
Total Federal Grants	1,222,205	923,551	76,562	
Commonwealth of Virginia Grants				
Disaster relief and emergency assistance program	6,810	40,814	-	
Equitable sharing agreement <sup>1, 2</sup>		805	_	
Total Commonwealth of Virginia Grants	6,810	41,619	-	
Local Grant				
Arlington County - HIDTA task force		17,204		
Grants recognized as non-operating revenues	1,229,015	982,374	76,562	
Total Federal, State, and Local grants in support of operations	\$ 2,248,482	\$ 2,229,166	\$ 76,562	

<sup>1</sup> Funds received under this agreement can be expended for items which may be capitalized or expensed in accordance with the Airports Authority's capitalization thresholds.

 $^{2}$  While the agreement remains in effect as of December 31, 2012, the amount of future awards is dependent on the occurrence of future events.

#### **Capital Programs**

The Airports Authority Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund receives grants in support of Phase 1 of the Dulles Metrorail Project. The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) is the primary grantor, with total federal New Starts funding commitments for the project totaling \$900 million. The state and local funding sources for Phase 1 of the Dulles Corridor Metrorail Project include transportation bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia and a Fairfax County transportation improvement district property tax. In addition, the Virginia Transportation Act of



2000 dedicated \$75 million to the project from Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds. In 2009, USDOT allocated \$77.3 million in ARRA funding to the project. These funds replaced Section 5309 funds that were scheduled to be received in the final year (2016) of the FFGA. As of February 2012, the Airports Authority had fulfilled its ARRA local match requirement of \$199.2 million, and the close-out of the ARRA grant was completed on April 16, 2012.

The Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund receives federal and state grants in support of its construction program. The federal programs, primarily through the FAA's Airport Improvement Program (AIP), including annual entitlement grants, provide funding for airport development, airport planning, and noise compatibility programs from the Airports and Airways Trust Funds in the form of entitlement and discretionary grants for eligible projects. The Commonwealth also provides discretionary funds for capital programs. The Airports Authority participated in a pilot program with the TSA designed to improve the effectiveness of the TSA's baggage screening process. Current projects from the TSA include ARRA funds to install new closed circuit television cameras and provide enhancements to the south, east and west baggage in-line explosive detection systems.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority



		Award Recognized Year Ended Dec. 31,			
Grants in Support of Capital Programs	2012	2011	Dec. 31, 2012		
Federal Grants					
Federal Aviation Administration					
AIP - 4th runway	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 6,662,414	\$ 49,000,000		
AIP - Rehabilitate runway 1/19	2,402,654	8,005,672	-		
AIP - Improve runway 1/19 safety area (phase 2)	1,432,179	8,617,821	-		
AIP - Improve runway 1/19 safety area (phase 3) AIP - Reconstruction of south taxiway Z	2,047,147	2,086,197 292,959	-		
Total Federal Aviation Administration Grants	25,881,980	25,665,063	49,000,000		
Transportation Security Administration					
ARRA - EBB/WBB EDS in-line baggage project	23,529,116	15,449,145	100,684,025		
SBB EDS in-line baggage project	2,625,633	6,263,687	10,235,955		
ARRA - Closed circuit television camera	415,441	5,427,183			
Total Transportation Security Administration Grants	26,570,190	27,140,015	110,919,980		
Federal Transit Administration					
FFGA - Dulles Metrorail Project (phase 1)	173,278,706	92,207,024	288,885,636		
STP - Dulles Metrorail Project (phase 1)		27,781,891			
Total Federal Transit Administration Grants	173,278,706	119,988,915	288,885,636		
Internal Revenue Service					
Build America Bonds interest subsidy	14,646,800	14,646,801			
Total Federal Grants	240,377,676	187,440,794	448,805,616		
Commonwealth of Virginia Grant					
Department of Aviation - AeroTrain	2,000,000	2,000,000			
Local Grant					
Fairfax County - Dulles Metrorail Project (phase 1)	94,174,704	97,675,300	154,660,267		
Total Federal, State, and Local grants in support of capital programs	\$336,552,380	\$ 287,116,094	\$ 603,465,883		

#### **18. PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES**

As of December 31, 2012, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has approved nine Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) applications for a total authority of \$3.0 billion for the Airports Authority's Aviation Enterprise Fund. Each PFC application is approved by individual airport. However, PFC fees may be imposed at one airport and used for approved projects at either airport. PFC activity for 2012 and 2011 was as follows:



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

	Reagan	Dulles	
	National	International	Total
PFC Revenue 2011	\$ 36,993,974	\$ 41,632,952	\$ 78,626,926
PFC Revenue 2012	\$ 39,623,895	\$ 43,639,683	\$ 83,263,578
Total Applications	\$ 600,053,032	\$2,442,654,150	\$ 3,042,707,182
PFC Revenue Received Through 12/31/12	\$ 536,475,496	\$ 618,525,266	\$ 1,155,000,762
Estimated Final Collection Date	March 1, 2015	December 31, 2038	

A portion of future PFC collections has been pledged towards future debt service, with \$40.0 million pledged towards debt service payments in 2012 and \$42.0 million pledged in 2013. In addition, \$40.0 million has been pledged toward debt service payments annually during the years 2014-2038.

In accordance with the regulations, based on the approval date from the FAA and continuing through the PFC collection period, the FAA reduces the Airports Authority's share of entitlement grants by 75.0%.

#### **19. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Airports Authority is exposed to a variety of risks or losses related to operations (i.e., injuries to employees or to members of the public or damage to Airports Authority or public property). This exposure is managed through a combination of self-insured and insured arrangements.

Major insurance coverages include workers' compensation, airport liability, property, equipment breakdown, environmental impairment, public officials, employment practices, law enforcement, crime, fiduciary, cyber risk, and executive risk. The Airports Authority is self-insured for the first \$500,000 of each workers' compensation loss and for the first \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 (depending on type) of all other risk management/insurance losses. Claim payments did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

Accruals are maintained to recognize the self-insured risk of loss and encompass all offices within the Airports Authority. The accruals are determined based on insurance claim practices and actuarial estimates for prior and current year claims. The appropriateness of the accruals is continually reviewed and updated by management on a quarterly basis.

The overall accrual for potential losses as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$5.1 million and \$5.1 million, respectively. Changes in the claim liability accounts in fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:



		Claims and		
		Changes in		
Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Estimates	Claim Payments	Ending Balance
2010	\$5,584,701	\$2,531,808	\$2,834,264	\$5,282,245
2011	\$5,282,245	\$1,879,178	\$2,086,186	\$5,075,237
2012	\$5,075,237	\$1,956,312	\$1,937,989	\$5,093,560

#### 20. OTHER COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies, principally the U.S. government, the Commonwealth and Fairfax County, are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including for amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Airports Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **Pollution Remediation**

The Airports Authority continually monitors its properties to identify polluted sites for which the Airports Authority would be named a responsible party. Identified pollution remediation obligations as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$400 thousand and \$210 thousand, respectively. Routine pollution prevention, control, and monitoring costs are expensed as incurred. Pollution prevention, control, and monitoring expenses for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$4.9 million and \$3.8 million, respectively.

#### **Rights-of-Way Purchases**

The Airports Authority acquires property interests for the Dulles Metrorail Project through negotiated settlement or through the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Transportation's Commissioner of Highways power of eminent domain. The Airports Authority is responsible for all costs associated with such proceedings and for the payment of all compensation and damages for the properties acquired. As of December 31, 2012, the Airports Authority had acquired nine property interests through the power of eminent domain for a total of \$4.8 million for which the final compensation and damages were not settled. No estimate of the final compensation and damages for these acquired properties was recorded as of December 31, 2012.

#### Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy

The Airports Authority is a member of the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy (the Academy), which provides criminal justice training to 14 participating police and sheriff agencies from Northern Virginia. Academy members cannot withdraw from the Academy while any bonds of the Academy are issued and outstanding. As of June 30, 2011, the most recent period for which audited financials were available, the



Academy had \$15.5 million in outstanding debt. Payments by the Airports Authority to the Academy for training services totaled \$267 thousand and \$276 thousand during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### **21. LITIGATION**

In April 2011, two users of the Dulles Toll Road filed a lawsuit in federal district court against the Airports Authority claiming that the setting of tolls by the Airports Authority violates various rights and privileges they enjoy under the United States Constitution. The plaintiffs also sought to have the district court certify a class of all current and past users of the Dulles Toll Road since May 2005 and a refund to all class members of tolls paid since May 2005 in excess of the toll rates then in effect. In July 2011, in response to the Airports Authority's motion, the district court dismissed the plaintiffs' complaint. The court initially determined that plaintiffs lacked "prudential" standing to bring any of their claims. The court then proceeded to address the claims on the merits. The court concluded, specifically as to each claim, that plaintiffs had failed, as a matter of law, to state a valid claim as to which any relief could be granted and, more generally, that the setting of tolls by the Airports Authority does not violate the federal Constitution.

Following the trial court ruling, plaintiffs appealed the district court's dismissal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. In December 2012, the Federal Circuit determined that it lacked jurisdiction over the appeal and transferred it to the Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit. Briefing is underway in the Fourth Circuit and will be concluded in late April.

The Airports Authority is a defendant in various other lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Airports Authority's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Airports Authority.

#### **22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On January 16, 2013, the Airports Authority and the Commonwealth entered into an agreement whereby the Commonwealth agreed to provide \$150 million in funding towards Phase 1 of the Dulles Metrorail Project, upon satisfaction of certain conditions. Specifically, the Airports Authority will minimize the toll rates charged to users of the Dulles Toll Road; ensure that requests for proposals and related documents for obtaining construction services for Phase 2 of the Dulles Metrorail Project would not favor entities entering into a project labor agreement; make demonstrable progress on implementation of various audit recommendations; and maintain all necessary records to show how funds are used and to show compliance with all conditions of the agreement. These funds were received by the Airports Authority on April 15, 2013.

Three of the nine property interests acquired through the power of eminent domain which had not settled as of December 31, 2012 (refer to Note 20 – Other Commitments and Contingencies), have been settled by the issuance date of the financial statements. A total of \$91 thousand was paid subsequent to December 31, 2012, in settlement of these property acquisitions.



#### Statistical

This part of the Airports Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and note disclosures says about the Airports Authority's overall financial health.

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#### Exhibit S-1 – Components of Net Position

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008 <sup>1</sup>	2007 <sup>1</sup>	2006 <sup>1</sup>	2005 <sup>1</sup>	2004 <sup>1</sup>	2003 <sup>1</sup>
NET POSITION AT YEAR END COMPOSED OF: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,930,730.2		\$ 1,420,180.3		\$ 638,153.5	-			\$ 344,583.5	
Restricted <sup>1</sup> Unrestricted <sup>1</sup> Cumulative prior period adjustment <sup>1,7</sup>	179,513.0 227,929.2 -	165,379.4 190,318.7 -		144,904.2 291,906.6 -	128,133.7 355,889.7 (62,380.4)	114,983.4 335,422.9 (45,407.6)	46,083.3 291,864.8 -	65,337.7 262,645.4 -	170,526.4 226,049.3 -	36,158.3 190,292.3 -
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,338,172.4	\$ 2,037,211.7	\$ 1,822,588.8	\$ 1,536,809.7	,	,		\$ 820,367.6	\$ 741,159.2	\$ 654,948.3

A summary of the restatements is as follows:

	Years prior to 2009 (cumulative)	Years prior to 2008 (cumulative)
Total net position, as previously stated <sup>2</sup>	\$ 1,117,891.8	\$ 1,002,968.8
Decrease in net investment in capital assets <sup>3</sup>	11.4	(31,876.6)
Increase in unrestricted <sup>4,5,6</sup>	4,273.7	2,644.1
Decrease due to cumulative prior period adjustment <sup>7</sup>	(62,380.4)	(45,407.6)
Cumulative decrease in net position, due to restatements	(58,095.3)	(74,640.1)
Net position, as restated	\$ 1,059,796.5	\$ 928,328.7

<sup>1</sup> Components of net position have been restated for 2008 and 2007 based on adjustments recorded during the Airports Authority's 2011 and 2010 fiscal years. Based on existing Airports Authority records, restatements pertaining to investment income could not be specifically identified as pertaining to restricted or unrestricted investments or as to specific years in which the investment income was originally recognized and therefore those restatement amounts are shown in the aggregate.

<sup>2</sup> Total net position as stated in the Airport Authority's 2011 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the immediately preceeding year.

<sup>3</sup> Capitalized interest expense for projects placed in service in prior years was reduced, resulting in reductions to accumulated depreciation.

<sup>4</sup> Investment income was increased for interest income on a note receivable. This interest income had previously been capitalized as construction in progress.

<sup>5</sup> Amortization of a bond premium was revised, resulting in a reduction of interest expense.

<sup>6</sup> Interest expense was increased for the interest costs incurred on the unspent bond proceeds of tax-exempt debt. These interest costs had previously been capitalized.

<sup>7</sup> Investment income was reduced as a result of correcting mark-to-market accruals for long-term investment valuations.



#### Exhibit S-2 – Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007 <sup>1</sup>	2006 <sup>1</sup>	2005 <sup>1</sup>	2004 <sup>1</sup>	2003 <sup>1</sup>
OPERATING REVENUES										
Concessions	\$ 227,719.9	\$ 227,600.0	\$ 230,973.6	\$ 217,461.2	\$ 223,710.7	\$ 217,486.8	\$ 199,011.3	\$ 198,691.2	\$ 173,962.7	\$ 146,095.9
Tolls	101,596.1	94,659.5	88,038.2	64,893.6	10,416.5	-	-	-	-	-
Rents	301,637.1	275,428.2	226,375.7	193,736.1	171,331.3	167,301.0	156,164.1	153,865.1	143,389.8	130,802.7
Design fees	-	-	-	-	20,363.2	-	-	-	-	-
Landing fees	112,282.6	110,255.7	101,637.9	96,934.6	82,289.6	78,682.5	73,375.4	76,359.1	76,274.3	67,637.2
Utility sales	11,704.6	11,979.6	12,464.9	13,227.2	13,348.6	11,778.8	11,249.0	10,934.6	12,035.2	11,868.0
Passenger fees	33,442.8	30,331.2	25,913.5	30,665.4	28,354.1	28,684.1	25,474.9	26,973.2	29,474.7	27,878.9
Other	8,168.3	8,381.2	6,509.1	6,428.9	11,547.4	6,542.9	5,893.9	10,398.5	7,149.4	5,355.6
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	796,551.4	758,635.4	691,912.9	623,347.0	561,361.4	510,476.1	471,168.6	477,221.7	442,286.1	389,638.3
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Materials, equipment, supplies,										
contract services and other <sup>1</sup>	215,017.1	209,352.0	203,460.1	173,143.4	176,288.7	182,096.1	151,009.8	142,107.4	130,127.5	134,105.4
Impairment loss/design costs	40,239.0	-	-	-	80.027.4	-	-	-	-	-
Salaries and related benefits	161,294.8	157,370,4	156,535,4	144.617.0	136,720.6	128,465,3	113.870.9	113.878.1	98.858.6	95,192,2
Utilities	27,445.4	26,779.2	24,565.1	28,209.6	25,402.3	21.134.3	20,359.2	21,493.9	18,754.5	16,754.4
Lease from U.S. Government	5,303.9	5,180.6	5.101.1	5.066.1	4,958.3	4.830.1	4,689.9	4,505,4	4,375.4	4,303.8
Depreciation and amortization <sup>1</sup>	262,580.0	215,291.9	219.060.3	185,914.1	164.852.8	142,029.5	133,106.4	132,424.5	126.177.8	114,950.5
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES <sup>1</sup>	711.880.2	613.974.1	608,722.0	536,950.2	588,250,1	478,555.3	423,036.2	414,409.3	378,293.8	365,306.3
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	/11,000.2	015,974.1	008,722.0	550,950.2	566,250.1	476,000.0	423,030.2	414,409.5	576,295.6	505,500.5
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) <sup>1</sup>	84,671.2	144,661.3	83,190.9	86,396.8	(26,888.7)	31,920.8	48,132.4	62,812.4	63,992.3	24,332.0
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Passenger facility charges, financing costs	-	-	-	(944.8)	(2,330.5)	(3,968.8)	(2,026.4)	(1,497.1)	(1,525.0)	(1,137.7
Investment income <sup>1</sup>	14.539.6	35.615.8	27,787.0	13,617.0	21.850.1	41,237.5	45,035.2	20.194.5	10.385.8	5,896.2
Interest expense <sup>1</sup>	(229,471.5)	(240.011.8)	(240,220,4)	(154,780.8)	(142,622,1)	(110,249,5)	(96,999.8)	(103,561.3)	(89,368.8)	(95,610.1
Federal, state and local grants	1,229.0	982.4	1,865.0	1,415.2	948.7	(,,,			-	
Fair value gain (loss) on swaps	6,422.5	(96,249,9)	(34,978,4)	103,731.4	(158,374.6)	(24,577,7)	(14,572.3)	1,205.8	(2.060.7)	5,572.3
Contributions to other governments	(313.8)	(1.297.9)	(10.086.1)	(650.2)	(150,57 1.0)	(2-1,07777)	(11,572.5)	-	(2,000.7)	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) <sup>1</sup>	(207,594.2)	(300,961.4)	(255,632.9)	(37,612.2)	(280,528.4)	(97,558.5)	(68,563.3)	(83,658.1)	(82,568.7)	(85,279.3
(,								(,		
GAIN (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS <sup>1</sup>	(122,923.0)	(156,300.1)	(172,442.0)	48,784.6	(307,417.1)	(65,637.7)	(20,430.9)	(20,845.7)	(18,576.4)	(60,947.3
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS										
Passenger facility charges	83,263.6	78,626.9	80,088.4	78,520.8	78,455.2	82,858.8	81,489.7	88,315.3	76,060.2	58,438.0
Federal, state and local grants	336,552.4	287,116.1	377,482.7	346,729.8	92,941.5	32,317.1	54,239.5	11,738.8	28,727.1	14,378.3
Other capital property acquired	4,067.7	5,180.0	650.0	2,978.0	267,488.2	3,498.2	1,231.6	-	-	6,044.9
TOTAL CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	423,883.7	370,923.0	458,221.1	428,228.6	438,884.9	118,674.1	136,960.8	100,054.1	104,787.3	78,861.2
Cumulative change in net position due to restatements <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	(61,605.2)	-	-	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION <sup>1</sup>	\$ 300,960,7	\$ 214.622.9	\$ 285,779.1	\$ 477.013.2	\$ 131,467.8	\$ (8,568.8)	\$ 116,529,9	\$ 79.208.4	\$ 86.210.9	\$ 17.913.9

<sup>1</sup> Amounts for years prior to 2008 have not been revised due to restatements recorded during the Airports Authority's 2011 and 2010 fiscal years. The amount of these restatements to any one specific year prior to 2008 is not determinable based on existing Airports Authority records. A summary of the impact of these adjustments is as follows:

	Years prior to 2008 (cumulative)
Increases in operating expenses due to restatements	
Increase in materials, equipment, supplies, contract services and other	\$ 5,603.2
Increase in depreciation and amortization	24,485.5
Change in operating expenses due to restatements	30,088.7
Change in operating income (loss)	(30,088.7)
Decreases in non-operating revenues (expenses) due to restatements	
Decrease in investment income	(29,513.3)
Decrease in interest expense	(2,003.2)
Change in non-operating revenues (expenses) due to restatements	(31,516.5)
Change in gain (loss) before capital contributions	(61,605.2)
Cumulative change in net position due to restatements	\$ (61,605.2)

#### **Exhibit S-3 – Operating Expenses by Business Unit**

(Expressed in Thousands)

Tand         1970         1971         977         1974         6048         6052         9073         5175         5185         4075           Inserver         4068         13578         13582         13585         13585         13585         33585		2012	2011 <sup>5</sup>	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
constructions, and order         5         9.02008         5         6.02008         5         6.02005         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210         5         4.0210 <th< td=""><td>REAGAN NATIONAL</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	REAGAN NATIONAL										
Spice and relate beefs         0.027         0.0221         0.0221         0.0211         0.0285         0.0285         0.0221         0.0211         0.0285         0.0212         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0211         0.0215         0.0215         0.0215         0.0215         0.0215         0.0216         0.0215         0.0216         0.0215         0.0216											
Ubility         NBG2	contract services, and other	\$ 58,217.9	\$ 56,664.9	\$ 55,848.8	\$ 47,846.1	\$ 49,691.4	\$ 58,393.0	\$ 49,285.6	\$ 44,273.9	\$ 43,028.1	\$ 42,379.1
Tanel         1970         1971         977         1374         1924         1924         1925         1324         4025           toris presental form liqued and capit anem         0.0         1078	Salaries and related benefits	61,879.4	59,716.2	59,799.5	56,522.7	56,112.1	53,294.8	47,818.9	47,660.8	41,725.6	40,221.7
backare         4486         5078         5078         5085         4118         4447         5078         5078         5085           Ner-qarbied for dark steet         2068         1.1187         1.0157         0.115         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.153         0.155         0.153         0.156	Utilities	9,065.1	8,366.0	8,063.6	9,360.5	8,687.4	7,623.1	7,083.2	6,977.5	6,042.5	5,801.8
Date         Description         Description <thdescripion< th=""> <thdescription< th=""> <thdesc< td=""><td>Travel</td><td>357.3</td><td>539.1</td><td>397.7</td><td>319.4</td><td>524.8</td><td>629.2</td><td>598.1</td><td>521.5</td><td>518.3</td><td>407.3</td></thdesc<></thdescription<></thdescripion<>	Travel	357.3	539.1	397.7	319.4	524.8	629.2	598.1	521.5	518.3	407.3
Nac	Insurance	4,246.1	3,657.8	3,654.2	3,696.6	4,116.5	4,448.7	3,463.5	3,715.0	3,790.6	3,936.5
Lase Bool 15 Government         22002         22685         22686         22686         22687         22687         22687         22687         22687         22687         22687         22687         115600 <th15600< th="">         115600         1156</th15600<>	Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets	0.6	(46.8)	(116.7)	(115.4)	(132.0)	(45.1)	(67.8)	65.6	78.0	50.3
Bates         6 S21 (1998)         19718         13246 (1978)         <	Non-capitalized facility projects	2,499.3	1,788.7	1,982.1	929.1	635.1	1,926.3	1,535.9	1,699.9		222.8
Table Regist Number Leprine         14/3499         19/04/3         14/06/6         10/2000         11/06/2         14/06/2         14/06/2         12/06/0         12/	Lease from U.S. Government	2,700.2	2,606.3	2,636.1	2,388.6	2,478.9	2,415.1	2,344.9	2,252.7	2,187.7	2,151.9
Dull SPANTPOLK         Inc.	Depreciation and amortization	8,184.0	6,523.1	8,798.3	9,271.3	13,546.1	11,571.8	10,584.6	10,894.5	13,154.6	11,110.8
Manuali, supportent, tangleta, Santer, and other         Disc. Soc. 202370.0         Proc. Soc. 202370.0         Proc. Soc. 202370.0         Proc. 202372         Proc. 202372 <td>Total Reagan National Expenses</td> <td>147,149.9</td> <td>139,815.3</td> <td>141,063.6</td> <td>130,218.9</td> <td>135,660.3</td> <td>140,256.9</td> <td>122,646.9</td> <td>118,061.4</td> <td>111,580.0</td> <td>106,282.2</td>	Total Reagan National Expenses	147,149.9	139,815.3	141,063.6	130,218.9	135,660.3	140,256.9	122,646.9	118,061.4	111,580.0	106,282.2
constances, and other         190,863         30,662         102,740         76,063         80,372         67,702         76,003	DULLES INTERNATIONAL										
Same at related banefits         89.282.8         63.17.1         89.30.8         83.20.6         87.20.7         47.20.2         45.00         97.20.72         45.90.2         66.00.0         97.20.12.3         97.20.72         45.90.2         45.90         13.00.1         13.0											
Unifies         18.002											
Tand         4405         5540         4584         3582         5822         6731         6775         5775         37755 <td></td>											
binume         4480         3.662         3.642         3.083         4145         4483         7.45         3.705         3.305           Non-capitale faily enjes         2.383         81.33         1.026,6         0.004         504         7.045         7.023         7.227         7.217         7.213         7.275         3.766         0.013         2.2491         2.2491         7.2473         7.2151         7.275         7.010         3.4085         0.005         5.560         0.001           Tota Duels terminal Genemes         2.2491         2.24781         2.2778         7.2110         3.4085         7.2575         7.010         3.4085         1.7259.8<											
Date generated from diposal of capital anests         7.3         07.8         111.2         0.11.2 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>00010</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						00010					
Nan-capable failing regient. 23.83 (2013) 1205.6 (2017) 24.93 (24.51) 24.94 (24.51) 24.94 (24.51) 24.94 (24.51) 24.94 (24.51) 24.95 (24.75) (24.75) 24.75 (2						,	,	.,		.,	
Lises Form Name         2233         2.2745         3.5767         6.0170         2.4783         2.2451         2.2827         2.2872         2.2872         2.2872           Tota Dules International Expenses         223.6485         224.781         221.5785         221.603         226.668         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         139.685.4         122.528.5         140.694.5           Material experiment         6.6853         6.0002         6.471.3         2.2484.8         58.2         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>											
Depresentation and information         108712         9,2666         100157         121120         33,4088         72775         55,100         74,4084         72,558         123,000           Tord Dubles themational Expension         222,568         222,603         134,8653         1363         134,855         134,855         134,855         134,855         134,855         134,855 <td></td>											
Data Dulies International Expense         222,0945         227,058.7         201,078.7         215,765.8         212,603.3         134,865.3         130,664.4         112,562.8         134,664.4           DULLES TOLL ROAD											
DULES TOLL ROAD Metridis, supplies, contract servers, and other         16,4810         17,2731         19,130.3         22,089.6         9,424.5         .											
Materials explores.         U         U         U         U         U         U         U         U         U         U           Staters and related benefits         6,680.4         6,000.2         6,421.3         2,248.8         58.2         -	Lotal Dulles International Expenses	232,694.5	224,783.4	227,058.7	201,078.7	215,726.5	212,600.3	194,885.3	190,665.4	172,562.8	164,094.3
Contract services, and other         16,80.04         17,87.91         19,13.03         22,086.6         942.45	DULLES TOLL ROAD										
Stantes and related benefits         6,585,1         0.2448,8         9.22 <td>Materials, equipment, supplies,</td> <td></td>	Materials, equipment, supplies,										
Unities         934.9         345.9         365.5         122.8         -	contract services, and other	16,430.4	17,879.1	19,130.3	22,089.6	9,424.5	-	-	-	-	-
Treef         312         3.67         18.5         4.44         10.8         -	Salaries and related benefits	6,985.1	6,900.2	6,421.3	2,484.8	58.2	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance         S872         S974         S515         10 073         1772         - </td <td>Utilities</td> <td>354.9</td> <td>345.9</td> <td>356.5</td> <td>122.8</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Utilities	354.9	345.9	356.5	122.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Los forceeds) from dispoal of capital asses         -         (.7.7)         (.6.2)         (.7.7)         -	Travel	31.2	36.7	18.5	44.4	10.8	-	-	-	-	-
Non-capabilized facility projects         1475         398.5         66.2         1.01  <	Insurance	587.2	597.4	551.5	1,069.3	177.2	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and anotization         3800         3455         178.1         14.19         3.2               Data Julies Toll Road Expenses         24,844         26,500.6         26,716.2         25,965.1         9,673.9	Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets	-	(2.7)	(6.2)	(0.7)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Dulles Total Dulles Tol Road Expenses         24,844.3         26,500.6         26,716.2         25,965.1         9,673.9         .	Non-capitalized facility projects					-	-	-	-	-	-
DULLES METRORALL PROJECT Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other Tavel         17259         1.408.7         1.105.5         1.255.1         415.6               Salaries and related benefits         2.778.1         2.308.0         1.839.6         1.586.6         154.55         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>							-	-	-	-	-
Materials equipment, supples, contract services, and other         1725         1.408.7         1.408.7         1.408.7         1.408.7         1.408.7         1.408.7         1.555         1.555         4.156         -	Total Dulles Toll Road Expenses	24,844.3	26,500.6	26,716.2	25,965.1	9,673.9	-	-	-	-	-
controt services, and other         1,725.9         1,408.7         1,105.5         1,255.1         415.6	DULLES METRORAIL PROJECT										
Salaries and related benefits       2,781       2,382.0       1,839.6       1,586.6       1545.5	Materials, equipment, supplies,										
Utilities         99.9         100.7         79.6         70.4	contract services, and other	1,725.9	1,408.7	1,105.5	1,255.1	415.6	-	-	-	-	-
Travel       188       17.3       13.3       44.8 <td>Salaries and related benefits</td> <td>2,778.1</td> <td>2,398.0</td> <td>1,839.6</td> <td>1,586.6</td> <td>154.5</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Salaries and related benefits	2,778.1	2,398.0	1,839.6	1,586.6	154.5	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance       (90)       1.5       5.2       1.66       -	Utilities	90.9	100.7	79.6	70.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       1       (1,4)       (2,9)       (4,2)       -<	Travel	18.8	17.3		44.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-capitalized facility projects         1         4         4         243         138         -	Insurance	(9.0)	1.5	5.2	16.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortization         1598         2289         82.6         1025         5.0               Tatal Dulles Metrorial Project Expenses         4,7645         4,1493         3,147.2         3,085.6         575.1		-				-		-	-	-	-
Total Dulles Metrorail Project Expenses         4,764.5         4,149.3         3,147.2         3,085.6         575.1         -		-				-	-	-	-	-	-
MASHINGTON FLYER EXPENSES         Image: mark of the second s							-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON FLYER MAGAZINE EXPENSES <sup>1</sup> .       .	Total Dulles Metrorail Project Expenses	4,764.5	4,149.3	3,147.2	3,085.6	575.1	-	-	-	-	-
TELECOMMUNICATIONS EXPENSES       5,1939       4,6136       4,2433       5,1288       5,6068       5,3619       5,415       5,5586       5,3248       6,257.8         FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER EXPENSES <sup>2</sup> 172.7       1833       241.9       2321       340.7       2132       30.6	WASHINGTON FLYER EXPENSES	-	-	-	-	-	-	176.5	1,428.6	1,359.7	1,477.1
FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER EXPENSES <sup>2</sup> 172.7       183.3       241.9       232.1       340.7       213.2       30.6       -       -         45025 AVIATION DRIVE EXPENSES <sup>3</sup> 1,1972       1,3319       1,4300       1,1989       1,4061       1,233.7       1,234.6       1,3020       1,1465       1,231.1         CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS <sup>4</sup>	WASHINGTON FLYER MAGAZINE EXPENSES 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	352.0	905.8
45025 AVIATION DRIVE EXPENSES <sup>3</sup> 1,1972       1,3319       1,4300       1,1989       1,4061       1,2337       1,2346       1,3020       1,1465       1,2317         CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS <sup>4</sup> Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other       4,8133       6,5439       2,5006       2,677.6       12,2810       3,4009       2,425.6       1,4655       2,712.5         Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       4,8133       6,543.9       2,500.6       2,677.6       12,2810       3,400.9       2,425.6       1,460.5       C68.0       2,712.5         Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       4,813.3       6,543.9       2,500.6       2,677.6       12,2810       3,400.9       2,425.6       1,460.5       C68.0       2,712.5         Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       4,613.8       7,676.2       3,866.7       3,707.4       1,960.3       2,424.6       652.2       1,606.9       190.8       269.6         Financing expenses       1	TELECOMMUNICATIONS EXPENSES	5,193.9	4,613.6	4,243.3	5,128.8	5,606.8	5,361.9	5,441.5	5,558.6	5,324.8	6,257.8
45025 AVIATION DRIVE EXPENSES <sup>3</sup> 1,1972       1,3319       1,4300       1,1989       1,4061       1,2337       1,2346       1,3020       1,1465       1,2317         CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS <sup>4</sup> Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other       4,8133       6,5439       2,5006       2,677.6       12,2810       3,4009       2,425.6       1,4655       2,712.5         Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       4,8133       6,543.9       2,500.6       2,677.6       12,2810       3,400.9       2,425.6       1,460.5       C68.0       2,712.5         Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       4,813.3       6,543.9       2,500.6       2,677.6       12,2810       3,400.9       2,425.6       1,460.5       C68.0       2,712.5         Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       4,613.8       7,676.2       3,866.7       3,707.4       1,960.3       2,424.6       652.2       1,606.9       190.8       269.6         Financing expenses       1	FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER EXPENSES 2	172.7	183 3	241 9	232.1	340 7	213.2	30.6	-	-	-
CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS <sup>4</sup> Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other         4,813.3         6,543.9         2,500.6         2,677.6         12,281.0         3,400.9         2,425.6         1,469.5         (568.0)         2,712.5           Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets         42,013.0         82.0         5.9         8.4         84,776.6         12,708.7         -         131           Legal fees         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,434.0           Depreciation and amortization         242,426.1         198,294.7         198,447.8         163,648.7         120,242.7         102,537.3         95,543.0         94,116.9         86,345.2         80,638.0           Total Construction Programs Expenses         295,863.2         212,596.8         204,821.0         170,042.1         219,260.7         118,893         98,620.8         97,393.3         85,968.0         85,058.0									1 302 0	1 1/6 5	1 721 1
Materials, equipment, supplies, contract services, and other         4,813.3         6,543.9         2,500.6         2,677.6         12,281.0         3,400.9         2,425.6         1,469.5         (568.0)         2,712.5           Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets         42,013.0         82.0         5.9         8.8         84,776.6         12,708.7         -         1.31         -         1.43.0         0         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         <		1,137.2	1,331.5	1,450.0	1,1.0.5	1,700.1	1,233.7	1,2.54.0	1,002.0	1,1-0.0	1,231.1
contract services, and other         4.8133         6.5439         2.500.6         2.677.6         12.281.0         3.4009         2.425.6         1,4695         (568.0)         2.712.5           Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets         42.013.0         82.0         5.9         8.4         84.776.6         12.708.7         -         1.000.8         2606.0         3.000.7         1.960.3         242.4         652.2         1.060.9         1.943.4         269.6         1.31         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1.44.40         3.444.8         3.444.7         120.242.7         102.537.3         94.316.9         86.345.2         80.268.8         85.968.0         85.968.0         85.968.0         85.968.0         85.968.0											
Loss (proceeds) from disposal of capital assets       42,013.0       82.0       5.9       8.4       84,776.6       12,708.7       - </td <td></td> <td>4 91 7 7</td> <td>6 642.0</td> <td>2 500 6</td> <td>26776</td> <td>10 201 0</td> <td>0 00k C</td> <td>2 425 4</td> <td>1 460 5</td> <td>(E69.0)</td> <td>2 71 2 5</td>		4 91 7 7	6 642.0	2 500 6	26776	10 201 0	0 00k C	2 425 4	1 460 5	(E69.0)	2 71 2 5
Non-capitalized facility projects         6,610.8         7,676.2         3,866.7         3,707.4         1,960.3         242.4         652.2         1,666.9         190.8         269.6           Financing expenses         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1.31           Legal fees         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1.43.0           Depreciation and amortization         242,426.1         198,294.7         198,478.8         120,242.7         102,537.3         95,543.0         94,316.9         86,345.2         806,386.0           Total Construction Programs Expenses         295,863.2         212,596.8         204,821.0         170,042.1         219,260.7         118,889.3         98,620.8         97,393.3         85,968.0         85,058.0								2,423.0	1,409.5	(0.606.0)	2,712.5
Financing expenses         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         13.1           Legal fees         198,247.7         198,447.8         163,648.7         120,242.7         102,537.3         95,543.0         94,316.9         86,345.2         80,248.2           Total Construction Programs Expenses         295,863.2         212,596.8         204,821.0         170,042.1         219,260.7         118,889.3         98,620.8         97,393.3         85,968.0								652.2	1 606 9	100.8	260.6
Legal fees         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,4340           Depreciation and amortization         242,4261         198,294.7         198,447.8         163,648.7         120,242.7         102,537.3         95,543.0         94,316.9         86,345.2         80,628.8           Total Construction Programs Expenses         295,863.2         212,596.8         204,821.0         170,042.1         219,260.7         118,889.3         98,620.8         97,393.3         85,968.0         85,058.0		0,010.8	7,070.2	3,000.7	5,707.4	1,500.5	242.4	032.2	1,000.9	190.0	
Depreciation and amortization         242,4261         198,294.7         198,447.8         163,648.7         120,242.7         102,537.3         95,543.0         94,316.9         86,345.2         80,628.8           Total Construction Programs Expenses         295,863.2         212,596.8         204,821.0         170,042.1         219,260.7         118,889.3         98,620.8         97,393.3         85,968.0         85,058.0				_	_	-			_		
Total Construction Programs Expenses         295,863.2         212,596.8         204,821.0         170,042.1         219,260.7         118,889.3         98,620.8         97,393.3         85,968.0         85,058.0		242,426,1	198.294.7	198.447 8	163.648.7	120.242 7	102.537 3	95.543.0	94.316.9	86.345.2	
TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 711,8802 \$ 613,974.2 \$ 608,721.9 \$ 536,950.2 \$ 588,250.1 \$ 478,555.3 \$ 423,036.2 \$ 414,409.3 \$ 378,293.8 \$ 365,306.3				,							85,058.0
TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 711,8802 \$ 613,974.2 \$ 608,721.9 \$ 536,950.2 \$ 588,250.1 \$ 478,555.3 \$ 423,036.2 \$ 414,409.3 \$ 378,293.8 \$ 365,306.3											
	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 711.880.2	\$ 613.974 2	\$ 608.721 9	\$ 536.950 2	\$ 588.250 1	\$ 478.5553	\$ 423.036.2	\$ 414.4093	\$ 378.293.8	\$ 365.306 3
		+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 515,5, 7.2								

<sup>1</sup> The Airports Authority converted the Washington Flyer Magazine Program to a management contract in 2005. Separate reporting has been discontinued.

<sup>2</sup> FAA Air Traffic Control Tower was completed in 2006.

<sup>3</sup> 45025 Aviation Drive is inclusive of all expense classifications.

<sup>4</sup> Construction programs consists of the Aviation Enterprise Capital Construction Program and the Dulles Corridor Capital Improvement Program.

<sup>5</sup> Certain amounts in 2011 have been reclassified within business units to be consistent with current year reporting.

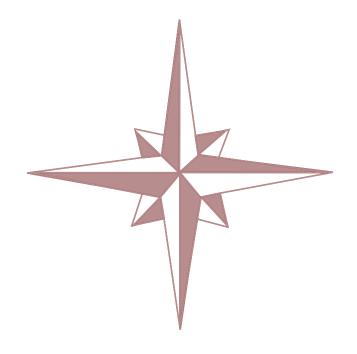


## Exhibit S-4 – Operating Revenues by Business Unit

(Expressed in Thousands)

RAGAR MATCONAL         Arrine:         S         B2208         5         65.744         5         81.175.2         5         7.328.4         5         65.734.1         5         63.398.0         5         65.286.9         5           Institution of the Reenues         122.560         122.560         122.183         10.734         92.383         97.383         13.422         13.445         13.422         13.413         13.042         23.223         2.0141         13.422         14.566         13.556		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Imms         5         202303         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,234         5         7,938         5         9,931         5         9,3551         1         1,235	REAGAN NATIONAL										
Landing free         65.353         11,752         40,443         32,2284         32,203         30,1462         22,2079         29,445         31,322           NorAline:         27,980         127,980         127,980         127,383         95,999         90,015         95,399         90,015         95,399         90,015         95,399         91,015         95,399         91,015         95,399         126,445         95,399         91,015         95,399         126,445         95,399         126,445         95,399         91,015         95,399         126,445         95,399         126,445         95,399         126,445         126,445         126,445         126,445         126,445         126,445         127,44         126,323         126,443         127,318         126,345         127,44         126,323         127,444         123,318         126,345         127,44         128,324         127,44         123,318         123,318         126,333         40,965         11,318         137,343         31,322         127,444         128,318         127,318         123,318         126,343         127,318         126,318         127,318         123,318         123,318         126,343         127,318         123,318         123,318         123,313         31,3											
Inst Akine Reenues         1273468         127466         121383         107564         95911         973833         95.9959         910335         91561           Non-Ailer         Bisson         18522         24.653         44.6532         43.664         41.7640         43.5802         44.559         40.6956         37.674         43.5225           Bernal Gonesions         185821         24.673         23.2683         20.7561         19.4028         15.6113         15.6053         14.5660           Immit docessions         19.9776         23.013         2.7374         2.7374         2.7374         2.7374         2.7374         2.7375         1.94028         15.6113         15.653         3.1350           Immit docessions         9.9775         2.9313         2.9313         2.9374         2.9313         3.9401         1.7775         1.9404           Digly aberning         4.9655         4.967         4.210         3.7743         3.1330         3.1370         1.3590         3.1350           Gonumber Comportation*         9.963         7.65         9.765         7.765         7.83         7.875         7.876           Finel base operator         12.277         1.9333         7.733         7.11         7.999 <td></td>											
Non-kindra: Concessions: Parting Renal corcessions:         Kall 267         44,832         Kall 267         24,864         41,7640         44,8092         44,509         40,696         57,6674         53,2850           Parting Renal corcessions:         135621         21,6679         24,809         22,7848         22,718         23,881         2,2081         1,2184         1,0659         1,45650           News stands         3,183         3,0442         2,2232         2,738         2,2281         2,2788         2,2012         2,738         2,2282         1,2784         1,2784           Dasky adventing         47,688         3,0812         4,8233         1,4125         4,11264         3,1733         0,202         3,1200         3,1300         1,3120         3,1300         1,3120         3,1300         1,3120         3,1300         1,3120         3,1300         1,3120<							-				26,455.0
Concession:         Perial car         Partal		127,549.0	127,460.6	121,318.5	106,756.4	98,593.1	97,383.3	95,995.9	93,013.5	93,565.1	80,257.5
Parking         441828         24.4852         24.8844         24.760         24.9802         24.980         24.980         27.9674         37.977         37.937         37.977         37.937         37.977         37.931         37.331         37.											
Rental cars         138621         22,6679         22,1693         22,2483         20,7361         19,4228         16,413         10,6059         14,5660           Food and beerage         8,5673         77,270         7,584         7,2016         7,2174         6,601.0         6,3955         4,0055         3,1056           Real         2,2476         2,4242         2,523.3         2,2478.6         2,254.3         2,200.7         2,738.6         2,201.7           Diplay sherting         4,756.6         5,003.1         5,73.5         4,125.5         4,106.4         3,75.3         3,70.0         1,70.9           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 4,756.5         6,78.3         7,70.3         7,70.3         7,70.3         7,70.5         7,78.3         7,70.7           Services         6,98.3         7,73.3         7,70.3         7,72.0         7,76.5         7,78.3         7,70.7           Mohr         7,89.4         7,79.3         7,71.7         7,78.8         2,72.0         8,73.3         7,72.56         6,47.43           John         7,89.4         7,79.45         7,79.4         7,22.6         6,47.43         3,33.0         1,33.0         1,33.0         1,33.0         1,33.0         1,33.0         1,33.		48,167,8	44,853,2	43.684.4	41.764.0	43,980,2	44,569.9	40.459.6	37.647.4	35,285.0	32,381.8
Immal concession:         Bit of a stards	-										15,189.2
Food and bewrape         58,573         7.270         7.843         7.1071         7.1174         6.800.         6.3935         4.906.5         3.185.5           New stands         3.1191         3.044 2         2.9231         2.9231         2.2564.3         2.200.7         2.763.8         2.493.4           Diplip valenting         4.865         5.881.3         5.883.3         3.181.1         3.373.40         -         -         -           Ground transportation'         4.995.5         4.807.7         4.203         3.181.1         3.373.40         -											
News stands         1191         3.0.4/2         2.223.1         2.273.8         2.258.1         2.228.8         1.951.2         1.951.2         1.976.4           Retail         2.277.4         2.573.3         2.258.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.208.4         2.209.4         2.20		8,567.9	7,927.0	7,563.4	7,109.1	7,117.4	6,801.0	6,359.5	4,906.5	3,185.5	3,213.8
Retail         24276         24282         242823         24823         24843         22515         22643         22012         22768         24934           Digby adverting Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 49559         44077         746210         31743         31331         31730         0         -	-	3,119.1		2,932.1				2,228.8	1,951.2		1,653.8
Ground ransportation <sup>1</sup> 4955.9         44.807.7         64.61         9.767.7         2.33         3.33.40              Servexes         668         775.5         84.6         96.0         576.7         239         223.8         201.9         132.21           Infight catering         853.1         777.3         770.1         779.8         202.1         205.5         134.4         0.0         0.0           Day free         85.4         7.763         770.1         779.8         202.1         3.201.6         3.33.3         1.97           All other         97.80.2         97.65.0         97.35.2         67.47         7.002.2         2.21.5         6.4.74.6           Security         99.80.1         7.769.3         9.2.59.1         9.36.1         7.74.93         8.88.1         888.1         884.8         884.3           Other         2.187.4         2.216.6         2.27.18         2.401.6         2.401.7         2.44.6         6.5.21         7.603.1           Ubity sales         2.187.4         2.23.00         1.68.10         1.08.20         1.88.8.3         888.1         888.1         8.4.3.1           Other         2.18.88         2.300.7	Retail	2,427.6	2,432.4	2,362.3	2,474.8	2,531.5	2,564.3	2,601.7	2,763.8	2,493.4	1,894.1
Services         698         775         946         600         577         7239         723         7013           Infight Cathring         555         7793         7011         7799         7220         7765         7783         7013         7035         7773           Fived base operator         1,227         1,0393         7803         7798         2821         2055         1349         0.0         00           Duty free         834         448         422         497         528         409         3321         3330           Total Concessions         93.4912         92,350         97.355         87.477         86.393         84.5891         75.823         71.2256         64.7463           Fernis         79913         6531         8547         86.363         7469         72.400         72.672         8.4247         90.055           Security         7193         6531         8531         8331         8543         8433           Ubity ales         21.87         42.016         2.2401         1.9901         1.8655         1.9393         1.7447           Other         Total Non-Aritine Revenues         105.522         105.700         111.3924         100.94	Display advertising	4,786.8	5,083.1	5,835.3	4,121.5	4,105.4	3,715.3	3,072.0	3,150.0	3,150.0	3,170.5
Infight catering Brend base operator         8531         7793         7011         7199         7220         7655         7743         7755         7765           Duy fne         834         748         422         497         528         409         533         333         197           All other         6330         500         5429         6747         3203         3151         5121         57216         7763         73304           Lotal Concessions         93,4911         92,350         97,3258         87,4767         863693         845891         77,623         7,2226         64,7463           Security         23,1874         22,186         2,718         24016         2,2401         1,901         1,865         1,939         1,7424           Other         2,1874         2,2186         2,27,10         1,019,42         1,991         8,408         8433         1,8403         1,6635           Other         2,188         2,530         1,610         1,8101         2,611         1,6655         1,533         4,0031         1,7665           Colles intrensenee         2,840772         23,1376         229,703         208,676         198,0820         198,403         1,775,51         <	Ground transportation <sup>1</sup>	4,955.9	4,807.7	4,621.0	3,745.3	3,183.1	3,373.40	-	-	-	-
Find base operator         12277         1.093 3         703 3         793 8         2221 205 5         1.149         0.0         0.0           Dury free         834         748         422         497         523         409         551         3.3304           Identify         6780         5706         5492         6747         3202         2215         3.5216         3.7201         3.3304           Identify         79485         77,933         92,591         93,881         7,499         7,2540         7,2572         8,4474         9055           Security         7193         831         847         8663         8783         8883         881         848         883           Utily sales         2187         2216         22718         224016         22011         19,901         1,885         19,999         1,7447           Other         105382         105,770         111,3924         10,9142         99,4889         96,4170         87,446         85,531         76,003           Total Non-Aritine Revenue         123,0772         23,1876         22,7109         208,070         198,0820         198,083         413,3176         46,013.6         44,961.1           Allong	Services	69.8	76.5	84.6	96.0	576.7	239.9	219.3	201.9	192.3	208.9
Duy free         834         748         422         497         528         403         333         333         137           All other         6780         5700         592,001         83,902         2321         3522         372,025         64,743           Total Concessions         79465         7,769         9,2591         9,3681         7,349         7,2540         7,2672         8,4247         90,555           Security         7193         8531         8547         8663         8783         8883         8881         8688         8433           Utily sales         21874         2228         22718         24016         22401         1,999         1,7485         1,555         4,0811         1,605           Total Non-Artine Revenue         10522         105,770         113,824         10,9142         9,9483         9,64170         87,448         68,5373         7,005         1,83,430         173,451         1,605         1,75,53         4,0811         1,605           DULES INTERNATIONAL         234,072         233,187         62,372.3         7,3547         7,5075         7,196,18         69,881         62,372.3           International Arrial Building fees         26,722.0         116,7250											735.4
All other Total Concessions         6780         5706         5492         6747         2022         2125         3.527.6         3.720.1         3.330.4           Total Concessions         93.491.2         92.356.0         97.325.8         87.476.7         86.369.3         84.589.1         75.823         77.1225.6         64.746.3           Rents         77.945.3         93.53.1         88.47         86.3         77.843         98.83         88.8         88.33           Ullity sales         21.87.4         2.218.6         2.271.8         2.401.6         2.240.1         1.900.1         1.885.5         1.939.9         1.744.7           Other         21.88.2         205.00         101.01.91.42         99.483.9         96.47.0         87.348.6         88.523.1         77.00.0         1.74.00.7           Total Non-Adline Revenues         106.528.2         105.72.7         111.392.4         109.914.2         199.483.9         198.483.5         127.855.4         88.523.1         77.00.0         1.74.55           DULES INTERNATIONAL         -         -         2.33.07.9         159.42.5         112.189.2         86.335.9         7.95.07.8         7.1.95.1.8         66.98.51.6         62.372.3           Adding fees         66.721.2											0.0
Total Concessions         93,4912         92,3560         97,325.6         87,476.7         96,369.3         84,589.1         75,829.3         71,225.6         64,746.3           Rents         7,946.5         7,769.3         9,259.1         9,368.1         7,349.9         7,254.0         7,267.2         8,424.7         9055.5           Security         2187.4         2,216.6         2,271.8         2,401.6         2,240.1         1,991         1,865.5         1,533.5         4,083.1         1,665.5         1,533.5         4,083.1         1,665.5         1,533.5         4,083.1         1,660.5         1,665.5         1,533.5         4,083.1         1,660.5         1,665.5         1,533.5         4,083.1         1,660.5         1,660.5         1,801.5         2,613.3         1,665.5         1,533.5         4,083.1         1,660.5           Other         2,187.8         2,310.7         2,318.7.6         2,32,710.9         208,670.6         1,98,082.0         1,93,80.3         1,84.30.5         1,74,74.6         8,652.51         7,760.5         7,1,961.8         6,98.86.1         62,372.3           OULES INTERNATIONAL         187,250.7         159,425.8         1,12,192         8,6335.9         7,8,34.7         7,5075.8         7,1,961.8         69,886.1											0.0
Rents         7,963 5         7,763 3         9,259.1         9,368.1         7,349.9         7,254.0         7,267.2         8,42,7         9,055.5           Security         2,167         2,218.1         2,231.0         1,857.7         8663         678.3         888.3         898.1         854.8         943.3           Utily sales         2,167         2,213.0         1,610.1         1,201.5         2,261.3         1,269.1         1,886.5         1,939.9         1,744.7           Other         218.3         2,230.0         1,610.1         1,201.5         2,261.3         1,990.1         1,886.5         4,983.1         7,804.3           Total Non-Atrine Revenue         1065.282         105,777.0         111.392.4         101,914.2         99,488.9         96,417.0         87,434.6         86,528.1         7,804.3           DULLES INTERNATIONAL											2,734.2
Sucurity         179.3         85.31         85.47         26.63         87.83         88.83         198.13         88.48         44.33           Utility sales         2.218         2.218.8         2.271.8         2.240.16         2.240.1         1.990.1         1.863.5         4.081.3         1.660.5           Other         2.88.8         2.530.0         1.681.0         1.001.5         2.651.3         1.695.5         1.533.5         4.081.3         1.660.5           Total Non-Aritine Revenue         234,077.2         233,187.6         232,710         208,670.6         198,082.0         193,800.3         183,400.5         173,541.6         171,605.4           DULLES INTERNATIONAL         -	Total Concessions	93,491.2	92,356.0	97,325.8	87,476.7	86,369.3	84,589.1	75,829.3	71,225.6	64,746.3	61,181.7
Sucurity         179.3         85.31         85.47         26.63         87.83         88.83         198.13         88.48         44.33           Utility sales         2.218         2.218.8         2.271.8         2.240.16         2.240.1         1.990.1         1.863.5         4.081.3         1.660.5           Other         2.88.8         2.530.0         1.681.0         1.001.5         2.651.3         1.695.5         1.533.5         4.081.3         1.660.5           Total Non-Aritine Revenue         234,077.2         233,187.6         232,710         208,670.6         198,082.0         193,800.3         183,400.5         173,541.6         171,605.4           DULLES INTERNATIONAL         -	Dente	70105	7 700 0	0.050.1	0.200.1	73400	7.75.4.0	7 7 67 7	0.4247	0.055.5	6 5 7 9 7
Utility sales         21874         228.6         227.8         2.401.6         2.401.1         1.990.1         1.886.5         1.939.9         1.744.7           Other         Total Non-Airline Revenue         105.528.2         105.727.0         111.302.4         10.194.2         9.488.9         9.64.17.0         8.7434.6         86.528.1         7.600.3           Total Resgan National Revenues         233.187.6         232.710.9         208.670.6         198.082.0         193.800.3         183.430.5         179.541.6         171.605.4           DULLES INTERNATIONAL                       6.937.5         6.637.5         6.637.5         7.507.58         71.961.8         69.886.1         62.372.3                6.937.5         6.499.5         6.4.494.6         64.000.2         49.999.3         44.533.3         41.317.6         46.91.56         4.4.946.1            4.937.6         4.6.2.372.3             5.937.6         71.93.99         41.317.6         46.91.56         4.94.96.1											6,570.7 1,083.0
Other         2183         2.5300         1.6010         1.8015         2.6513         1.6955         1.5515         4.0811         1.6005           Total Non-Airline Revenue         1065282         105727.0         111.3924         101.9142         99,4883         96,4170         87,4346         86,5281         778,0403            DULLES INTERNATIONAL         233,077         233,187.6         232,7109         208,6706         139,0820         139,3003         183,4305         179,541.6         171,065.4           Airline         Rents         187,2907         159,425.8         112,1892         86,335.9         778,354.7         71,961.8         64,691.6         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,3946.1         64,591.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,593.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,593.5         64,4946.1         64,591.5         64,593.5         64,593.5         64,593.5         71,703.5         18,294.4         14,7											1,083.0 1,731.4
Total Non-Airline Revenue Total Reagan National Revenues         1065282         105,727.0         111,392.4         101,914.2         99,488.9         96,417.0         87,434.6         86,528.1         78,040.3           DULLES INTERNATIONAL Airline Rents Landing fees         187,250.7         159,425.8         112,189.2         86,335.9         78,354.7         75,075.8         71,961.8         69,886.1         62,372.3           International Arrival Building fees         25,701.1         21,407.8         8180.16         64,395.5         11,897.4         9,372.0         9,100.2         9,394.9         8,489.9         12,295.1           Passenger Fees         6,721.2         7,676.6         6,652.5         17,500.0         17,770.5         18,670.0         17,703.5         18,294.4         14,777.1         16,870.0         15,550.3           Design Fees         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>694.1</td></td<>											694.1
Total Reagan National Revenues         234,077.2         233,187.6         232,710.9         208,670.6         198,082.0         193,800.3         183,430.5         179,541.6         171,605.4           DULLES INTERNATIONAL Airline: Rents         187,250.7         159,425.8         112,189.2         86,335.9         75,075.8         71,961.8         69,886.1         62,372.3           Landing fees         187,250.7         159,425.8         112,189.2         86,335.9         78,354.7         75,075.8         71,961.8         69,886.1         62,372.3           International Arrival Building fees         25,702.1         21,407.8         18,802.6         11,897.4         9,372.0         9,100.2         9,394.9         8,849.9         12,295.1           Passenger Fees         6,721.2         7,676.6         6,652.5         17,508.0         17,035         18,294.4         14,777.1         16,874.0         159.503           Design Fees         -         -         -         20,361.2         -         -         -         20,361.2         -         -         -         -         20,361.2         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -											71,260.9
DULLES INTERNATIONAL Airline:         Information         Information <thinformation< th="">         Information         <thinform< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>151,518.4</td></thinform<></thinformation<>											151,518.4
Airline:         Image: Constraint of the services of the serv	rotal nedgar Hatonal Netenaes	231,0772	233,207.0	202,720.0	200,070.0	190,002.0	155,000.5	100, 100.0	170,011.0	171,000.1	131,510.1
Rents         187,250.7         159,425.8         112,189.2         86,335.9         78,354.7         75,075.8         71,961.8         66,987.5         66,397.5           Landing fees         66,397.5         68,499.5         61,494.6         64,006.2         49,999.3         48,533.3         41,317.6         44,913.6         44,949.1           International Arrival Building fees         25,702.1         21,407.8         18,021.6         11,877.4         9,100.2         9,334.9         8,849.9         12,996.1           Passenger Fees         6,721.2         7,676.6         6,652.5         17,508.0         17,703.5         18,294.4         14,777.1         16,874.0         15,950.3           Design Fees         -         -         -         20,361.2         -	DULLES INTERNATIONAL										
Landing fees         66,937.5         68,499.5         61,494.6         64,006.2         49,999.3         48,533.3         41,317.6         46,913.6         44,946.1           International Arrival Building fees         25,702.1         21,407.8         11,807.4         9,372.0         9,100.2         9,394.9         8,849.9         12,295.1           Passenger fees         0         -         -         20,361.2         -	Airline:										
International Arrival Building fees         25,702.1         21,407.8         18,012.6         11,897.4         9,372.0         9,100.2         9,394.9         8,84.99         12,295.1           Passenger Fees         6,721.2         7,676.6         6,652.5         17,508.0         17,703.5         18,294.4         14,777.1         18,874.0         15,950.3           Design Fees         -         13,030.7         14,252.36         135,553.8         8         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Rents	187,250.7	159,425.8	112,189.2	86,335.9	78,354.7	75,075.8	71,961.8	69,886.1	62,372.3	62,281.5
Passenger Fees         6,721.2         7,676.6         6,652.5         17,508.0         17,703.5         18,294.4         14,777.1         16,874.0         15,950.3           Design Fees		66,937.5	68,499.5		64,006.2				46,913.6		41,182.2
Design Fees         · <th< td=""><td>International Arrival Building fees</td><td>25,702.1</td><td>21,407.8</td><td>18,012.6</td><td>11,897.4</td><td>9,372.0</td><td>9,100.2</td><td>9,394.9</td><td>8,849.9</td><td>12,295.1</td><td>12,768.8</td></th<>	International Arrival Building fees	25,702.1	21,407.8	18,012.6	11,897.4	9,372.0	9,100.2	9,394.9	8,849.9	12,295.1	12,768.8
Total Airline Revenues         286,611.5         257,009.7         198,348.9         179,747.5         175,790.7         151,003.7         137,451.4         142,523.6         135,563.8           Non-Airline: Concessions: Parking         60,775.6         64,083.1         66,6466.6         65,957.7         71,125.6         71,958.9         68,608.0         75,769.0         64,396.8           Rental cars         16,870.9         17,038.7         16,135.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,985.7         13,790.7         14,484.9         13,458.5           Terminal concessions:	Passenger Fees	6,721.2	7,676.6	6,652.5	17,508.0	17,703.5	18,294.4	14,777.1	16,874.0	15,950.3	12,477.8
Non-Airline: Concessions: Parking         60,775.6         64,083.1         66,666.6         65,957.7         71,125.6         71,958.9         68,608.0         75,769.0         64,396.8           Rental cars         16,870.9         17,038.7         16,135.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,985.7         13,707         14,445.9         64,396.8           Rental cars         16,870.9         17,038.7         16,135.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,985.7         13,707         14,445.9         14,458.7           Food and beverage         9,443.2         9,347.9         8,911.2         8,517.8         8,742.7         8,184.7         6,396.0         5,719.5         4,677.3           News stands         4,007.9         3,957.5         4,026.3         4,130.1         4,081.0         3,557.7         3,258.9         3,228.1         2,772.5           Retail         2,683.5         2,697.5         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Display advertising         5,878.5         6,978.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Grorund transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,891.9	Design Fees	-	-	-	-	20,361.2	-	-	-	-	-
Concessions:         Parking         60,775.6         64,083.1         66,666.6         65,957.7         71,125.6         71,958.9         66,60.00         75,769.0         64,396.8           Rental cars         10,070.9         17,038.7         16,152.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,987.7         16,987.9         64,396.8         14,349.5           Rental cars         9,443.2         9,347.9         8,911.2         8,517.8         8,742.7         8,184.7         6,366.00         5,719.5         4,677.3           News stands         4,007.9         3,957.5         4,026.3         4,130.1         4,081.0         3,555.7         3,259.8         3,228.1         2,772.5           Retail         2,688.5         2,569.8         2,517.2         2,562.4         2,676.1         2,429.6         2,539.7         2,195.2           Display advertising         5,878.5         6,978.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,891.9         2,980.1         3,804.2         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         <	Total Airline Revenues	286,611.5	257,009.7	198,348.9	179,747.5	175,790.7	151,003.7	137,451.4	142,523.6	135,563.8	128,710.3
Concessions:         Parking         60,775.6         64,083.1         66,666.6         65,957.7         71,125.6         71,958.9         66,60.00         75,769.0         64,396.8           Rental cars         10,070.9         17,038.7         16,152.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,987.7         16,987.9         64,396.8         14,349.5           Rental cars         9,443.2         9,347.9         8,911.2         8,517.8         8,742.7         8,184.7         6,366.00         5,719.5         4,677.3           News stands         4,007.9         3,957.5         4,026.3         4,130.1         4,081.0         3,555.7         3,259.8         3,228.1         2,772.5           Retail         2,688.5         2,569.8         2,517.2         2,562.4         2,676.1         2,429.6         2,539.7         2,195.2           Display advertising         5,878.5         6,978.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,891.9         2,980.1         3,804.2         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         <											
Parking         660,755.6         64,083.1         666,666.6         65,957.7         71,125.6         71,958.9         68,608.0         75,769.0         64,396.8           Rental cars         16,709.9         16,135.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,985.7         13,707.7         14,444.9         14,458.7           Terminal concessions:         - <td></td>											
Renta <sup>T</sup> cars         16,870.9         17,038.7         16,135.2         15,616.9         15,213.1         14,985.7         13,790.7         14,484.9         13,458.5           Terminal concessions:         -											
Terminal concessions:         Participation         Parting         Participation         Partic											47,408.0
Food and beverage         9,443.2         9,347.9         8,911.2         8,517.8         8,742.7         8,184.7         6,396.0         5,719.5         4,677.3           News stands         4,007.9         3,957.5         4,026.3         4,130.1         4,081.0         3,555.7         3,259.8         3,328.1         2,772.5           Retail         2,668.3         2,557.8         2,576.8         2,676.1         2,429.6         2,539.7         2,195.2           Display advertising         5,878.5         6,978.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,801.9         2,980.1         3,804.2         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -         -         -           Services         3,263.3         3,162.0         3,204.0         3,329.9         4,682.3         4,682.3         4,682.9         4,682.4           Inflight catering         7,070.0         6,393.2         6,667.5         5,985.2         6,102.9         5,476.0         4,882.3         4,682.9         4,761.3		16,870.9	17,038.7	16,135.2	15,616.9	15,213.1	14,985.7	13,790.7	14,484.9	13,458.5	11,313.6
News stands         4,007.9         3,957.5         4,026.3         4,130.1         4,081.0         3,557.7         3,259.8         3,328.1         2,772.5           Retail         2,683.5         2,569.8         2,517.2         2,562.4         2,576.8         2,676.1         2,42.96         2,539.7         2,195.2           Display advertising         5,878.5         6,977.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,891.9         2,980.1         3,804.2         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -         -         -           Services         3,263.3         3,162.0         3,260.6         3,329.6         5,515.2         5,374.0         5,372.2         5,293.9         4,682.8           Inflight catering         70700         6,393.2         6,667.5         5,985.2         6,102.9         5,476.0         4,882.3         4,682.9         4,761.3		0.442.2	0.247.0	0.011.0	0.517.0	07407	01047	6 206 0	5 710 5	4.677.2	2 724 1
Retail         2,683.5         2,569.8         2,517.2         2,562.4         2,576.8         2,676.1         2,429.6         2,539.7         2,195.2           Display advertising         5,878.5         6,678.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,891.9         2,900.1         3,804.2         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -         -         -         -           Services         3,268.3         3,162.0         3,206.6         3,329.6         5,515.2         5,374.0         5,372.2         5,239.9         4,682.8           Inflight catering         7,070.0         6,393.2         6,067.5         5,985.2         6,120.9         5,476.0         4,882.3         4,682.9         4,761.3											3,724.1 1,551.6
Display advertising         5,878.5         6,978.7         5,817.4         4,122.3         4,119.8         3,640.7         3,228.0         3,150.0         3,150.0           Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,801.9         2,980.1         3,804.2         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -											1,551.0
Ground transportation <sup>1</sup> 3,8919         2,980.1         3,8042         3,570.3         3,185.6         1,410.60         -         -         -           Services         3,263.3         3,162.0         3,260.6         3,329.6         5,515.2         5,374.0         5,372.2         5,293.9         4,682.8           Inflight catering         7,070.0         6,393.2         6,067.5         5,985.2         6,120.9         5,476.0         4,882.3         4,682.9         4,761.3											3,171.9
Services         3,263.3         3,162.0         3,260.6         3,329.6         5,515.2         5,374.0         5,372.2         5,293.9         4,682.8           Inflight catering         7,070.0         6,393.2         6,067.5         5,985.2         6,120.9         5,476.0         4,882.3         4,682.9         4,761.3								3,228.0	5,150.0	3,130.0	5,171.5
Inflight catering 7,070.0 6,393.2 6,067.5 5,985.2 6,120.9 5,476.0 4,882.3 4,682.9 4,761.3								5 377 7	5 203 0	4.687.8	4,195.0
											4,470.3
Fixed base operator 14,2495 13,0701 11,779.8 11,6131 12,4300 11,779.6 10,448.7 7,602.8 4,802.7	Fixed base operator	14,249.5	13,070.1	11,779.8	11,613.1	12,430.0	11,779.6	10,448.7	7,602.8	4,802.7	4,381.6
Duty free 4,372/3 3,934 3,1581 2,814 3,7575 3,881,5 2,8924 3,1331 2,7000											2,016.9
All other 1,2221 1,2285 1,7036 1,277, 4733 4742 1,8435 1,4641 1,3734											926.4
Total Concessions 1342287 135,244.0 133,6477 129,984.5 137,341.5 132,897.7 123,1512 127,168.0 108,970.5											84,697.2
Rents         19,852.7         18,085.8         19,259.4         19,372.2         14,402.3         11,191.6         11,396.1         10,358.8         8,066.0	Rents	19,852.7	18,085.8	19,259.4	19,372.2	14,402.3	11,917.6	11,396.1	10,358.8	8,066.0	6,117.7
Security 300.2 393.7 393.7 393.7 400.4 401.2 404.8 394.4 386.0	Security	300.2	393.7			400.4	401.2	404.8	394.4		1,549.3
Utility sales         5,456.5         5,624.9         5,832.8         6,474.3         6,565.6         5,298.8         5,462.4         5,322.2         4,950.1											4,775.5
Other         5,976.6         5,851.2         4,828.2         4,598.3         9,039.1         4,668.5         4,254.1         4,668.6         3,884.3											2,980.6
Total Non-Airline Revenues         165,814.7         165,199.6         163,961.8         160,823.0         167,748.9         155,183.8         144,668.6         147,912.0         126,256.9											100,120.3
Total Dules International Revenues         452,426.2         422,209.3         362,310.7         340,570.5         343,539.6         306,187.5         282,120.0         290,435.6         261,820.7	Total Dulles International Revenues	452,426.2	422,209.3	362,310.7	340,570.5	343,539.6	306,187.5	282,120.0	290,435.6	261,820.7	228,830.6
DULLES TOLL ROAD		202 505 5	0.1.000 -	00.000	C1007 -	10 41 5 -					
Tolls         101,596.1         94,659.5         88,038.2         64,893.6         10,416.5         -			94,659.5	88,038.2	64,893.6	10,416.5	-	-	-	-	-
			-	-	-	10.410 5	-	-	-	-	-
Total Dulles Toll Road 101,603.8 94,659.5 88,038.2 64,893.6 10,416.5	Total Dunes TOIL ROad	101,003.8	94,009.5	00,036.2	04,693.0	10,410.5	-	-	-	-	-
WASHINGTON FLYER 118.5 2,007.0 1,575.7	WASHINGTON FLYER		_		_	_	_	1185	2 007 0	1 575 7	1,243.0
	THE GENERAL CHEER CONTRACTOR		-	_	-		-	110.0	2,007.0	1,3/3./	1,243.0
WASHINGTON FLYER MAGAZINE 4.7 352.0	WASHINGTON FLYER MAGAZINE	_	-		-	-	-	-	47	352.0	722.1
TELECOMMUNICATIONS 3,866.7 3,931.5 4,157.2 4,119.3 4,179.9 4,414.7 3,900.0 3,673.6 5,345.7	TELECOMMUNICATIONS	3,866.7	3,931.5	4,157.2	4,119.3	4,179.9	4,414.7	3,900.0	3,673.6	5,345.7	5,361.0
FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER 3,701.0 3,696.1 3,686.0 3,717.9 3,698.9 3,582.4	FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	3,701.0	3,696.1	3,686.0	3,717.9	3,698.9	3,582.4	-	-	-	-
45025 AVIATION DRIVE <sup>2</sup> 8765 9514 1,009.9 1,375.1 1,444.5 2,491.2 1,599.6 1,559.2 1,586.6	45025 AVIATION DRIVE <sup>2</sup>	876.5	951.4	1,009.9	1,375.1	1,444.5	2,491.2	1,599.6	1,559.2	1,586.6	1,963.1
TOTAL REVENUES \$ 796,551.4 \$ 758,635.4 \$ 691,912.9 \$ 623,347.0 \$ 561,361.4 \$ 510,476.1 \$ 471,168.6 \$ 477,221.7 \$ 442,286.1 \$	TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 796,551.4	\$ 758,635.4	\$ 691,912.9	\$ 623,347.0	\$ 561,361.4	\$ 510,476.1	\$ 471,168.6	\$ 477,221.7	\$ 442,286.1	\$ 389,638.2

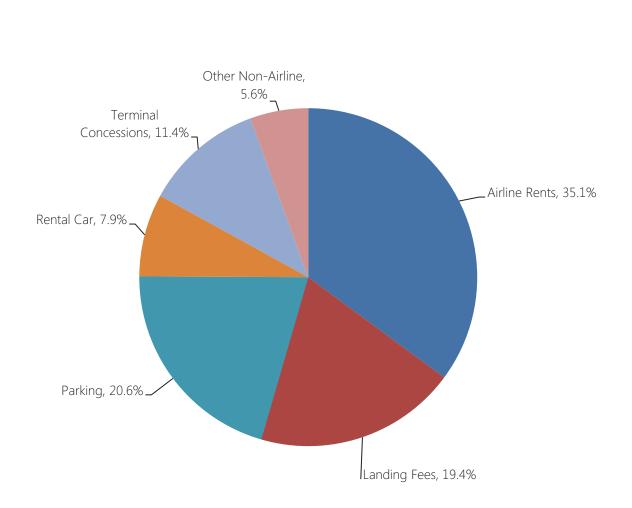
 $^1$  Ground transportation was reported as other revenue in years prior to 2007.  $^2$  45025 Aviation Drive revenues include rents and utilities.



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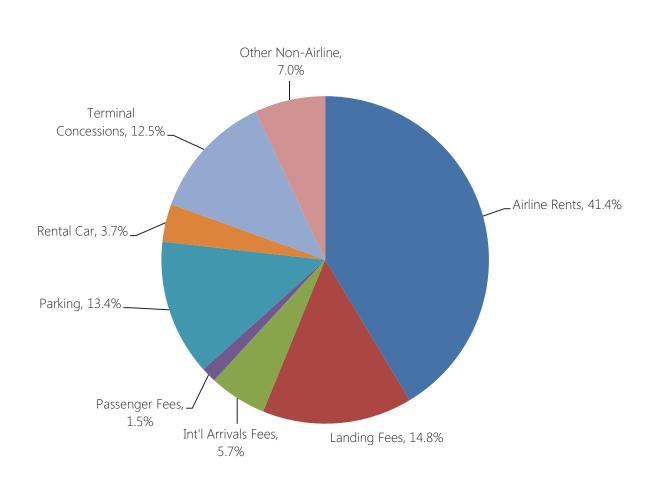


#### Exhibit S-5 – Operating Revenues – Reagan National





#### **Exhibit S-6 – Operating Revenues – Dulles International**



2012



## Exhibit S-7 – Rates and Charges

#### Reagan National Rates

	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Signatory Airline Rates										
Landing Fee	\$ 3.55	\$ 3.42	\$ 3.16	\$ 2.81	\$ 2.55	\$ 2.34	\$ 2.26	\$ 2.16	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.34
Signatory Airline Cost Per Enplanement	\$ 12.28	\$ 13.94	\$ 12.84	\$ 12.49	\$ 10.95	\$ 10.51	\$ 10.02	\$ 10.22	\$ 11.84	\$ 11.29
Terminal A - Average Rate	\$ 145.23	\$ 160.22	\$ 174.48	\$ 111.55	\$ 103.47	\$ 100.73	\$ 84.22	\$ 68.76	\$ 69.46	\$ 57.10
Terminal B & C - Average Rate	\$ 191.82	\$ 208.51	\$ 194.94	\$ 180.68	\$ 162.87	\$ 169.51	\$ 156.22	\$ 150.16	\$ 150.44	\$ 125.49
Type 6 - Covered/Unenclosed	\$ 5.57	\$ 5.55	\$ 5.42	\$ 5.35	\$ 6.00	\$ 5.85	\$ 5.68	\$ 5.49	\$ 5.21	\$ 5.09
Type 7 - Uncovered/Unenclosed	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.34	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.46	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.37	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.27
Non-Signatory Airline Rates										
General Aviation Landing Fees	\$ 3.86	\$ 3.59	\$ 3.52	\$ 2.93	\$ 2.89	\$ 2.82	\$ 2.66	\$ 2.40	\$ 2.80	\$ 2.45
Landing Fees	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.48	\$ 4.40	\$ 3.66	\$ 3.61	\$ 3.52	\$ 3.33	\$ 3.00	\$ 2.80	\$ 2.45
Terminal A	\$ 154.95	\$ 148.47	\$ 175.85	\$ 111.15	\$ 106.40	\$ 115.79	\$ 92.79	\$ 84.81	\$ 92.93	\$ 76.79
Terminal B & C	\$ 223.82	\$ 229.12	\$ 213.51	\$ 199.45	\$ 185.11	\$ 193.36	\$ 172.31	\$ 169.93	\$ 167.07	\$ 154.56
Rental Car Customer Facility Charge										
Customer Facility Charge (Per Rental Day)	\$ 2.50									

		2012	2011		2010		2009		2008		2007	2006		2005		2004		2003
Signatory Airline Rates																		
Landing Fee	\$	3.72	\$ 3.50	\$	3.44	\$	3.14	\$	2.60	\$	2.37	\$ 2.06	\$	2.00	\$	2.52	\$	2.82
Signatory Airline Cost Per Enplanement	\$	25.84	\$ 20.25	\$	17.16	\$	14.21	\$	13.11	\$	12.11	\$ 11.57	\$	10.40	\$	12.34	\$	13.30
Concourse C & D	\$	91.69	\$ 74.24	\$	57.12	\$	38.37	\$	29.14	\$	31.43	\$ 29.48	\$	29.32	\$	35.39	\$	33.27
Concourse B	\$	178.71	\$ 140.80	\$	78.53	\$	62.18	\$	55.94	\$	70.48	\$ 61.39	\$	69.94	\$	65.24	\$	62.53
Main Terminal	\$	362.73	\$ 277.55	\$	198.18	\$	142.72	\$	131.84	\$	129.23	\$ 125.19	\$	128.72	\$	120.69	\$	103.97
Concourse A	\$	317.42	\$ 226.91	\$	188.48	\$	144.38	\$	142.05	\$	144.59	\$ 80.36	\$	54.22	\$	65.53	\$	52.56
Z-Gates	\$	149.29	\$ 153.12	\$	172.95	\$	57.82	\$	81.33	\$	258.65	\$ 177.24	\$	173.82		N/A		N/A
Type 6 - Covered/Unenclosed	\$	5.35	\$ 5.42	\$	5.42	\$	5.35	\$	6.00	\$	5.85	\$ 5.68	\$	5.49	\$	5.21	\$	5.09
Type 7 - Uncovered/Unenclosed	\$	1.34	\$ 1.36	\$	1.35	\$	1.34	\$	1.50	\$	1.46	\$ 1.42	\$	1.37	\$	1.30	\$	1.27
Airside Operations Building	\$	48.94	\$ 38.38	\$	33.77	\$	25.28	\$	19.97	\$	21.52	\$ 20.89	\$	12.60	\$	10.11	\$	14.34
International Arrivals Building	\$	8.31	\$ 6.59	\$	6.55	\$	4.10	\$	3.53	\$	3.61	\$ 4.09	\$	4.50	\$	5.57	\$	5.68
Apron Operations Building		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	\$	15.25	\$	10.90
Concourse C International Arrival Building	\$	9.16	\$ 6.52	\$	4.72	\$	2.98	\$	1.78	\$	2.04	\$ 2.33	\$	1.73	\$	6.53	\$	6.79
Passenger Conveyance	\$	2.08	\$ 2.40	\$	2.20	\$	2.02	\$	2.02	\$	1.92	\$ 1.74	\$	1.61	\$	1.54	\$	1.73
Non-Signatory Airline Rates	e	4.15	\$ 4.23	\$	4.09	\$	4.32	~	3.54	\$	3.20	2.90	e	2.71		2.43	\$	3.05
General Aviation Landing Fees	Þ			-		⇒ ¢		\$		L ' -		\$	¢		) ¢		¢	
Landing Fees	\$	5.46	\$ 5.56	\$	5.38	\$	5.68	>	4.66	L ' -	4.21	\$ 3.81	Ş	3.57	≯ ¢	2.43	\$	3.05
Concourse C & D	\$	88.29	\$ 83.93	\$	65.96	\$	54.98	\$	46.74	\$	47.65	\$ 45.32	Ş	42.08	≯ ¢	37.96	\$	38.43
Concourse B	\$	169.92	\$ 155.86	\$	95.20	\$	81.87	\$	67.80	\$	83.61	\$ 75.21	\$	74.24	\$	54.12	\$	63.32
Main Terminal	\$	405.23	\$ 333.25	\$	253.13	\$	210.52	\$	202.98	\$	193.65	\$ 179.29	\$	174.62	\$	138.24	\$	128.58
International Arrivals Building	\$	9.41	\$ 7.61	\$	7.18	\$	5.28	\$	4.74	\$	4.72	\$ 5.25	\$	5.86	\$	5.65	\$	6.75
Concourse C International Arrival Building	\$	9.89	\$ 8.40	\$	7.71	\$	4.80	\$	3.43	\$	3.81	\$ 4.31	\$	4.31	\$	7.33	\$	9.05
Concourse A	\$	336.02	\$ 270.24	\$	226.58	\$	195.45	\$	185.13	\$	145.13	\$ 103.08	\$	72.46	\$	73.69	\$	64.23
Z-Gates	\$	158.08	\$ 141.76	\$	194.60	\$	187.23	\$	178.91	\$	282.72	\$ 226.76	\$	173.82		N/A		N/A

#### Passenger Facility Charges

	2012		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Reagan National	\$ 4.5	0	\$ 4.50	\$ 4.50							
Dulles International	\$ 4.5		\$ 4.50	\$ 4.50							

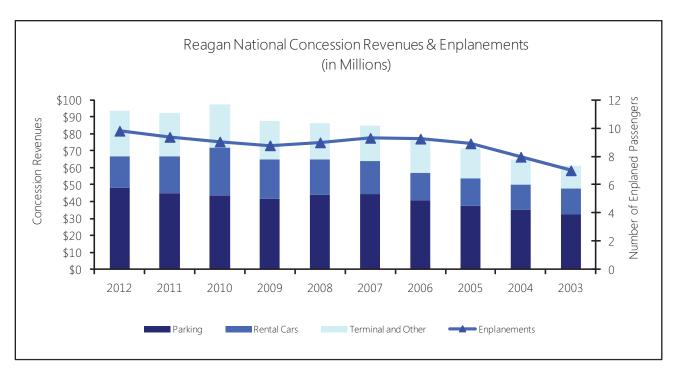
#### Dulles Toll Road Toll Rates

Two-Axle Vehicles	2012	2	2011	1	2010	2009		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Main Plaza	\$	1.50	\$ 1.25	\$	1.00	\$ 0.7	5 !	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.50
Ramp Plaza	\$	0.75	\$ 0.75	\$	0.75	\$ 0.50	1 1 1	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25

As discussed in Note 2 - Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease (Use and Lease Agreement), airline rates and charges are calculated pursuant to the formulas set forth in the Use and Lease Agreement. The Use and Lease Agreement provides for the calculation of annual rates and charges, with rate adjustments at midyear, or any time revenues fall 5% or more below projections. The rates presented in the above tables are average rates, as calculated at the time of settlement. The cost per enplanement decreased at Reagan National and increased at Dulles International in 2012. Terminal rents increased at Dulles International due to the opening of the AeroTrain.

Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs) were increased from \$3.00 to \$4.50 in May 2001 and have been flat at \$4.50 at both Airports for the last twelve years. Although the rates shown are the amounts collected by the airlines on the Airport Authority's behalf, the Airports Authority records PFCs net of a handling fee which is retained by the airlines.

Toll rates were increased on the Dulles Toll Road in 2012 to \$1.50 at the mainline plaza. The increase was the third of three Board-approved increases, effective January 1 of 2010, 2011 and 2012, necessary to service debt associated with the Dulles Metrorail Project.





Annual enplanements include domestic and transborder passengers for both commercial and non-commercial (including military, general aviation, and charter) flights. Enplanements are a measurement of an airport's usage and are influenced by many factors including availability of air service, price of airfare, location of the airport, and macroeconomic factors. Enplanements at Reagan National set a new record in 2012.

Concession revenues make up the vast majority of the Airports Authority's non-airline revenues. The Airports Authority retains all risk related to the fluctuation of parking revenue, its largest concession revenue source. Parking revenue is highly dependent on passenger traffic and varies year to year. However, the majority of the Airports Authority's rental car and terminal concession contracts contain a fixed component as well as a variable component. In most cases, the Airports Authority is guaranteed a minimum payment by a tenant and then shares excess revenue with the tenant if sales exceed a predetermined amount. As passenger enplanements have increased over the past several years, so too have concession revenue. Parking revenue, for example, has increased 15.3 percent from 2009. Likewise, food and beverage revenue has increased 20.5 percent during the same period and advertising revenue has increased 16.1 percent. However, rental car revenue has declined because in June, 2011, the fixed component of the rental cars contract was renegotiated as part of a new contract. These lower contract amounts were realized for all 12 months of 2012, which explains the continued decline from 2011 in revenue from rental cars.



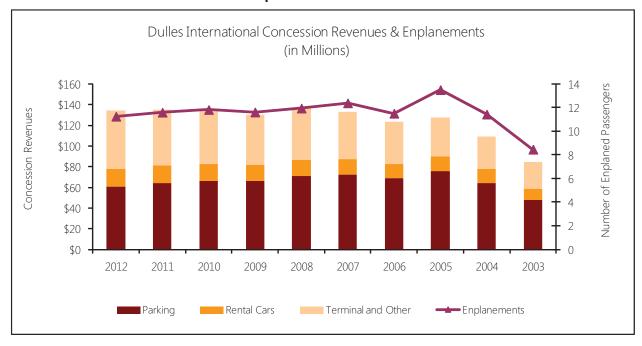
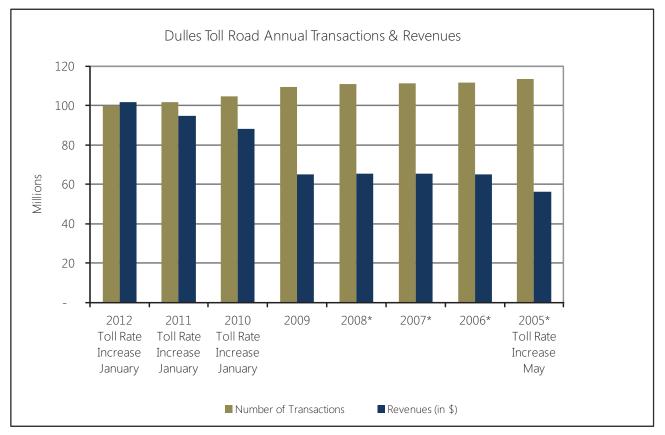


Exhibit S-9 – Concession Revenues and Enplanements – Dulles International

Annual enplanements include domestic and transborder passengers for both commercial and non-commercial (including military, general aviation, and charter) flights. Enplanements are a measurement of an airport's usage and are influenced by many factors including availability of air service, price of airfare, location of the airport, and macroeconomic variables. Enplanements at Dulles International fell in 2012 due to declining domestic enplanements. Enplanements grew rapidly in 2004 and 2005, largely due to Independence Air's operations but fell sharply after the airline ceased operations in 2006. Since 2006, total enplanements have declined only slightly.

Concession revenues, which are directly correlated with passenger enplanements, makes up the vast majority of the Airports Authority's non-airline revenues. The Airports Authority retains all risk related to the fluctuation of parking revenue, its largest concession revenue source. Parking revenue is highly dependent on passenger traffic and varies year to year. Since Independence Air ceased operations in 2006, parking revenue has declined 11.4 percent. However, the majority of the Airports Authority's rental car and terminal concession contracts contain a fixed component as well as a variable component. In most cases, the Airports Authority is guaranteed a minimum payment by a tenant and then shares excess revenue with the tenant if sales exceed a predetermined amount. This has helped the Airports Authority maintain strong concession revenue despite lower enplanement figures in recent years. Total concession revenue per enplaned passenger increased from \$10.71 in 2006 to \$11.93 in 2012, an 11.4 percent increase. Since 2006, rental car revenue increased 22.3 percent, food and beverage increased 47.6 percent, inflight catering increased 44.8 percent, display advertising increased 82.1 percent, and newsstand and retail increased a combined 17.6 percent.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority



#### Exhibit S-10 – Dulles Toll Road Transactions and Revenues

Annual transactions include the total number of transactions, which includes the number of revenue transactions (i.e., each recorded toll payment, whether mainline or ramp), non-revenue transactions (i.e., police, emergency vehicles, military vehicles, etc.), and violations (i.e., each transaction where the full toll amount was not collected at the time of the transaction, whether due to avoidance, electronic misreading, or otherwise, and where the amount was subsequently collected) processed in the calendar year ending December 31.

Transactions measure roadway usage and are impacted by toll rate increases. The first toll rate increase in the roadway's history became effective in May 2005 while the Dulles Toll Road was under the operation of Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT). A second toll rate increase became effective in January 2010, a third in January 2011, and a fourth in January 2012. The Dulles Toll Road was transferred to the Airports Authority on November 1, 2008.

The chart above includes VDOT data for years 2005-2008 and Airports Authority data for years 2008-2012. \*Non-revenue transaction data is not available prior to 2009.



	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
January	8,025,526	7,824,547	8,299,024	8,466,696	9,207,781	9,198,057	9,109,306	9,196,216
February	7,889,749	7,764,687	6,657,821	8,416,445	8,709,460	8,023,545	8,422,303	8,786,162
March	8,687,041	9,018,150	9,349,797	9,310,414	9,351,455	9,686,308	9,941,362	10,111,654
April	8,181,616	8,483,334	9,199,462	9,337,263	9,585,976	9,246,736	9,120,164	9,948,766
May	8,717,049	8,835,657	9,115,093	9,360,939	9,578,599	9,856,502	9,779,415	9,906,511
June	8,726,637	8,949,690	9,389,948	9,630,452	9,385,082	9,581,354	9,756,929	9,872,015
July	8,418,845	8,375,850	9,011,255	9,508,324	9,478,858	9,338,507	9,192,347	9,251,263
August	8,700,075	8,681,495	9,016,174	9,298,209	9,158,359	9,698,127	9,706,925	9,698,296
September	8,113,485	8,476,912	8,748,923	9,173,068	9,185,049	9,087,941	9,066,103	9,228,605
October	8,428,482	8,724,624	9,140,399	9,573,659	9,731,826	9,903,111	9,692,059	9,483,395
November	8,161,592	8,169,587	8,420,491	8,710,278	8,482,508	9,030,545	8,976,611	9,041,300
December	7,844,178	8,230,422	8,337,797	8,546,869	8,943,949	8,634,873	8,959,341	8,959,171
Total	99,894,275	101,534,955	104,686,184	109,332,616	110,798,902	111,285,606	111,722,865	113,483,354

#### **Exhibit S-11 – Dulles Toll Road Monthly Transactions**

Notes:

1) Toll rates were adjusted in May 2005, January 2010, January 2011, and January 2012

2) Transactions includes cash and electronic transactions, violations, and non-revenue transactions (i.e., police, emergency vehicles, military vehicles, etc.)

3) Non-revenue transaction data prior to 2009 is not available

4) Monthly transaction data prior to 2005 is not available

Sources: VDOT for 2005-October 2008 data; Airports Authority Records for November 2008-2012



#### Exhibit S-12 – Top 10 Payors

PAYOR <sup>1</sup>	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
United Airlines <sup>2</sup>	\$ 195,607,915	\$ 132,761,970	\$ 117,389,911	\$ 97,782,264	\$ 91,135,655	\$ 84,680,832	\$ 67,790,432	\$ 56,420,978	\$ 72,633,370	\$ 61,798,327
US Airways	42,523,675	43,538,638	39,941,628	38,060,252	36,106,513	36,461,505	33,401,313	35,626,226	34,225,469	32,861,624
Delta Airlines	37,438,965	31,832,207	24,763,314	17,974,561	15,845,321	15,585,066	15,311,064	17,962,266	22,576,592	20,083,033
American Airlines	26,924,185	25,628,008	22,380,542	20,472,606	19,362,364	19,237,901	18,470,865	18,058,028	20,408,805	18,036,993
JetBlue Airways	11,318,923	10,399,704	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hertz Rent-A-Car	11,262,291	11,749,340	12,397,487	11,751,506	10,910,269	10,084,507	9,451,974	8,897,173	9,833,202	7,933,316
JC Dedeaux/AK Media	10,804,427	11,969,794	11,751,277	8,245,804	8,364,731	*	*	7,155,910	5,775,000	6,300,000
British Airways	9,973,602	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Signature Flight Support	9,961,070	9,654,269	8,282,227	9,202,521	8,904,302	8,261,740	*	*	*	*
Landmark Aviation	9,890,712	10,093,319	*	*	8,319,844	8,624,059	8,566,513	*	*	*
Continental Airlines	*	9,984,056	8,267,352	8,161,420	*	8,286,042	7,669,611	7,875,267	8,607,773	7,030,103
Vanguard Car Rental USA	*	*	9,737,445	8,518,193	*	*	*	*	*	*
Avis Rent-A-Car	*	*	8,658,845	8,293,921	8,056,239	7,788,421	7,207,607	7,236,566	7,260,490	6,469,176
Northwest Airlines	*	*	*	*	8,218,269	8,173,164	7,932,314	7,531,302	9,008,103	8,702,245
Mesa Airlines	*	*	*	*	*	*	7,952,342	*	*	*
Atlantic Coast Airlines / Independence Air	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	22,306,764	13,858,908	7,726,624
TOTAL <sup>3</sup>	\$ 365,705,765	\$ 297,611,305	\$ 263,570,028	\$ 228,463,048	\$ 215,223,507	\$ 207,183,237	\$ 183,754,035	\$ 189,070,480	\$ 204,187,712	\$ 176,941,441

\* Payor did not comprise top ten for the given year, and as such, revenue is not presented for comparative purposes.

<sup>1</sup> Payors are determined based on invoiced tenant. Amounts exclude payments made by payors on behalf of other tenants per agreements between tenants.

<sup>2</sup> United Airlines includes amounts from Contintental Airlines in 2012 to reflect the combined operating certificate issued on November 30, 2011.

<sup>3</sup> Passenger facility charges and grants are excluded from amounts.



#### Exhibit S-13 – Debt Service Coverage – Aviation Enterprise Fund

NET REVENUE: Operating Revenue Revenue Adjustments <sup>1</sup> Prior Year Transfers <sup>2</sup> Adjusted Revenue Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1993A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1993A Airport System Revenue & Refunding Bonds	2012 \$ 694,947,564 (28,946,572) 61,560,812 727,561,804 677,129,889 994,491,370 (307,361,481) 420,200,323	2011 \$ 663,975,831 (22,231,153) 61,613,810 703,358,488 (578,768,172) (274,239,044) (304,529,128) 398,829,360	2010 \$ 603,874,716 (28,660,133) 65,848,672 641,063,255 (573,920,149) (281,071,560) (292,848,589) 348,214,665	2009 \$ 558,453,459 (28,048,911) 72,352,566 602,757,114 (506,888,004) (245,208,025) (261,679,979)
Revenue Adjustments <sup>3</sup> Prior Year Transfers <sup>2</sup> Adjusted Revenue Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	(28,946,572) 61,560,812 727,561,804 677,129,889 984,491,370 (307,361,481)	(22,231,153) 61,613,810 703,358,488 (578,768,172) (274,239,044) (304,529,128)	(28,660,133) 65,848,672 641,063,255 (573,920,149) (281,071,560) (292,848,589)	(28,048,911) 72,352,566 602,757,114 (506,888,004) (245,208,025)
Revenue Adjustments <sup>3</sup> Prior Year Transfers <sup>2</sup> Adjusted Revenue Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	61,560,812 727,561,804 677,129,889 984,491,370 (307,361,481)	61,613,810 703,358,488 (578,768,172) (274,239,044) (304,529,128)	65,848,672 641,063,255 (573,920,149) (281,071,560) (292,848,589)	72,352,566 602,757,114 (506,888,004) (245,208,025)
Adjusted Revenue Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Direct Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	727,561,804 677,129,889 984,491,370 (307,361,481)	703,358,488 (578,768,172) (274,239,044) (304,529,128)	641,063,255 (573,920,149) (281,071,560) (292,848,589)	602,757,114 (506,888,004) (245,208,025)
Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Adjustments <sup>3</sup> Direct Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	677,129,889 984,491,370 (307,361,481)	(578,768,172) (274,239,044) (304,529,128)	(573,920,149) (281,071,560) (292,848,589)	(506,888,004) (245,208,025)
Operating Expenses Adjustments <sup>3</sup> Direct Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	984,491,370 (307,361,481)	(274,239,044) (304,529,128)	(281,071,560) (292,848,589)	(245,208,025)
Operating Expenses Adjustments <sup>3</sup> Direct Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	984,491,370 (307,361,481)	(274,239,044) (304,529,128)	(281,071,560) (292,848,589)	(245,208,025)
Direct Operating Expenses Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	(307,361,481)	(304,529,128)	(292,848,589)	
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service DEBT SERVICE 1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds				
1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	-			341,077,134
1990A Airport System Revenue Bonds 1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	-			
1992A Airport System Revenue Bonds	-			
	-	-	-	-
1995A Airport system revenue & retunding bonds		-	-	-
1993B Airport System Revenue & Refunding Bonds			-	
1994A Airport System Revenue Bonds	_	-	-	_
1997A Airport System Revenue Bonds	-		-	_
1997B Airport System Revenue Bonds	-	-	-	-
1997C Airport System Revenue & Refunding Bonds	-	-	-	-
1998A Airport System Revenue Bonds	-	-	-	-
1998B Airport System Revenue & Refunding Bonds		1,131,638	12,232,774	18,080,308
1999A Airport System Revenue & Refunding Bonds	-	-	3,498,470	5,533,497
2001A Airport System Revenue Bonds	1,977,993	13,958,418	17,088,664	15,642,420
2001B Airport System Revenue Bonds	-	664,264	877,895	765,360
2002A Airport System Revenue Bonds 2002B Airport System Revenue Bonds	7,032,131 508,463	10,176,763 678,816	8,959,111 678,794	8,276,261 575,748
2002C Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Refunding Bonds	506,405	12,988,294	15,543,684	16,894,925
2002D Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	4,036,507	6,539,153	5,735,734	5,653,245
2003A Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	11,868,132	10,759,464	9,127,960	9,204,996
2003B Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	3,650,225	4,090,647	4,093,404	4,080,345
2003C Taxable Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	3,348,217	3,351,651	3,355,828	3,346,857
2003D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds	1,399,066	1,047,095	1,329,203	3,033,369
2004A Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	662,965	663,340	663,704	663,053
2004B Airport System Revenue Bonds	11,895,492	11,074,530	10,932,881	8,513,411
2004C-1 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	1,564,952	1,564,943	2,670,647	2,304,178
2004C-2 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	4,815,468	4,814,541	5,042,973	4,524,687
2004D Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds 2005A Airport System Revenue Bonds	26,084,526 18,197,721	26,087,988 19,311,222	26,108,986 17,455,181	24,379,800 18,369,390
2005B Airport System Revenue Bonds	2,514,469	2.517.176	1,276,671	861.656
2005C Taxable Airport System Revenue Bonds	1,703,566	1,703,567	1,703,547	1,700,941
2005D Airport System Revenue Bonds	382,488	382,489	1,427,855	1,773,881
2006A Airport System Revenue Bonds	11,366,225	9,012,953	5,311,454	8,392,188
2006B Airport System Revenue Bonds	15,874,849	14,347,548	10,644,288	9,946,372
2006C Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	2,440,111	2,259,501	2,244,344	1,903,483
2007A Airport System Revenue Bonds	15,108,005	15,102,592	15,072,933	13,723,351
2007B Airport System Revenue Bonds	28,308,735	26,508,630	19,948,918	20,751,616
2008A Airport System Revenue Bonds	21,072,490	12,508,425	9,151,564	2,495,585
2009A Airport System Revenue Bonds	12,007,170	926,568	1,777,662	3,874,659 3,497,817
2009B Airport System Revenue Bonds 2009C Airport System Revenue Bonds	13,007,178	11,812,024 747,333	5,874,908	3,497,817 8,278,752
2009D Airport System Revenue Bonds		/4/,333	-	1,200,444
2010A Airport System Revenue Bonds	15.766.681	13,840,460	5,703,441	-
2010B Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	23,327,344	22,718,966	7,594,350	_
2010C Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Refunding Bonds	2,686,266	3,646,635	1,077,058	
2010D Airport System Revenue Variable Rate Bonds	10,593,189	10,159,919	1,765,403	
2010F-1 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	2,845,154	3,166,627	286,326	-
2011A Airport System Revenue and Refunding Bonds	13,551,233	2,628,205	-	-
2011B Airport System Revenue and Refunding Bonds	11,751,722	3,417,931	-	-
2011C Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	15,374,273	3,851,186	-	-
2011D Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	775,697	196,019	-	-
2012A Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds 2012B Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds	5,860,900 469,023			
Series A Bond Anticipation Commercial Paper Notes	409,025	-	-	_
Series B Bond Anticipation Commercial Paper Notes		-	_	-
Series One Airport System Revenue Commercial Paper Notes	72,679	197,813	764,555	759,104
Series Two Airport System Revenue Commercial Paper Notes	132,223	107,862	46,916	58,482
Net Debt Service	\$ 312,026,356	\$ 290,663,193	\$ 237,068,089	\$ 229,060,179
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE	1.35	1.37	1.47	1.49

The Aviation Enterprise Fund has three programs: Operating and Maintenance (O&M); Capital, Operating and Maintenance Investment Program (COMIP); and Capital Construction Program (CCP). <sup>1</sup> Revenue adjustments are calculated in accordance with the Master Indenture of Trust to adjust for such items as non-Aviation or non-O&M related entities and funds, restricted revenue, and investment earnings.

<sup>2</sup> Transfers are the Signatory Airlines' share of Net Remaining Revenue as defined and calculated in accordance with the Use and Lease Agreement and transferred by the Airports Authority from the General Purpose Fund to the Airline Transfer Accou

<sup>3</sup> Operating expense adjustments are calculated in accordance with the Master Indenture of Trust to adjust for such items as non-Aviation or non-O&M related entities and funds, Federal lease, depreciation and amortization, and noncash items

For more information please refer to Note 2 - Airport Use Agreement and Premises Lease.

Sources: Master Indenture of Trust for Airport System Revenue Bonds, Use and Lease Agreement, and Airports Authority Records.



2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
\$ 550,944,843		\$ 471,168,637		\$ 442,286,071	\$ 389,638,253
(47,420,422)	(15,328,205) 74,681,804	(12,700,400)	(28,002,597)	(31,413,485)	(33,388,487)
77,989,244 581,513,665	74,681,804	61,131,416 519,599,653	53,981,019 503,200,118	27,681,636 438,554,221	32,463,674 388,713,440
101,113,003	505,625,725	222,222,023	505,200,118	430,334,221	386,713,440
(555,549,712)	(478,556,150)	(423,036,183)	(414,409,317)	(378,293,762)	(365,306,233)
(296,038,710)		(193,686,559)	(184,939,597)	(174,595,310)	
(259,511,002)	(253,398,028)	(229,349,624)	(229,469,720)	(203,698,452)	(189,109,158)
322,002,663	316,431,700	290,250,029	273,730,399	234,855,769	199,604,282
			_		
-	-	-	_	1,993,757	4,350,565
-	-	-	_	-	2,565,300
-	-	-	-	23,257,594	35,119,965
-	971,072	1,257,695	2,142,909	2,952,191	2,945,565
-	8,556,063	14,484,458	15,248,622	12,842,186	14,370,024
- 381,282	- 468,826	- 1,287,357	- 1,322,236	- 1,318,158	-
381,282 18,762,102	468,826	1,287,357 18,369,760	1,322,236	1,318,158 18,124,292	1,330,610 18,603,575
5,934,291	5,891,335	5,855,002	5,946,837	5,841,298	5,874,163
15,183,505	14,291,817	13,623,715	13,976,834	6,905,090	11,718,857
741,309		316,128	366,495	451,143	672,953
7,647,018	8,556,496	7,794,227	6,320,872	5,615,081	6,173,644
555,736	477,883	611,720	789,395	1,085,449	1,515,875
19,909,292	19,857,135	19,442,226	19,758,330	19,934,028	19,158,357
5,138,941 9,432,168	5,267,806 7,490,702	4,884,026 5,886,411	2,596,248 10,185,205	2,994,667 9,433,874	5,739,300 2,841,304
4,044,855	4,000,040	4,012,211	4,050,272	2,603,708	528,739
3,304,686	3,266,384	3,275,036	3,295,935	3,330,846	1,114,077
4,610,424	4,754,407	3,366,517	3,230,574	2,656,903	1,227,443
658,543	654,853	629,037	561,894	223,643	-
2,687,609	5,104,256	1,482,108	4,819,952	2,535,517	-
13,086,451	16,369,182	16,156,121	8,049,634	2,353,789	-
4,951,434 14,950,296	4,924,855 11,187,696	4,992,470 11,219,448	14,346,612 11,183,139	5,161,229 3,885,524	=
14,950,296	16,966,776	12,701,790	9,863,398	3,663,524	-
855,406	850,174	852,675	618,617	-	-
1,085,993	289,964	1,677,884	1,647,078	-	-
1,758,877	864,492	553,486	138,752	-	-
5,604,803	5,810,728	-	-	-	-
5,746,532	7,854,839	-	-	-	-
1,485,981 13,816,874	1,732,719 5,557,044		-	-	-
14,659,468		-	_	_	_
6,964,179		-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
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-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	6,910,355	427,742	4,579,243	4,044,030
-	-				1,934,188
1,401,056		-	764,384	-	-
402,269	365,833	1,712,774	3,305,008	-	-
\$ 204,496,362	\$ 184,246,617	\$ 163,354,637	\$ 164,667,568	\$ 140,079,210	\$ 141,828,530
4.07	1.70	1 70	1.00	1.68	
1.57	1.72	1.78	1.66	1.68	1.41

This Exhibit shows debt service coverage calculations for the Aviation Enterprise Fund as defined in the Master Indenture of Trust for Airport System Revenue Bonds. The Master Indenture of Trust includes a rate covenant provision specifying that the Airports Authority will fix and adjust fees and other charges for use of the Airports Authority, including services rendered by the Airports Authority pursuant to the Airline Use Agreement and Premises Lease calculated to be at least sufficient to produce net revenues to provide for the larger of the following: (i) amounts needed for making required deposits to various accounts in the fiscal year; or (ii) an amount not less than 125 percent of the annual debt service with respect to Airport Revenue Bonds.

Debt service coverage calculations for all years shown in this Exhibit exceed the minimum requirement as defined in the Master Indenture of Trust; more recent coverage levels reflect the completion of major projects in Dulles International's CCP. It is important to note that net revenue, revenue, and expenses are presented in this Exhibit in accordance with definitions found in the Master Indenture of Trust. Additionally, debt service does not include debt paid from bond funds for capitalized interest or debt service paid from interest earnings.



### Exhibit S-14 – Debt Service Coverage – Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund

		2012	2011	2010	2009
NET REVENUE		2012	2011	2010	2005
Total Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Revenue		\$ 101.603.839	\$ 94.659.538	\$ 88.038.168	\$ 64.893.554
Less: Non Operating & Maintenance Program Revenue		(7,750)	\$ 94,039,330	⇒ 00,030,100	\$ 04,035,534
Total Dulles Toll Road Gross Revenue		101.596.089	94,659,538	88.038.168	64,893,554
Add: Total Investment Income		1,182,797	10,932,190	7,419,127	1,137,968
Less: Non Operating & Maintenance Program Investment Income		(985,573)	(10,731,882)	(7,287,582)	(1,121,482)
Revenue		101,793,313	94,859,846	88,169,713	64,910,040
		101,7 55,515	5 1,055,010	00/100// 10	0 1,0 10,0 10
Total Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Operating Expenses		34,750,305	35,205,986	34,801,734	30,094,846
Less: Non Operating & Maintenance Program Operating Expenses		(10,102,207)	(9,877,753)	(8,476,815)	(4,129,722)
Total Dulles Toll Road Operating Expenses		24,648,098	25,328,233	26,324,919	25,965,124
Less: Operating & Maintenance Program Depreciation and Amortization		(273,686)	(319,822)	(178,113)	(141,864)
Operating Expenses		24,374,412	25,008,411	26,146,806	25,823,260
Total Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund Interest Expense		19.322.104	18.060.020	31.072.729	11.414.822
Less: Non Operating & Maintenance Program Interest Expense		(14,338,842)	(18,050,020)	(31,072,113)	(11,414,822)
Interest Expense		4,983,262	10,000	616	
		.,,	,		
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		\$ 72,435,639	<u>\$ 69,841,435</u>	<u>\$ 62,022,291</u>	<u>\$ 39,086,780</u>
DEBT SERVICE	LIEN				
2009A Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Current Interest Bonds)	First Senior	10,142,988	10,142,988	10.372.412	3,686,895
2009B Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Capital Appreciation Bonds)	Second Senior	7,445,000	1,601,250		
2009C Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds)	Second Senior	-	-	-	-
2009D Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Current Interest Bonds, Build America Bonds)	Second Senior	29,848,000	29,848,000	30,523,133	10,849,511
2009D Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (35% Subsidy)	Second Senior	(10,446,800)	(10,446,800)	(10,683,097)	(3,797,329)
2010A Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Capital Appreciation Bonds)	Second Senior	-	-	-	-
2010B Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds)	Second Senior	-	-	-	-
Commercial Paper Series One	Second Senior	90,536	4,808	-	-
2010D Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (Current Interest Bonds)	Subordinate	12,000,000	12,000,000	7,133,333	-
2010D Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds (35% Subsidy)	Subordinate	(4,200,000)	(4,200,000)	(2,496,667)	-
Full Funding Grant Agreement (FFGA) Note	-				
Net Debt Service		<u>\$ 44,879,724</u>	<u>\$ 38,950,246</u>	<u>\$ 34,849,114</u>	<u>\$ 10,739,077</u>
	LIEN				
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE BY LIEN	REQUIREMENT				
First Senior Lien	2.00	7.14	6.89	5.98	10.60
Second Senior Lien	1.35	1.95	2.24	2.05	3.64
Subordinate Lien	1.20	1.61	1.79	1.78	N/A

The Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund has three programs: Operating and Maintenance, Renewal & Replacement, and the Capital Improvement Program. Debt service coverage for the Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund is calculated according to the Master Indenture of Trust for Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds. As such, the calculation excludes non Operating & Maintenance Program activity.

The Airports Authority has covenanted in the Master Indenture that it will establish, charge, and collect Tolls for the privilege of traveling on the Dulles Toll Road at rates sufficient to meet the Operation and Maintenance Expenses and produce Net Revenues that are at least at the debt service levels set forth in the table above. If either (i) the annual budget adopted by the Airports Authority for any Fiscal Year is inadequate to meet the rate covenant for that year; or (ii) the audited financial statements regarding the Dulles Toll Road show that the Airports Authority did not satisfy the rate covenant for any Fiscal Year, then the Airports Authority is required to engage a Toll Road Consultant to conduct a study and take the actions recommended by the Toll Road Consultant.

Debt service coverage calculations for all years shown in this Exhibit exceed the minimum requirement as defined in the Master Indenture; coverage levels will reflect the issuance of additional bonds as work on the Dulles Metrorail Project continues. Certain prior year debt service amounts have been amended.

Sources: Master Indenture of Trust for Dulles Toll Road Revenue Bonds and Airports Authority Records



### Exhibit S-15 – Debt Service Requirements by Enterprise Fund

Aviation Enterprise	e Fund (\$ in thousands)						
	TOTAL	DIRECT OPERATING	NET REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR		DEBT SERVICE RI		
YEAR	REVENUES	EXPENSES <sup>2</sup>	DEBT SERVICE	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 727,562	\$ 307,361	\$ 420,201	\$ 121,601	\$ 190,425	\$ 312,026	1.35
2011	703,358	304,529	398,829	107,656	183,007	290,663	1.37
2010	641,063	292,849	348,214	87,883	149,185	237,068	1.47
2009	602,757	261,680	341,077	87,306	141,754	229,060	1.49
2008	581,514	259,511	322,003	83,360	121,136	204,496	1.57
2007	569,830	253,398	316,432	110,322	73,925	184,247	1.72
2006	519,600	229,350	290,250	68,137	95,218	163,355	1.78
2005	503,200	229,470	273,730	61,384	103,284	164,668	1.66
2004	438,554	203,698	234,856	58,893	81,187	140,080	1.68
2003	388,713	189,109	199,604	51,875	89,953	141,829	1.41

<sup>1</sup> Total revenues include prior year transfers, see Exhibit S-13.

<sup>2</sup> Operating expense adjustments are calculated in accordance with the Master Indenture of Trust to adjust for such items as non-Aviation or non-O&M related entities and funds, Federal lease, depreciation and amortization, and non-cash items.

	dor Enterprise Fun		, ,			DEBT S	ERVICE REQUIR	ements	
YEAR	TOTAL REVENUES <sup>3</sup>	DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES <sup>4</sup>	NET REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE	Lien	Principal	Interest	Capital Appreciation	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 101,793	\$ 29,358	\$ 72,436	First Senior Second Senior Subordinate	\$- 5,745 -	\$ 10,143 19,492 7,800	\$ - 1,700 -	\$ 10,143 26,937 7,800	7.14 1.95 1.61
2011	94,860	25,018	69,841	First Senior Second Senior Subordinate	- -	10,143 19,406 7,800	- 1,601 -	10,143 21,007 7,800	6.89 2.24 1.79
2010	88,170	26,147	62,022	First Senior Second Senior Subordinate	- -	10,372 19,840 4,637		10,372 19,840 4,637	5.98 2.05 1.78
2009	64,910	25,823	39,087	First Senior Second Senior Subordinate	- -	3,687 7,052	- -	3,687 7,052 -	10.60 3.64 N/A

#### Dulles Corridor Enterprise Fund (\$ in thousands)

<sup>3</sup> Includes revenues and investment income from the Operating & Maintenance program; see Exhibit S-14.

<sup>4</sup> Includes operating expenses, less depreciation and amortization, and interest expense from the Operating & Maintenance program; see Exhibit S-14.



### **Exhibit S-16 – Airport Information**

	Ronald Reagan Washing	ton National Airport
Location:	Three miles south from downtown Washi in Arlington County, VA	ngton, D.C. along the Potomac River
Acres:	860 +/- acres	
Airport Code:	DCA	
Runways:	1/19 15/33 4/22	7,169 feet 5,204 feet 4,911 feet
Aircraft Capability:	Group IV - Boeing 767-300	
Terminal:	Terminal A Terminal B/C Total Terminal Space	63,014 square feet 1,000,000 square feet 1,063,014 square feet
	Number of Passenger Gates Number of Hardstand Positions Total Aircraft Positions	44 14 58
Parking:	Garage Parking Electric Car Charging Stations Surface Parking Cell Phone Waiting Area Parking Total Public Parking Tenant Employee Parking Total Parking	6,568spaces8spaces2,461spaces33spaces9,070spaces3,000spaces12,070spaces
Cargo:	Number of Cargo Buildings Cargo Space	1 47,882 square feet
International:	No facilities	
Tower:	TRACON - Vint Hill, VA - Operating 24 Ho	ours/Day 7 Days/Week
Fixed Base Operators:	Signature Flight Support	
Intermodal Access:	George Washington Parkway, VA State Ro Washington DC Metrorail System - Blue a Virginia Railway Express	
Data as of December 31, 2012		

Data as of December 31, 2012 Source: Airports Authority Records



	Washington Dulles Inte	rnational Airpor	t
Location:	Twenty-six miles west from downtown Was Loudoun Counties, VA	hington, D.C., loca	ted in Fairfax and
Acres:	11,830 +/- acres		
Airport Code:	IAD		
Runways:	1C/19C 1R/19L 12/30 1L/19R	11,500 11,500 10,500 9,400	feet feet
Aircraft Capability:	Group VI - Airbus A-380		
Terminal:	Main Terminal Concourse A Concourse B Concourse C/D International Arrivals Building Total Terminal Space	412,000 546,000 608,627 400,000	square feet square feet square feet square feet square feet square feet
	Number of Passenger Gates Maximum Aircraft Positions	125 158	
Parking:	Garage Parking Electric Car Charging Stations Surface Parking Cell Phone Waiting Area Parking Total Public Parking Tenant Employee Parking Total Parking	8 18,884 224 27,433 6,529	spaces spaces spaces spaces spaces spaces spaces
Cargo:	Number of Cargo Buildings Cargo Space	6 540,051	square feet
International:	Customs/Immigration Federal Inspection Fa	acility	
Tower:	TRACON - Vint Hill, VA - Operating 24 Hou	urs/Day 7 Days/We	ek
Fixed Base Operators:	Landmark Aviation Signature Flight Support		
Intermodal Access:	Dulles Access Highway, VA State Routes 26 Washington Flyer Bus Service from West Fa Metro Bus 5A - D.C Dulles Line		il Station
Data as of December 31, 2012			



	Dulles	Toll Road					
Location:	267. The Dulles Toll Road's eastern	Eight-lane limited access highway that is situated on Virginia State Route 267. The Dulles Toll Road's eastern terminus is inside the Capital Beltway (Interstate 495) and the western terminus is the Dulles Greenway.					
Roadway Length:	13.43 miles						
Year of Construction:	1984						
Toll Collection Plazas:	Mainline: 1 Exit Ramp: 19						
Toll Collection Methods:	Cash and Electronic Toll Collection (	E-ZPass)					
Number of Toll Collection Lanes:	59						
E-ZPass Only Collection Lanes:	9						
Intersecting Roadways:	Chain Bridge Road (SR 23) Capital Beltway (I-495) Spring Hill Road (SR 684) Leesburg Pike (SR 7) Trap Road Hunter Mill Road (SR 674)	Wiehle Ave. (SR 828) Reston Parkway (SR 602) Fairfax County Parkway (SR 7100) Monroe Street Centreville Road (SR 657) Sully Road (SR 28)					
Parallel Roadways:	Interstate 66 US Route 29 US Route 50	Leesburg Pike (SR 7) State Route 236					
Exit 9 657	666 7100 828 674 7	676 686000 0 000 Evit 10 Ball Bas Ball Bas Cross Brogs Brog Evit 10 Toll Plaza Ball Bas Cross Brogs Brog Evit 10 Toll Plaza Cross Brogs Brog Evit 10 Toll Plaza Cross Brogs Brog Evit 10 Toll Plaza Cross Brogs Brogs Brog Evit 10 Toll Plaza Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit 10 Evit					

### Exhibit S-17 – Dulles Toll Road Information

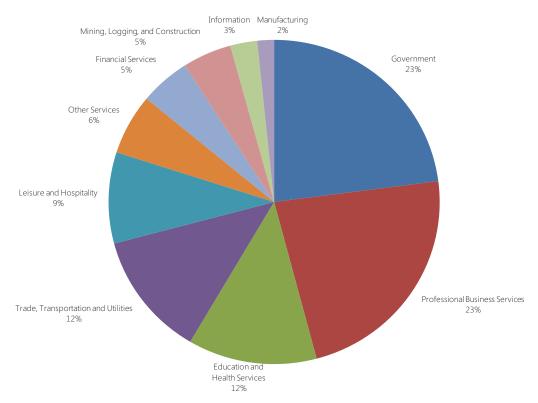
Data as of December 31, 2012 Source: Airports Authority Records



### Exhibit S-18 – Employment by Industry

	Annual Average Numbers of Employees (in thousands)									
Industry	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Government	695.7	691.2	687.6	674.9	659.8	646.6	640.5	632.1	623.1	616.5
Professional Business Services	694.9	688.7	680.3	674.1	681.8	675.1	664.5	646.4	619.3	590.2
Educational and Health Services	381.9	368.7	357.1	349.4	338.6	328.5	317.5	309.1	302.9	294.0
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	376.4	378.8	377.2	377.6	397.9	404.8	404.7	406.5	399.6	392.0
Leisure and Hospitality	275.3	267.6	259.9	258.1	261.8	254.3	249.4	245.2	237.7	229.6
Other Services	183.1	182.6	182.0	183.7	184.7	180.6	176.7	165.9	165.5	161.3
Financial Services	149.9	145.7	146.5	148.1	154.3	159.4	161.5	160.4	157.4	155.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	145.5	141.5	139.9	148.7	172.4	184.9	191.5	186.6	177.3	168.1
Information	79.7	80.5	80.3	83.5	91.0	93.9	96.9	99.8	106.0	109.6
Manufacturing	49.6	50.3	52.1	55.4	60.8	62.2	63.7	65.4	66.1	67.2
DC-VA-MD-WV - Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,032.0	2,995.6	2,962.9	2,953.5	3,003.1	2,990.3	2,966.9	2,917.4	2,854.9	2,784.4

### Air Trade Area Employment by Sector - 2012



Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (Preliminary December 2012 data)



### Exhibit S-19 – Major Private Employers

Fortune 500 Companies (By Revenue) Headquartered in the Air Trade Area

	Fortune 500 Rank		2011 Revenue		
Employer	2012	2011	(in \$ Billions)	State	Industry
Fannie Mae	8	5	\$137.5	DC	Financial Services
Freddie Mac	25	20	88.3	VA	Financial Services
Lockheed Martin Corp.	58	52	46.5	MD	Aerospace & Defense
General Dynamics Corp.	92	86	32.7	VA	Aerospace & Defense
Northrop Grumman	104	72	26.4	VA	Aerospace & Defense
Capital One Financial Corp.	148	134	18.5	VA	Financial Services
AES Corp.	151	150	17.3	VA	Energy
Computer Sciences Corp.	162	155	16.1	VA	Information Technology
Danaher Corp.	158	187	16.1	DC	Manufacturing
Marriott International Inc.	217	210	12.3	MD	Hospitality & Travel
Coventry Health Care Inc.	219	212	12.2	MD	Health Care
SAIC Inc.	245	219	10.6	VA	Professional Services
NII Holdings Inc.	369	406	6.7	VA	Telecommunications
Pepco Holdings Inc.	415	335	5.9	DC	Energy
Exelis	422	-	5.8	VA	Aerospace & Defense
Booz Allen Hamilton	439	438	5.6	VA	Professional Services
Gannett Co.	465	415	5.2	VA	Media / Data
Host Hotels & Resorts Inc.	479	494	5.0	MD	Hospitality & Travel
			\$468.7		

Eighteen Washington-area companies were on the Fortune 500 list of the country's largest companies by revenue in 2012. Exelis was newly-listed in 2012 and replaced The Washington Post, which had been listed in 2011.

### Major Private-Sector Employers of Metro-Area Employees

Employer	Number of Metro-Area Employees	Industry
Inova Health System	16,000	Health Care
SAIC Inc.	15,441	Professional Services
Northrop Grumman Corp.	15,053	Aerospace & Defense
MedStar Health	14,158	Health Care
Booz Allen Hamilton	14,000	Professional Services
Marriott International Inc.	13,727	Hospitality & Travel
Verizon Communications	13,100	Telecommunications
Giant Food LLC	12,110	Food & Drug Stores
Lockheed Martin Corp.	12,000	Aerospace & Defense
General Dynamics	8,200	Aerospace & Defense
Safeway Inc.	8,000	Food & Drug Stores
Deloitte LLP	6,781	Professional Services
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	6,500	Retail
Hilton Worldwide Inc.	6,400	Hospitality & Travel
Children's National Medical Center	6,146	Health Care
CACI International	5,985	Aerospace & Defense
BAE Systems Inc.	5,963	Aerospace & Defense
Adventist Healthcare	5,600	Health Care
IBM Corp.	5,000	Information Technology

Source: Washington Business Journal 2013 Book of Lists

### **Exhibit S-20 – Population Trends**

Annual Estimates of the Resident Population (in Thousands)										
JURISDICTION	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
	<b>510.0</b>	505.0	500.0	500.0		570.7		5 67 0	5 6 9 5	570.0
District of Columbia	619.0	605.0	592.2	580.2	574.4	570.7	567.1	567.8	568.5	573.2
Arlington County, VA	216.0	209.3	217.2	210.1	203.9	200.7	199.8	198.0	196.2	195.4
City of Alexandria, VA	144.3	140.9	149.8	144.6	140.3	138.2	137.6	136.6	134.9	134.5
Central Jurisdictions	979.3	955.2	959.2	934.9	918.6	909.6	904.5	902.4	899.6	903.1
Fairfax County, VA	1,100.7	1,085.9	1,036.4	1,018.3	1,004.4	997.9	1,001.2	995.8	991.0	989.3
Montgomery County, MD	989.8	975.4	970.6	953.5	941.5	935.0	928.9	921.1	915.2	906.5
Prince George's County, MD	871.2	865.2	832.2	828.7	930.8	835.1	839.0	834.9	829.6	823.6
City of Fairfax, VA	22.5	22.6	24.6	24.0	23.3	22.8	22.0	22.1	22.2	22.1
City of Falls Church, VA	12.8	12.5	12.0	11.4	11.1	11.0	10.9	10.7	10.7	10.6
Inner Suburbs	2,997.0	2,961.6	2,875.8	2,835.9	2,911.1	2,801.8	2,802.0	2,784.6	2,768.7	2,752.1
Prince William County, VA	419.0	406.4	376.8	364.3	358.7	351.1	344.1	332.3	319.8	309.4
Loudoun County, VA	325.4	315.3	300.5	289.8	277.2	265.0	253.2	237.0	219.5	203.0
Frederick County, MD	236.8	234.2	227.4	226.1	224.6	221.6	219.1	216.1	212.7	208.4
Charles County, MD	149.1	147.1	142.0	141.2	140.4	139.1	136.9	134.3	131.1	127.6
Stafford County, VA	132.1	129.8	123.3	121.5	120.2	117.9	116.1	112.7	108.4	103.5
Spotsylvania County, VA	124.3	122.9	120.7	119.9	118.8	117.6	114.7	110.4	106.4	101.8
Calvert County, MD	89.3	88.9	89.2	88.6	88.1	87.6	86.7	85.3	83.3	80.4
Fauquier County, VA	66.1	65.4	67.9	67.2	66.4	65.7	64.3	62.6	60.8	59.2
Jefferson County, WV	54.2	53.6	53.0	52.1	51.2	49.9	48.6	47.1	46.0	44.7
Warren County, VA	37.8	37.6	36.8	36.9	36.5	35.9	35.1	34.2	33.7	32.9
Manassas City, VA	39.3	38.3	36.5	34.7	34.8	35.5	36.3	36.5	36.2	35.8
Fredericksburg City, VA	25.7	24.4	23.3	22.8	22.5	22.1	21.4	21.3	20.5	20.4
Clarke County, VA	14.3	14.1	14.5	14.5	14.3	14.2	14.0	13.6	13.3	13.0
Manassas Park City, VA	15.3	14.4	12.1	11.4	11.5	11.5	11.6	11.3	10.9	10.8
Outer Suburbs	1,728.7	1,692.4	1,624.0	1,591.0	1,565.2	1,534.7	1,502.1	1,454.7	1,402.6	1,350.9
DC-MD-VA-WV										
Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,705.0	5,609.2	5,459.0	5,361.8	5,394.9	5,246.1	5,208.6	5,141.7	5,070.9	5,006.1
Personal Income (Millions)	\$ 338,563	\$ 321,525	\$ 304,148	\$ 311,183	\$ 301,645	\$ 280,058	\$ 261,404	\$ 243,254 \$	226,218	\$ 216,904
Per Capital Income	\$ 59,345	\$ 57,321	\$ 55,715	\$ 58,037	\$ 55,913	\$ 53,384	\$ 50,187	\$ 47,310 \$	44,611	\$ 43,328

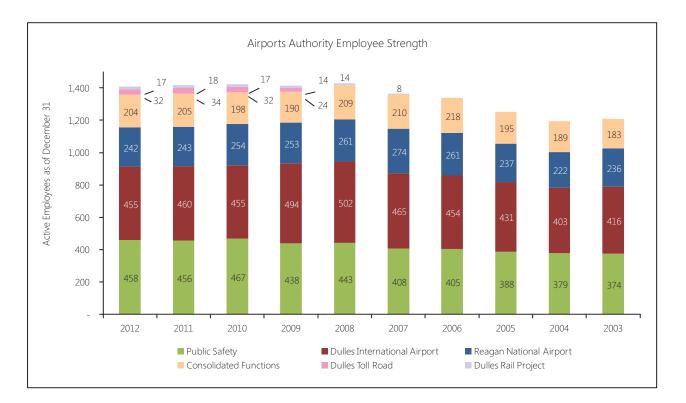
The DC-MD-VA-WVA Metropolitan Statistical Area is the Air Trade Area for the Airports Authority. Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport is located in Arlington County, VA and Washington Dulles International Airport is located in Fairfax and Loudoun Counties, VA. The Dulles Toll Road is located in Fairfax County, VA.

The U.S. Census Bureau produces the estimates of each county's population, starting with the revised population estimate for the prior year. The Census Bureau then adds or subtracts the demographic components of population change (e.g., births, deaths, net migration) calculated for that period. Resident population estimates are revised annually, therefore, results above may not agree to estimates presented in prior years.

The U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis uses wages from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages for all four quarters to estimate annual metropolitan area personal income.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Release Date: May 2012; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Release Date: November 2012





### Exhibit S-21 – Airports Authority Employee Strength

Employee Strength represents the number of active employees as of the last pay period of the fiscal year. It does not include members of the Student Employment Program, which offers full-time, part-time, and seasonal employment opportunities to full and part-time students.

The Office of Public Safety has primary responsibility for assuring public safety and security at the Airports and the Dulles Toll Road. It includes the Police Department, the Fire Department, and the Public Safety Administration Department.

Consolidated Functions includes the Board Office, Executive Office, Office of Communications, Office of Finance, Office of Engineering, Office of Air Service Planning & Development, General Counsel, Office of Audit, Office of Business Administration, Office of Human Resources, and Office of Information & Telecommunications Systems. Consolidated Functions support both Airports, the Dulles Toll Road, the Dulles Metrorail Project, and Public Safety.

From November 1, 2008 to September 30, 2009, the operations of the Dulles Toll Road were contracted to Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT). On October 1, 2009, VDOT employees of the Dulles Toll Road became Airports Authority employees.

Although the Dulles Rail Project was not an Airports Authority responsibility until November 1, 2008, the Airports Authority commenced hiring employees specifically for this function in 2007.



### Exhibit S-22 – Aircraft Operations (Takeoffs and Landings) by Airport

Reagan Nationa	al				
	Major /		General		
Year	Nationals	Regional	Aviation	Military	Total
2012	125,720	154,448	6,441	1,567	288,176
2011	125,834	150,084	5,236	616	281,770
2010	124,205	140,972	4,788	1,132	271,097
2009	121,446	144,165	5,261	1,274	272,146
2008	140,564	130,541	4,914	1,279	277,298
2007	146,614	123,024	5,272	523	275,433
2006	157,536	115,087	3,172	624	276,419
2005	181,417	91,227	3,101	311	276,056
2004	154,452	111,333	2,546	245	268,576
2003	139,343	109,085	2,087	287	250,802

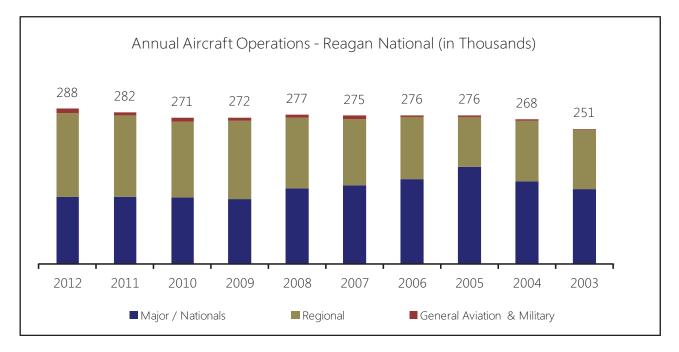
Dulles International

	Major /		General		
Year	Nationals	Regional	Aviation	Military	Total
2012	114,130	154,647	42,540	753	312,070
2011	123,765	156,431	46,846	451	327,493
2010	125,011	163,042	47,845	633	336,531
2009	125,531	166,046	48,221	569	340,367
2008	136,052	168,608	54,808	824	360,292
2007	141,428	176,150	64,549	816	382,943
2006	132,265	178,372	67,954	980	379,571
2005	255,442	179,492	73,629	1,089	509,652
2004	281,663	111,669	74,689	1,614	469,635
2003	232,112	27,833	73,668	1,784	335,397



### Exhibit S-23 – Aircraft Operations by Airport – Reagan National

This Exhibit depicts the Airport's total operations, defined as take-offs and landings, across the top of the chart, with each year's respective component operations by carrier type shown in bar graph format.



Several factors affect the activity levels at Reagan National, including its proximity to downtown Washington, the FAA's High Density Rule, which imposes limits on the number of flights, and the Perimeter Rule, which generally limits non-stop flights to a radius of 1,250 statute miles. In addition, the Airports Authority's noise abatement program includes limitations on certain aircraft operations after 9:59pm and before 7:00am.

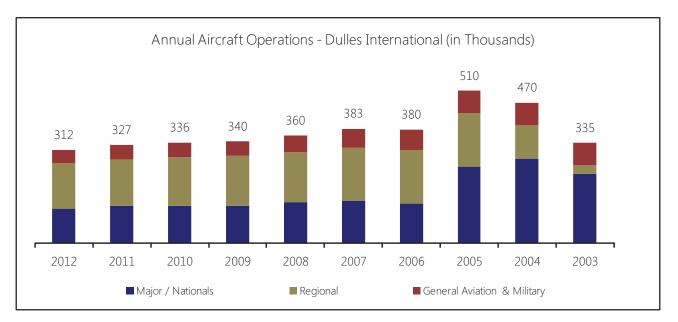
Other factors that affect the operations at the Airport include economic conditions, the decline in high-yield air travel, and air carriers reducing capacity and replacing narrow-body aircraft with regional jets.

In 2012, there were 288,176 operations, compared to an average of 272,133 from 2003 through 2011. The increase was driven by a slot transaction between Delta and US Airways, which created new service by US Airways and jetBlue as discussed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section. In addition, four new slots were authorized by the passage of a FAA Reauthorization Bill in 2012, which added new service and a new airline, Virgin America, at Reagan National.



### Exhibit S-24 – Aircraft Operations by Airport – Dulles International

This Exhibit depicts the Airport's total operations, defined as take-offs and landings, across the top of the chart, with each year's respective component operations by carrier type shown in bar graph format.



The number of flight operations at Dulles International had been increasing until Independence Air declared bankruptcy in 2006. This was the primary factor underlying a sizeable reduction in passenger flight operations. Since 2007, flight operations have declined 18.5 percent due to a decrease in domestic traffic due to airline industry consolidations and jetBlue's repositioning of service to Reagan National. In 2012, total aircraft operations declined by 4.7 percent from 2011 levels to 312,070.

Other factors that affect the operations at the Airport include economic conditions, the decline in high-yield air travel, and air carriers reducing capacity and replacing narrow-body aircraft with regional jets.



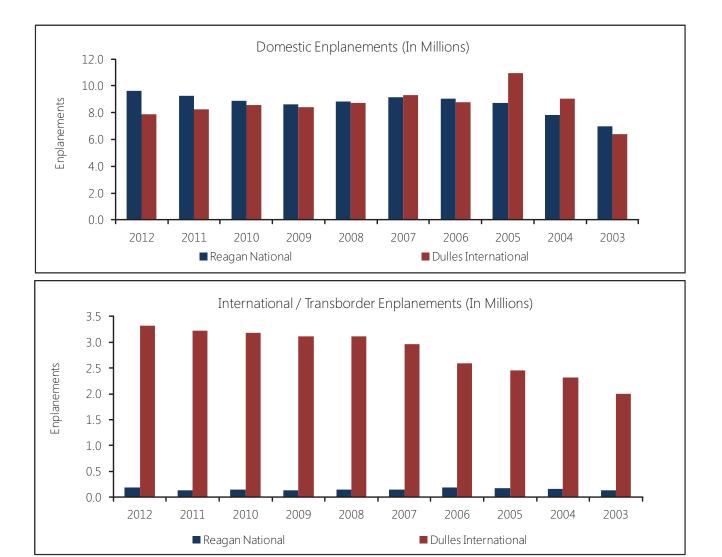
Year	Reagan National: Domestic Passenger Enplanements	Dulles International: Annual Domestic Growth Passenger Enplanements		Annual Growth	Industry: Domestic Passenger Enplanements	Annual Growth
2012	9,606,805	4.0%	7,854,417	-4.9%	462,600,676	0.5%
2011	9,236,748	3.9%	8,261,152	-3.5%	460,091,034	1.5%
2010	8,891,204	3.0%	8,564,825	1.6%	453,172,772	0.8%
2009	8,634,011	-2.3%	8,429,620	-3.6%	449,388,803	-7.4%
2008	8,836,467	-3.4%	8,742,530	-6.1%	485,280,460	-0.7%
2007	9,145,554	1.0%	9,313,161	5.9%	488,545,689	1.0%
2006	9,054,485	3.6%	8,797,384	-19.6%	483,757,968	-1.3%
2005	8,736,725	12.0%	10,947,383	21.4%	490,230,172	1.6%
2004	7,797,382	11.9%	9,014,584	41.5%	482,412,769	4.8%
2003	6,970,957	9.7%	6,371,646	-1.9%	460,169,602	-2.8%

Year	Reagan National: International/ Transborder Passenger Enplanements	Annual Growth	Transborder PassengerTransborder GrowthTransborder PassengerEnplanementsEnplanements		Annual Growth	
2012	181,350	43.9%	3,317,819	1.9%	77,259,398	2.1%
2011	126,064	-12.7%	3,256,804	2.5%	75,692,629	1.4%
2010	144,340	8.3%	3,177,235	1.9%	74,645,512	7.6%
2009	133,232	-5.8%	3,117,151	0.1%	69,399,251	-3.5%
2008	141,364	-4.8%	3,115,417	5.2%	71,926,015	2.8%
2007	148,523	-19.9%	2,960,345	14.1%	69,984,263	4.4%
2006	185,333	7.4%	2,594,682	5.9%	67,052,683	5.5%
2005	172,549	11.5%	2,448,994	6.0%	63,577,739	9.4%
2004	154,689	17.7%	2,309,572	15.8%	58,106,623	13.9%
2003	131,458	26.1%	1,994,840	-1.1%	51,024,475	-1.8%

Prior years' comparative information may be adjusted for additional information or to conform with current year presentation

Excludes general aviation and military enplanements.

Source: Airports Authority Records, Airlines for America (A4A) Monthly Traffic Report- Revenue Enplanements



Commercial enplanements at Reagan National increased 4.5 percent in 2012 to an all-time high of nearly 9.8 million. The increase marked the third straight year of enplanement growth at Reagan National after declines in 2008 and 2009. The increase is due to new service made available because of additional slots authorized by the FAA and an increased presence of low cost carriers. International traffic accounted for less than 2 percent of Reagan National's total enplanements in 2012.

Total commercial enplanements at Dulles International declined by 3.0 percent in 2012. The decrease was driven by a 4.9 percent decline in domestic commercial enplanements due primarily to a transfer of air service to Reagan National by select carriers. Despite the decline in domestic enplanements, Dulles International set an all-time record for international enplanements in 2012 with 3.3 million. The increase of 1.9 percent was slightly lower than the industry average of 2.1 percent in 2012. International enplanements at Dulles International have been increasing since 2003 and now account for approximately 30 percent of the airport's enplanements.

Sources: Airports Authority Records, Airlines for America Monthly Passenger Traffic Report for December 2012



### Exhibit S-26 – Market Share by Landed Weight – Reagan National

(Expressed in Thousands of Pounds)

	2012		2011		2010	)	200	19
Airlines <sup>1</sup>	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market Share
	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	
US Airways	2,664,898	20.80%	2,698,821	21.34%	2,867,196	23.70%	2,956,848	24.50%
Delta	1,567,782	12.24%	1,639,911	12.97%	1,594,441	13.18%	888,197	7.36%
Republic (US Airways Express)	1,550,131		1,261,456	9.97%	1,209,393	10.00%	985,480	8.17%
American	1,241,473	9.69%	1,338,974	10.59%	1,328,911	10.99%	1,322,046	10.95%
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)	823,675	6.43%	646,438	5.11%	651,796	5.39%	804,969	6.67%
United	647,716	5.06%	593,033	4.69%	688,696	5.69%	727,557	6.03%
JetBlue	532,902	4.16%	301,954	2.39%	48,306	0.40%	97	0.00%
AirTran	458,032	3.58%	471,904	3.73%	445,400	3.68%	324,784	2.69%
Continental	397,026	3.10%	357,921	2.83%	357,161	2.95%	386,058	3.20%
PSA	390,287	3.05%	287,884	2.28%	298,624	2.47%	243,601	2.02%
American Eagle	386,106	3.01%	325,040	2.57%	426,097	3.52%	464,512	3.85%
Frontier	356,844	2.79%	412,373	3.26%	211,315	1.75%	154,449	1.28%
Shuttle America (Delta Connection)	313,146	2.44%	315,279	2.49%	317,956	2.63%	354,390	2.94%
Chautauqua (US Airways Express)	209,852	1.64%	174,153	1.38%	161,346	1.33%	101,169	0.84%
Alaska	174,242	1.36%	156,081	1.23%	154,756	1.28%	156,469	1.30%
Pinnacle (Delta Connection)	172,595	1.35%	151,669	1.20%	32,618	0.27%	11,925	0.10%
Air Canada	100,187	0.78%	99,605	0.79%	100,936	0.84%	94,097	0.78%
Spirit	100,039	0.78%	157,835	1.24%	137,342	1.14%	142,196	1.18%
Comair (Delta Connection)	98,616	0.77%	219,405	1.73%	328,442	2.72%	398,162	3.30%
ExpressJet (United Express)	93,609	0.73%	44	0.00%	-	-	-	-
Air Canada Jazz	88,639	0.69%	83,063	0.66%	80,913	0.67%	79,314	0.66%
Piedmont	47,869	0.37%	19,882	0.16%	19,216	0.16%	7,348	0.06%
General Aviation (Signature Flight Support)	47,838	0.37%	34,392	0.27%	20,669	0.17%	13,811	0.11%
MN Airlines	46,324	0.36%	37,719	0.30%	-	-	292	0.00%
Southwest	46,242 39,204	0.36% 0.31%	-	- 0.31%	39,402	0.33%	- 39,204	- 0.32%
Federal Express		0.31%	39,798					
Chautauqua (Delta Connection)	38,762 38,081	0.30%	62,462	0.49% 0.16%	5,361 35,614	0.04% 0.29%	6,641	0.06% 0.36%
Chautauqua (Continental Express) Shuttle America (United Express)	26,610	0.30%	20,253 49,388	0.10%	14,824	0.29%	43,460	0.50%
ASA (Delta Connection)	19,571	0.21%	228,802	1.81%	14,824 59,262	0.12%	4,869	- 0.04%
Virgin America	19,371	0.15%	220,002	1.01%	59,202	0.49%	4,009	0.04%
Continental Express	19,440	0.15%	96,571	- 0.76%	78,203	- 0.65%	80,775	0.67%
ExpressJet (Delta Connection)	18,434	0.13%	50,571	0.7070	70,205	0.0570		0.0770
Colgan Air (Continental Connection)	11,532	0.09%	48,670	0.38%	63,364	0.52%	60,264	0.50%
SkyWest (United Express)	7,285	0.05%		- 0.50	-05,504	0.5270		0.5070
Compass (Delta Connection)	6,005	0.05%	174,447	1.38%	23,686	0.20%	-	_
Colgan Air (United Express)	5,208	0.04%		-		-	-	-
SkyWest (Continental Connection)	3,384	0.03%	10,904	0.09%	-	-	-	-
Colgan Air (US Airways Express)	2,138	0.02%	26,334	0.21%	26,505	0.22%	26,933	0.22%
Mesaba Aviation (Delta Connection)	751	0.01%	105,938	0.84%	56,826	0.47%		-
SkyWest (Delta Connection)	47	0.00%		-		-	-	-
Miami Air International	-	-	242	0.00%	897	0.01%	-	-
Republic (Midwest)	_	-		-	136,763	1.13%	-	-
Northwest	-	_	-	-	48,416	0.40%	802,592	6.65%
Republic (Midwest Connect)	-	_	-	-	17,137	0.14%	188,415	1.56%
Mesaba Aviation (Northwest Airlink)	_	-	-	-	6,534	0.05%	35,447	0.29%
Pinnacle (Northwest Airlink)	_	-	-	-	799	0.01%	75,482	0.63%
Freedom (Delta Connection)	-	_	-	-	340	0.00%	128	0.00%
Midwest	-	_	-	-	-	=	47,500	0.39%
Delta Shuttle	_	_	-	-	-	-	38,870	0.32%
Ryan International	_	_	-	-	-	-	260	0.00%
Chautauqua (Midwest Connect)	_	_	-	-	-	-	43	0.00%
ATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRAND TOTAL	12,811,694	100.00%	12,648,645	100.00%	12,095,463	100.00%	12,068,654	100.00%

<sup>1</sup> Prior years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers.

<sup>2</sup> Includes airlines no longer serving Reagan National or carriers with insignificant activity.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

N	E
2	3

2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	
Landed N	1arket Share		larket Share	Landed M	larket Share		∕larket Share		Market Share		Market Share
Weights		Weights		Weights		Weights		Weights		Weights	
3,349,613.60	26.40%	3,429,981	26.97%	3,777,558	29.07%	4,437,393	34.58%	3,082,443	26.87%	3,059,815	28.24%
874,707.70	6.90%	836,226	6.57%	955,899	7.35%	984,462	7.67%	873,553	7.61%	936,778	8.65%
886,321.13	6.99%	856,710	6.74%	692,821	5.33%	26,900	0.21%	-	-	-	-
1,316,960.50	10.38%	1,330,575	10.46%	1,288,058	9.91%	1,277,371	9.95%	1,156,215	10.08%	1,362,246	12.57%
951,797.00	7.50%	819,586	6.44%	724,223	5.57%	52,170	0.41%	-	-	-	-
702,636.16	5.54%	682,154	5.36%	685,035	5.27%	671,032	5.23%	846,889	7.38%	615,931	5.69%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102 525	-	-	-
305,608.00	2.41%	245,672	1.93%	199,552	1.53%	184,624	1.44%	182,535	1.59%	36,296	0.34%
479,057.30	3.78%	534,727	4.20%	528,186	4.06%	506,448	3.95%	475,519	4.15%	481,828	4.45%
222,845.00 420,393.80	1.76% 3.31%	196,901 396,591	1.55% 3.12%	208,700 425,382	1.61% 3.27%	578,899 404,211	4.51% 3.15%	302,035 361,779	2.63% 3.15%	232,511 363,734	2.15% 3.36%
	1.21%			425,582			1.07%	128,394	1.12%		0.44%
153,060.71 49,608.73	0.39%	141,070 51,703	1.11% 0.41%	1,663	1.06% 0.01%	137,474	1.07%	128,394	1.12%	47,815	0.44%
88,232.51	0.39%	91,790	0.41%	119,937	0.01%	- 213,123	1.66%	292,133	2.55%	156,538	1.44%
157,074.40	0.70%	155,172	1.22%	148,008	1.14%	213,123 142,538	1.00%	292,133 94,224	2.55%	46,770	0.43%
8,159.00	0.06%	155,172	1.22%	- 148,008	-	142,538	-	94,224	0.82%	40,770	0.43%
112,319.17	0.08%	109,403	0.86%	- 124,919	0.96%	- 159,966	1.25%	- 145,756	- 1.27%	- 129,872	1.20%
130,622.08	1.03%	102,376	0.80%	143,724	1.11%	182,057	1.42%	145,750	1.27%	8,060	0.07%
293,497.80	2.31%	262,815	2.07%	287,789	2.21%	291,534	2.27%	417,530	3.64%	473,666	4.37%
	-	202,015	-	-	-	201,001	-	-	-		-
68,770.26	0.54%	64,479	0.51%	50,044	0.39%	-	-	-	_	_	-
19,578.30	0.15%	44,670	0.35%	20,192	0.16%	11,597	0.09%	95,502	0.83%	177,332	1.64%
10,402.33	0.08%	13,741	0.11%	5,181	0.04%	46,982	0.36%	41,747	0.36%	30,662	0.28%
146.00	0.00%		-	-	-		-		-		-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16,830.00	0.13%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15,071.38	0.12%	19,949	0.16%	3,147	0.02%	-	-	-	-	-	-
39,939.61	0.32%	15,713	0.12%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10,045.00	0.08%	46,076	0.36%	43,851	0.34%	50,422	0.39%	89,497	0.78%	87,245	0.80%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
88,674.00	0.70%	108,012	0.85%	123,207	0.95%	116,228	0.91%	189,110	1.65%	113,036	1.04%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23,932.00	0.19%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25,826.00	0.20%	24,935	0.20%	25,734	0.20%	31,379	0.24%	105,417	0.92%	11,258	0.10%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
884,804.70	6.97%	872,401	6.86%	875,902	6.74%	876,247	6.83%	842,286	7.34%	916,221	8.46%
29,719.41	0.23%	15 200	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
8,818.80 84,271.00	0.07% 0.66%	15,396 80,652	0.12% 0.63%	26,010 80,464	0.20% 0.62%	50,065	0.39% 0.83%	- 37,404	- 0.33%	-	-
41,064.00	0.86%	1,573	0.03%	00,404	0.02%	106,596	0.05%	57,404	0.55%	-	_
275,464.00	0.32% 2.17%	302,760	2.38%	- 303,872	2.34%	305,028	2.38%	355,080	3.10%	272,663	- 2.52%
537,550.00	4.24%	543,986	4.28%	565,122	4.35%	505,028	4.10%	537,805	4.69%	553,077	5.10%
	4.2470	-	4.2070	-		520,128	4.1070	-	4.09%		J.1070
	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	164,658	1.29%	180,125	1.39%	204,921	1.60%	214,056	1.87%	158,894	1.47%
2,377.41	0.02%	157,312	1.24%	244,290	1.88%	256,692	2.00%	479,877	4.18%	561,856	5.19%
12,685,799	100.00%	12,719,765	100.00%	12,996,168	100.00%	12,832,487	100.00%	11,471,799	100.00%	10,834,104	100.00%
12,000,799	100.00%	12,119,100	100.00%	12,330,100	100.00%	12,032,407	100.00%	11,4/1,/99	100.00%	10,004,104	100.00%



### Exhibit S-27 – Market Share by Landed Weight – Dulles International

(Expressed in Thousands of Pounds)

Airlines <sup>1</sup>	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market
	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share
United	6,839,902	38.38%	7,337,040	39.39%	7,651,068	40.38%	7,544,840	40.11%
ExpressJet (United Express)	1,230,184	6.90%	627,505	3.37%	310,706	1.64%	74,112	0.39%
Mesa (United Express)	569,902	3.20%	552,268	2.97%	682,887	3.60%	900,587	4.79%
General Aviation (Signature Flight Support)	515,984	2.90%	536,921	2.88%	541,417	2.86%	525,464	2.79%
British Airways	462,992	2.60%	466,634	2.51%	421,788	2.23%	467,295	2.48%
General Aviation (Landmark Aviation)	458,406	2.57%	492,519	2.64%	470,478	2.48%	403,491	2.14%
American	448,902	2.52%	496,227	2.66%	551,836	2.91%	501,613	2.67%
Colgan Air (United Express)	430,281	2.41%	528,851	2.84%	327,123	1.73%	329,603	1.75%
Lufthansa	426,173	2.39%	413,765	2.22%	398,763	2.10%	336,077	1.79%
Federal Express	374,069	2.10%	358,709	1.93%	364,829	1.93%	358,267	1.90%
Air France	370,643	2.08%	375,826	2.02%	371,939	1.96%	375,681	2.00%
JetBlue	370,273	2.08%	599,679	3.22%	693,865	3.66%	786,663	4.18%
Southwest	343,746	1.93%	353,714	1.90%	412,040	2.17%	455,344	2.42%
Delta	333,098	1.87%	416,675	2.24%	394,850	2.08%	386,054	2.05%
Virgin America	308,352	1.73%	284,629	1.53%	284,136	1.50%	286,088	1.52%
Trans States (United Express)	302,694	1.70%	459,444	2.47%	593,941	3.13%	652,276	3.47%
	254,316	1.43%	317,730	1.71%	541,385	2.86%	675,158	3.59%
Shuttle America (United Express) GoJet (United Express)	254,516	1.45%	258,486	1.39%	476,839	2.80%	471,144	2.50%
Continental	205,025	1.15%	193,486	1.04%	4,782	0.03%	3,411	0.02%
All Nippon	202,764	1.14%	202,210	1.09%	196,664	1.04%	186,018	0.99%
Qatar Amiri Air	201,724	1.13%	201,233	1.08%	201,786	1.07%	201,786	1.07%
Korean Air	194,428	1.09%	185,572	1.00%	168,652	0.89%	167,900	0.89%
Virgin Atlantic	175,518	0.98%	174,018	0.93%	161,212	0.85%	193,267	1.03%
KLM Royal Dutch	164,600	0.92%	146,405	0.79%	149,875	0.79%	146,952	0.78%
South African	154,659	0.87%	163,975	0.88%	172,680	0.91%	182,118	0.97%
Ethiopian Airlines	151,159	0.85%	157,814	0.84%	93,882	0.50%	74,084	0.39%
Turkish Airlines	140,315	0.79%	98,474	0.52%	12,207	0.07%	-	-
Saudi Arabian	139,024	0.78%	99,610	0.53%	78,036	0.41%	67,978	0.36%
SAS	137,725	0.77%	135,797	0.73%	129,120	0.68%	124,007	0.66%
Pinnacle (Delta Connection)	132,312	0.74%	88,861	0.48%	36,062	0.19%	35,475	0.19%
Commutair	124,773	0.70%	552	0.00%	76,797	0.41%	49,542	0.26%
Mesa (US Airways Express)	118,456	0.66%	98,931	0.53%	106,653	0.56%	104,585	0.56%
SkyWest (United Express)			98,088				104,383	0.50%
TACA International	116,781 116,560	0.66% 0.66%	116,870	0.53% 0.63%	44,220 102,634	0.23% 0.54%	100,162	0.53%
Austrian	107,200	0.60%	108,354	0.58%	107,575	0.57%	107,368	0.57%
Aer Lingus	102,183	0.57%	126,487	0.68%	110,979	0.59%	57,169	0.31%
Compass (Delta Connection)	86,038	0.48%	78,481	0.42%	87,689	0.46%	-	-
Emirates	84,621	0.47%	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Parcel Service	84,212	0.47%	86,071	0.46%	83,869	0.44%	68,755	0.37%
COPA	51,771	0.29%	48,878	0.26%	42,839	0.23%	43,710	0.23%
Chautauqua (Delta Connection)	49,825	0.28%	27,420	0.15%	17,062	0.09%	-	-
Porter	49,771	0.28%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avianca	49,452	0.28%	35,108	0.19%	35,635	0.19%	36,178	0.19%
AirTran	48,112	0.27%	127,320	0.68%	137,616	0.73%	166,448	0.88%
PSA	44,719	0.25%	36,781	0.20%	33,381	0.18%	48,098	0.26%
Icelandair	40,320	0.23%	28,350	0.15%		-		-
Silver (United Express)	38,960	0.22%		-	_	_	_	_
ExpressJet (Delta Connection)	30,983	0.17%	_	_	_	_	_	_
Comair (Delta Connection)	29,086	0.16%	48,961	0.26%	64,465	0.34%	30,032	0.16%
							50,052	0.10%
Aeromexico	28,016	0.16%	274	0.00%	255	0.00%	-	-
Colgan Air (Continental Connection)	25,854	0.15%	45,227	0.24%	7,653	0.04%	-	-
Aeroflot	19,277	0.11%	16,574	0.09%	16,121	0.09%	15,724	0.09%
Continental Express	17,169	0.10%	43,531	0.23%	48,161	0.25%	31,084	0.17%
Vision	16,864	0.09%	45,026	0.24%	56,722	0.30%	56,032	0.30%
North American	15,966	0.09%	-	-	255	0.00%	-	-
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)	9,729	0.05%	16,356	0.09%	8,977	0.05%	752	0.00%
Piedmont	8,306	0.05%	6,780	0.04%	6,455	0.03%	237	0.00%
SkyWest (Continental Connection)	8,040	0.05%	26,465	0.14%	-	-	-	-
Republic (United Express)	5,704	0.03%	-	-	-	-	-	-
AeroSur	5,214	0.03%	9,084	0.05%	228	0.00%	-	-
Other <sup>2</sup>	34,550	0.20%	625,145	3.36%	854,492	4.51%	983,634	5.23%
Other <sup>2</sup>								

<sup>1</sup> Prior years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers.

<sup>2</sup> Includes airlines no longer serving Dulles International or carriers with insignificant activity.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

N	F
2	3

2008	8	2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	
Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market	Landed	Market
Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share	Weights	Share
7,435,550	38.09%	7,606,298	37.89%	7,048,694	37.76%	6,392,517	31.32%	6,557,152	34.22%	5,663,094	37.40%
1,126,123	5.77%	1,520,846	7.58%	1,847,801	9.90%	893,675	4.38%	347,739	1.81%	_	_
462,871	2.37%	538,636	2.68%	477,555	2.56%		-	419,380	2.19%	375,348	2.48%
492,144	2.52%	438,467	2.18%	458,074	2.45%	28,512	0.14%	529,004	2.76%	515,279	3.40%
501,128	2.57%	650,364	3.24%	701,682	3.76%	551,161	2.70%	297,868	1.55%	352,416	2.33%
535,928	2.75%	544,803	2.71%	557,241	2.98%	598,510	2.93%	587,805	3.07%	777,149	5.13%
345,987 384,825	1.77% 1.97%	210,455 443,982	1.05% 2.21%	207,564 469,317	1.11% 2.51%	409,835	- 2.01%	- 317,729	- 1.66%	- 310,526	- 2.05%
411,650	2.11%	443,982	2.10%	403,651	2.16%	401,655	1.97%	371,733	1.94%	410,858	2.03%
387,484	1.98%	398,061	1.98%	413,269	2.21%	384,546	1.88%	321,257	1.68%	296,325	1.96%
927,826	4.75%	952,941	4.75%	794,112	4.25%	523,980	2.57%	484,930	2.53%	361,958	2.39%
475,884	2.44%	518,676	2.58%	130,534	0.70%	-	-	-	-	-	-
441,899	2.26%	481,132	2.40%	497,957	2.67%	530,760	2.60%	727,540	3.80%	759,207	5.01%
257,399 628,832	1.32% 3.22%	45,361 603,260	0.23% 3.01%	- 596,537	- 3.20%	-	- 3.32%	-	- 1.14%	-	-
676,463	3.47%	629,476	3.14%	475,885	2.55%	678,031 370,263	5.52% 1.81%	217,860 173,781	0.91%	_	-
343,308	1.76%	306,123	1.52%	111,153	0.60%	570,205	- 1.01/0	1/5,/01	-	_	_
5,071	0.03%	36,415	0.18%	26,020	0.14%	37,391	0.18%	44,334	0.23%	60,142	0.40%
202,764	1.04%	202,794	1.01%	187,630	1.01%	168,917	0.83%	168,360	0.88%	169,440	1.12%
202,791	1.04%	96,778	0.48%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
118,508 252,265	0.61%	137,824	0.69%	119,136 190,860	0.64% 1.02%	111,384 165,869	0.55%	108,756	0.57%	99,716	0.66%
252,265 147,041	1.29% 0.75%	245,771 149,854	1.22% 0.75%	132,227	0.71%	105,809	0.81%	212,812	1.11%	181,611	1.20%
197,826	1.01%	203,850	1.01%	169,210	0.91%	64,125	0.32%	-	-	-	_
76,639	0.39%	79,513	0.40%	59,714	0.32%	53,966	0.27%	45,664	0.24%	40,874	0.27%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
68,455	0.35%	74,359	0.37%	84,109	0.45%	61,241	0.30%	73,470	0.38%	70,397	0.46%
128,077	0.66%	126,229	0.63%	125,820	0.67%	105,126	0.51%	111,950	0.58%	114,283	0.75%
14,640 26,190	0.07% 0.13%	- 9,899	0.05%	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
62,622	0.32%	33,149	0.17%	16,137	0.09%	22,380	0.11%	23,623	0.12%	184,629	1.22%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
118,736	0.61%	146,944	0.73%	115,978	0.62%	107,680	0.53%	94,172	0.49%	88,868	0.59%
142,221 81,417	0.73% 0.42%	137,908 33,729	0.69% 0.17%	143,320	0.77%	28,800	0.14%	145,155	0.76%	143,237	0.95%
01,417	0.42%	55,729	0.17%	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
86,359	0.44%	85,884	0.43%	83,528	0.45%	78,162	0.38%	79,917	0.42%	79,890	0.53%
41,137	0.21%	20,930	0.10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 19,875	- 0.10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
222,712	1.14%	- 255,984	- 1.27%	- 267,592	1.43%	178,360	- 0.87%	- 184,808	0.96%	- 211,560	- 1.40%
38,205	0.19%	27,732	0.14%	50,049	0.27%	30,738	0.15%	4,973	0.03%	-	-
-	-	-	-	279	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 52,429	- 0.27%	- 91,573	- 0.46%	- 80,395	- 0.43%	- 190,435	- 0.93%	- 101,050	- 0.53%	- 120,943	- 0.80%
52,429	U.Z / 70 -	31,3/3 -	0.46%	-	0.45%	130,433	U.YJ 70 -	-	0.00%	120,943	0.00%
7,195	0.04%	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
15,724	0.08%	15,960	0.08%	21,168	0.11%	21,168	0.10%	28,425	0.15%	37,194	0.24%
110,616	0.57%	145,612	0.73%	178,176	0.95%	197,711	0.97%	190,639	0.99%	135,889	0.90%
25,098	0.13%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 282	- 0.00%	- 517	- 0.00%	420 893	0.00% 0.00%	2,320 5,264	0.01% 0.03%	640	0.00%	-	-
- 202	0.00%	41	0.00%		0.00%	5,264	0.03%	102	0.00%	823	- 0.01%
-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,222,387	6.26%	1,403,619	6.99%	1,425,543	7.64%	7,018,730	34.38%	6,188,403	32.30%	3,579,134	23.64%
19,522,626	100.00%	20,073,594	100.00%	18,669,230	100.00%	20,413,280	100.00%	19,161,031	100.00%	15,140,790	100.00%



### Exhibit S-28 – Market Share by Passenger Enplanements – Reagan National

	2012		2011		2009			
Airlines <sup>1</sup>	Passenger	Market	Passenger	Market	2010 Passenger	Market	Passenger	Market
Domestic	Enplanements	Share	Enplanements	Share	Enplanements	Share	Enplanements	Share
US Airways	1,902,549	19.41%	1,850,864	19.75%	1,927,713	21.32%	1,929,992	22.009
Delta	1,269,557	12.95%	1,251,093	13.35%	1,253,421	13.86%	728,156	8.309
American	1,139,174	11.62%	1,194,779	12.75%	1,188,767	13.15%	1,143,658	13.049
United JetBlue	486,460 447,570	4.96% 4.57%	468,066 240,077	4.99% 2.56%	532,294	5.89% 0.41%	522,673	5.969
AirTran	383,833	4.57%	389,426	4.15%	37,103 381,746	4.22%	263,100	3.009
Frontier	323,292	3.30%	357,605	3.82%	204,339	2.26%	158,734	1.819
Continental	299,145	3.05%	269,102	2.87%	291,599	3.22%	303,467	3.469
Alaska	171,582	1.75%	155,454	1.66%	149,368	1.65%	144,317	1.649
Spirit	98,846	1.01%	146,539	1.56%	123,878	1.37%	117,546	1.349
Southwest MN Airlines	42,037 34,061	0.43% 0.35%	26,374	- 0.28%	-	-	-	
Virgin America	11,236	0.11%	20,574	- 0.2070	-	-	-	
Republic (Midwest)	-	-	-	-	116,838	1.29%	-	
Northwest	-	-	-	-	28,371	0.31%	581,173	6.639
ATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
America West Delta Shuttle	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 13,149	0.159
Midwest		-	-	-	-	-	32,247	0.137
WIGHC31							52,247	0.57
Regionals								
Republic (US Airways Express)	1,131,600	11.55%	915,726	9.77%	907,075	10.03%	733,136	8.369
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)	538,617	5.50%	450,057	4.80%	446,339	4.94%	567,358	6.479
PSA	291,601	2.98%	203,834	2.17%	215,400	2.38%	168,781	1.929
American Eagle	288,187	2.94%	226,639	2.42%	292,901	3.24%	331,584	3.78
Chautauqua (US Airways Express)	166,531	1.70%	125,817	1.34%	123,584	1.37%	77,766	0.89
Shuttle America (Delta Connection)	146,677	1.50%	148,514	1.59%	164,543	1.82%	168,203	1.92
Pinnacle (Delta Connection)	116,780	1.19%	98,655	1.05%	21,038	0.23%	7,844	0.09
ExpressJet (United Express)	77,371	0.79%	-	-	-	-	-	
Comair (Delta Connection)	66,578	0.68%	147,478	1.57%	206,210	2.28%	250,061	2.859
Piedmont	32,433	0.33%	10,183	0.11%	12,223	0.14%	4,466	0.059
Chautauqua (Continental Express)	30,311	0.31%	14,513	0.15%	29,123	0.32%	32,401	0.379
Chautauqua (Delta Connection)	24,556	0.25%	46,182	0.49%	2,908	0.03%	6,065	0.079
Shuttle America (United Express)	18,444	0.19%	37,218	0.40%	10,495	0.12%	-	
ASA (Delta Connection)	15,072	0.15%	138,417	1.48%	31,273	0.35%	2,974	0.039
ExpressJet (Delta Connection)	13,138	0.13%	-	-	-	-	-	
Continental Express	11,929	0.12%	62,234	0.66%	55,260	0.61%	61,874	0.719
Colgan Air (Continental Connection)	8,876	0.09%	32,047	0.34%	44,085	0.49%	44,203	0.509
SkyWest (United Express)	5,850	0.06%	-	-	-	-	-	
Compass (Delta Connection)	4,982	0.05%	128,135	1.37%	20,568	0.23%	-	
Colgan Air (United Express)	3,969	0.04%	-	-	-	-	-	
SkyWest (Continental Connection)	2,355	0.02%	8,613	0.09%	-	-	-	
Colgan Air (US Airways Express)	943	0.01%	15,493	0.17%	15,315	0.17%	13,983	0.169
Mesaba Aviation (Delta Connection)	630	0.01%	77,491	0.83%	41,114	0.45%	-	
SkyWest (Delta Connection)	33	0.00%	-	-	-	- 1.00/	-	2 5 6 0
Other <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	16,094	0.18%	224,899	2.569
Air Carrier - Chartered								
ATA - Cht	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Champion Air	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
JetBlue	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	0.009
MN Airlines	-	-	-	-	-	-	174	0.009
Miami Air International	-	-	123	0.00%	219	0.00%	-	
North American	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Charters Swift Air	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General Aviation								
Signature Flight Support	6,693	0.07%	5,235	0.06%	3,062	0.03%	1,656	0.029
Military	5,917	0.06%	5,163	0.06%	3,449	0.04%	2,995	0.039
TOTAL DOMESTIC	9,619,415	98.15%	9,247,146	98.66%	8,897,715	98.40%	8,638,662	98.489
			-/ /		0/001/120		0/000/000	
Transborder/International	50.470	0.000	50.417	0.600	C2 165	0.700/	E 4 701	0.000
Air Canada US Airways	58,479	0.60%	58,417	0.62%	63,165	0.70% 0.40%	54,701	0.629 0.419
US AIrways	15,514	0.16%	11,640	0.12%	35,663	0.40%	35,786	0.41%
Regionals								
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)	46,911	0.48%	672	0.01%	-	_	-	
Air Walconsin (OS Airway's Express) Air Canada Jazz	45,577	0.46%	46,566	0.50%	45,512	0.50%	42,720	0.499
Republic (US Airways Express)	14,869	0.15%	8,769	0.09%				5.157
Chautauqua (US Airways Express)		-			-	-	-	
Mesa (US Airways Express)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Midway (US Airways Express)		-	-	-	-	-	-	
PSA	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Piedmont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Air Carrier - Chartered								
Ryan International	101.352	1.0561	100.001	-	-	1 000	122 222	0.00
TOTAL TRANSBORDER/INTERNATIONAL	181,350	1.85%	126,064	1.34%	144,340	1.60%	133,232	1.52
GRAND TOTAL	9,800,765	100.00%	9,373,210	100.00%	9,042,055	100.00%	8,771,894	100.009

<sup>1</sup> Prior years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers.

<sup>2</sup> Includes airlines no longer serving Reagan National or carriers with insignificant activity.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

2008	3	2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	}
Passenger Enplanements	Market Share	Passenger Enplanements	Market Share	Passenger Enplanements	Market Share						
2,132,137 726,473	23.74% 8.09%	2,255,033 704,772	24.25% 7.58%	2,353,896 761,946	25.47% 8.24%	2,715,964 834,287	30.48% 9.36%	2,087,921 767,987	26.24% 9.65%	1,895,630 692,509	26.68% 9.74%
1,158,855	12.90%	1,214,058	13.06%	1,132,839	12.26%	1,119,235	12.56%	921,936	11.59%	955,780	13.45%
518,293	5.77%	519,311	5.59%	511,091	5.53%	462,300	5.19%	441,683	5.55%	398,713	5.61%
249,030 156,669	2.77% 1.74%	213,397 128,498	2.30% 1.38%	172,293 123,223	1.86% 1.33%	155,613 121,424	1.75% 1.36%	138,707 72,757	1.74% 0.91%	26,303 39,044	0.37% 0.55%
325,851	3.63%	373,191	4.01%	378,298	4.09%	357,253	4.01%	309,128	3.88%	306,612	4.31%
146,589 106,483	1.63% 1.19%	142,567 86,636	1.53% 0.93%	130,596 104,988	1.41% 1.14%	116,137 135,878	1.30% 1.52%	77,325 110,303	0.97% 1.39%	33,895 8,854	0.48% 0.12%
	-		-		-		1.52 /0		-		- 0.12 /0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
669,821	7.46%	675,764 159,377	7.27% 1.71%	666,028 151,274	7.21% 1.64%	643,017 145,227	7.21% 1.63%	622,144 165,032	7.82% 2.07%	587,036 126,474	8.26% 1.78%
-	-	125,095	1.35%	175,333	1.90%	172,484	1.94%	153,659	1.93%	131,354	1.85%
206,552 174,737	2.30% 1.95%	252,743 204,583	2.72% 2.20%	311,460 207,345	3.37% 2.24%	297,640 187,012	3.34% 2.10%	327,428 166,059	4.12% 2.09%	357,624 149,368	5.03% 2.10%
630,563	7.02%	594,411	6.39%	465,755	5.04%	14,032	0.16%	-	-	-	-
670,067	7.46%	568,630	6.12%	460,008	4.98%	32,716	0.37%	-	-	-	-
147,013 268,652	1.64% 2.99%	139,087 258,697	1.50% 2.78%	152,515 280,129	1.65% 3.03%	339,434 264,758	3.81% 2.97%	191,904 215,408	2.41% 2.71%	111,727 198,460	1.57% 2.79%
64,453	0.72%	258,697 70,677	2.78%	280,129 95,080	3.03% 1.03%	264,758	2.97%	215,408 225,935	2.71%	198,460	2.79%
23,646	0.26%	27,201	0.29%	269	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
7,051	0.08%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
190,134	2.12%	179,534	1.93%	176,297	- 1.91%	158,060	- 1.77%	- 214,242	- 2.69%	243,627	3.43%
12,856	0.14%	28,463	0.31%	11,584	0.12%	4,342	0.05%	47,334	0.60%	100,245	1.41%
34,546 9,881	0.38% 0.11%	14,381 11,009	0.15% 0.12%	- 1,700	- 0.02%	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,965	0.05%	26,268	0.28%	27,887	0.30%	35,904	0.40%	65,488	0.82%	54,430	0.77%
58,935	0.66%	80,791	0.87%	97,211	1.05%	90,506	1.02%	90,655	1.14%	90,836	1.28%
19,678	0.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 13,740	- 0.15%	- 13,867	- 0.15%	- 13,041	- 0.14%	- 10,242	- 0.11%	- 34,500	- 0.43%	- 5,742	- 0.08%
	-		- 0.13		- 0.1478		- 0.1176		0.4378		- 0.08
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
107,945	1.20%	77,513	0.83%	92,396	1.00%	172,541	1.94%	349,438	4.39%	341,592	4.81%
158	0.00%										
- 130	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	409	0.01%	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46	0.00%	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
35	0.00%	-	-	3	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
580	0.01%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,516	0.02%	1,136	0.01%	536	0.01%	53	0.00%				
								-	-	-	-
2,833 8,840,816	0.03% 98.43%	3,094 9,149,784	0.03% 98.40%	2,126 9,057,147	0.02% 97.99%	1,906 8,738,684	0.02% 98.06%	5,375 7,802,757	0.07% 98.06%	3,940 6,974,897	0.06%
0,010,010	56.1570	3,2.13,7.04	30.1070	3,037,147	57.5570	5,, 55,504	50.0070	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	50.0070	5,57, 1,057	55.1570
65,031	0.72%	61,837	0.67%	76,107	0.82%	104,637	1.17%	94,135	1.18%	79,436	1.12%
38,020	0.42%	41,372	0.44%	48,559	0.53%	40,830	0.46%	37,625	0.47%	33,891	0.48%
-	-	-	-	23,915	0.26%	-	-	-	-	-	-
38,313	0.43%	45,314	0.49%	36,001	0.39%	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	5,872	- 0.07%	1,672	- 0.02%	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,889	0.19%	9,421	0.13%
-	-	-	-	- 751	- 0.01%	- 21,210	- 0.24%	- 5,925	- 0.07%	2,846 1,047	0.04% 0.01%
-	-	-	-	- /51	0.01%	- 21,210	0.24%	5,925 443	0.07%	4,817	0.01%
-	-		-		-	=	-		-		-
141,364 8,982,180	1.57%	148,523 9,298,307	1.60%	185,333	2.01%	172,549	1.94%	154,689	1.94%	131,458	1.85% 100.00%
8,982,180	100.00%	9,298,307	100.00%	9,242,480	100.00%	8,911,233	100.00%	7,957,446	100.00%	7,106,355	100.00%



### Exhibit S-29 – Market Share by Passenger Enplanements – Dulles International

	2012		2011		2010		2009	)
Airlines <sup>1</sup>	Passenger	Market	Passenger	Market Share	Passenger	Market Share		, Market Share
Annies	Enplanements	Share	Enplanements	Ivial Ket Share	Enplanements	IVIAI KEL SI IAI E	Enplanements	viai ket si lai e
Domestic								
United	3,112,021	27.67%	3,264,591	28.17%	3,430,680	29.04%	3,286,673	28.30%
American	388,322	3.45%	427,886	3.69%	464,266	3.93%	409,716	3.53%
JetBlue Southwest	321,138	2.86%	495,844	4.28%	576,039	4.88%	625,519	5.39%
Delta	308,414 271,077	2.74% 2.41%	321,205 324,660	2.77% 2.80%	374,282 317,266	3.17% 2.69%	371,029 296,772	3.19% 2.56%
Virgin America	241,489	2.41%	235,983	2.00%	231,889	1.96%	237,796	2.05%
Continental	98,544	0.88%	85,485	0.74%	701	0.01%	817	0.01%
AirTran	32,033	0.28%	98,207	0.85%	119,681	1.01%	127,164	1.09%
Other <sup>2</sup>		-	13,258	0.11%	37,768	0.32%	84,364	0.73%
Regionals								
ExpressJet (United Express)	1,000,835	8.90%	523,817	4.52%	277,075	2.35%	62,152	0.54%
Mesa (United Express)	471,395	4.19%	440,505	3.80%	549,219	4.65%	719,003	6.19%
Colgan Air (United Express)	358,005	3.18% 2.52%	450,143 349,374	3.88% 3.01%	219,380 445,031	1.86% 3.77%	221,228 566,386	1.90% 4.88%
Trans States (United Express)	283,208 160,431	2.52%	173,835	1.50%	308,225	2.61%	372,543	4.88%
Shuttle America (United Express) GoJet (United Express)	131,282	1.45%	165,390	1.30%	318,557	2.01%	352,162	3.03%
Pinnacle (Delta Connection)	106,712	0.95%	70,130	0.61%	30,405	0.26%	30,379	0.26%
Commutair	100,712	0.93%	360	0.01%	46,013	0.20%	30,694	0.26%
Mesa (US Airways Express)	98,349	0.87%	84,534	0.73%	86,547	0.73%	86,754	0.20%
SkyWest (United Express)	81,255	0.72%	67,254	0.58%	33,166	0.28%		
Compass (Delta Connection)	69,443	0.62%	61,513	0.53%	69,150	0.59%	-	-
Other <sup>2</sup>	210,619	1.87%	594,500	5.13%	618,804	5.24%	538,031	4.63%
Air Carrier - Chartered								
Other <sup>2</sup>	9,545	0.08%	12,678	0.11%	10,681	0.09%	10,438	0.09%
General Aviation								
Signature Flight Support	61,743	0.55%	56,171	0.48%	54,923	0.46%	49,845	0.43%
Landmark Aviation	11,867	0.11%	14,419	0.12%	17,241	0.15%	16,986	0.15%
Miliary								
Other Military	121	0.00%	447	0.00%	133	0.00%	36	0.00%
TOTAL DOMESTIC	7,928,148	70.48%	8,332,189	71.89%	8,637,122	73.10%	8,496,487	73.16%
	.,		-//		-//		-,,	
Transborder/International								
United	1,372,383	12.20%	1,439,487	12.42%	1,451,292	12.28%	1,443,621	12.43%
British Airways	192,722	1.71%	190,445	1.64%	173,211	1.47%	182,703	1.57%
Lufthansa	186,521	1.66%	174,947	1.51%	176,179	1.49%	158,147	1.36%
Air France	173,360	1.54%	173,618	1.50%	161,910	1.37%	181,787	1.57%
TACA International	99,160	0.88%	103,804	0.90%	98,844	0.84%	95,132	0.82%
Qatar Amiri Air	99,028	0.88%	101,139	0.87%	103,078	0.87%	88,061	0.76%
KLM Royal Dutch	89,613	0.80%	77,930	0.67%	74,878	0.63%	79,265	0.68%
Korean Air	83,288	0.74%	83,112	0.72%	78,117	0.66%	72,814	0.63%
Virgin Atlantic	75,165	0.67%	75,256	0.65%	76,417	0.65%	84,778	0.73%
Turkish Airlines Ethiopian Airlines	74,594	0.66%	47,988	0.41%	5,370	0.05%	42,141	- 0.36%
Ethiopian Airlines South African	74,103 71,239	0.66% 0.63%	80,752 78,859	0.70% 0.68%	56,373 80,797	0.48% 0.68%	42,141 73,221	0.36%
SAS	68,620	0.63%	65,797	0.68%	71,042	0.68%	66,085	0.63%
All Nippon	65,839	0.59%	62,994	0.54%	66,573	0.56%	60,949	0.52%
Austrian	65,325	0.58%	60,793	0.52%	60,401	0.51%	63,885	0.52%
Continental	55,592	0.49%	45,209	0.39%		=	-	
Other <sup>2</sup>	264,037	2.35%	206,498	1.78%	207,355	1.75%	162,060	1.40%
Regionals								
ExpressJet (United Express)	110,063	0.98%	32,372	0.28%	-	-	-	-
GoJet (United Express)	30,838	0.27%	25,838	0.22%	33,447	0.28%	-	-
Porter	24,985	0.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	23,406	0.21%	40,163	0.35%	68,332	0.58%	93,135	0.80%
Shuttle America (United Express)		0.1.1.1					1 E O D C E	1.36%
Shuttle America (United Express) Other <sup>2</sup>	10,927	0.10%	79,981	0.69%	123,271	1.04%	158,365	
Other <sup>2</sup>		0.10%	79,981	0.69%	123,271	1.04%	100,000	
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered	10,927							
Other <sup>2</sup>		0.10% 0.06%	79,981 9,822	0.69%	123,271	0.09%	11,002	0.09%
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup>	10,927							
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup> General Aviation	10,927 7,011	0.06%	9,822	0.08%	10,348	0.09%	11,002	0.09%
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup> General Aviation Signature	10,927							
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup> General Aviation	10,927 7,011	0.06%	9,822	0.08%	10,348	0.09%	11,002	0.09%
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup> General Aviation Signature Landmark Aviation	10,927 7,011	0.06%	9,822	0.08%	10,348	0.09%	11,002	0.09%
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup> General Aviation Signature	10,927 7,011	0.06%	9,822	0.08%	10,348	0.09%	11,002	0.09%
Other <sup>2</sup> Air Carrier - Chartered Other <sup>2</sup> General Aviation Signature Landmark Aviation Military	10,927 7,011 2,009 -	0.06% 0.02% -	9,822 1,047 -	0.08% 0.01% -	10,348 377 -	0.09% 0.00% -	11,002 167 -	0.09% 0.00% -

<sup>1</sup> Prior years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers.

<sup>2</sup> Includes airlines no longer serving Dulles International or carriers with insignificant activity.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003	
5	Market Share	Passenger	Market Share	Passenger	Market Share						
Enplanements		Enplanements		Enplanements		Enplanements		Enplanements		Enplanements	
3,312,845	27.73%	3,551,268	28.68%	3,430,537	29.84%	3,131,653	23.19%	3,064,079		2,459,604	
435,623	3.65%	444,445	3.59%	450,718	3.92%	471,771	3.49%	410,792	3.59%	438,793	
730,989 396,298	6.12% 3.32%	776,980 368,977	6.27% 2.98%	666,704 80,567	5.80% 0.70%	475,282	3.52%	444,592	3.89%	342,582	4.05%
333,445	2.79%	368,507	2.98%	384,682	3.35%	392,954	2.91%	474,913	4.16%	531,773	6.29%
194,248	1.63%	27,247	0.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,808	0.03%	20,415	0.16%	15,217	0.13%	26,260	0.19% 0.99%	27,616		39,506	
179,892 232,147	1.51% 1.94%	204,194 379,717	1.65% 3.07%	199,898 434,337	1.74% 3.78%	133,541 3,167,554	0.99% 23.46%	129,738 2,551,450		166,607 1,942,910	
202,147	1.5470	575,717	5.0770	100,007	5.7070	5,107,554	23.4070	2,551,450	22.5270	1,542,510	22.5770
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
906,747 203,456	7.59% 1.70%	1,279,241 156,967	10.33% 1.27%	1,602,553 142,528	13.94% 1.24%	730,191 22,075	5.41% 0.16%	282,517	2.47%	-	-
545,487	4.57%	528,990	4.27%	498,796	4.34%	567,626	4.20%	- 288,287	2.52%	2,707	0.03%
369,050	3.09%	375,942	3.04%	266,414	2.32%	239,948	1.78%	110,075		-	-
249,456	2.09%	227,050	1.83%	77,833	0.68%	-	-	-	-	-	-
11,589 15,014	0.10% 0.13%	6,623	- 0.05%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50,061	0.42%	22,464	0.18%	9,128	0.08%	15,509	0.11%	19,969	0.17%	-	-
-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
-	4 7101	-	-	- 532,818	4 6301	1 550 001	11 5000	-		405.004	- - 1
562,477	4.71%	565,060	4.56%	532,818	4.63%	1,552,914	11.50%	1,201,477	10.51%	435,314	5.15%
9,898	0.08%	9,074	0.07%	4,654	0.04%	20,105	0.15%	9,079	0.08%	11,850	0.14%
60,399	0.51%	72,635	0.59%	66,673	0.58%	59,748	0.44%	60,106		48,106	
24,598	0.21%	35,424	0.29%	36,105	0.31%	43,772	0.32%	39,817	0.35%	40,184	0.48%
314	0.00%	-	-	173	0.00%	573	0.00%	698	0.01%	903	0.01%
8,827,841	73.90%	9,421,220	76.08%	8,900,335	77.41%	11,051,476	81.84%	9,115,205	79.76%	6,460,839	
4 404 507	44 700/	4 350 707	10.0104	4 4 95 959	0.000		7.4.00		0.0.50	760.000	0.000/
1,401,537 189,442	11.73% 1.59%	1,350,797 173,361	10.91% 1.40%	1,105,952 182,241	9.62% 1.59%	1,004,913 189,991	7.44% 1.41%	932,830 189,690	8.16% 1.66%	768,233 187,934	
173,440	1.45%	203,686	1.64%	215,272	1.87%	200,149	1.48%	163,817	1.43%	149,399	1.77%
176,064	1.47%	192,578	1.56%	201,577	1.75%	190,865	1.41%	156,142	1.37%	139,751	
101,867 85,231	0.85% 0.71%	118,331 25,841	0.96% 0.21%	98,628	0.86%	90,554	0.67%	81,316		72,989	
78,574	0.66%	83,033	0.67%	76,926	0.67%	73,253	0.54%	70,856		39,718	
57,850	0.48%	63,789	0.52%	56,776	0.49%	60,604	0.45%	58,695		46,316	
95,567	0.80%	104,319	0.84%	83,992	0.73%	75,626	0.56%	92,282		82,415	0.97%
44,955	0.38%	- 41,977	0.34%	- 34,300	0.30%	29,812	- 0.22%	- 13,422		7,672	0.09%
82,084	0.69%	87,604	0.71%	58,492	0.51%	13,254	0.10%	-	-	-	-
71,112	0.60%	66,251	0.54%	66,272	0.58%	74,016	0.55%	68,727		58,086	
62,932 80,821	0.53% 0.68%	65,852 80,054	0.53% 0.65%	70,047 78,879	0.61% 0.69%	68,507 81,580	0.51% 0.60%	68,744 82,215		62,181 76,242	
	- 0.0070		-		0.0370		0.0076		0.7270		0.50%
156,127	1.31%	91,695	0.74%	83,452	0.73%	192,848	1.43%	278,539	2.44%	300,261	3.55%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
89,225	0.75%	74,393	0.60%	56,105	0.49%	11,099	0.08%	-	-	-	-
163,846	1.37%	135,867	1.10%	123,979	1.08%	88,379	0.65%	51,557	0.45%	-	0.00%
4 742	0.040/	017	0.010/	1 702	0.020/	2 5 4 4	0.020/	740	0.010/	2.642	0.040/
4,743	0.04%	917	0.01%	1,792	0.02%	3,544	0.03%	740	0.01%	3,643	0.04%
63	0.00%	311	0.00%	179	0.00%	363	0.00%	200	0.00%	64	0.00%
-	-	137	0.00%	402	0.00%	1,333	0.01%	991	0.01%	939	
1,540	0.01%	803	0.01%	1,552	0.01%	1,647	0.01%	2,869	0.03%	2,005	0.02%
3,117,020	26.10%	2,961,596	23.92%	2,596,815	22.59%	2,452,337	0.01%	2,869 2,313,632	20.24%	2,005	
11,944,861	100.00%	12,382,816	100.00%	11,497,150	100.00%	13,503,813	100.00%	11,428,837	100.00%	8,458,687	
11,344,001	100.00/0	12,302,010	100.00/0	11,407,130	100.00 /0	CT0,COC,CT	100.00/0	11,920,037	100.00 /0	0,400,007	100.00 /0



## Exhibit S-30 – Market Share by Enplaned Cargo Weight – Reagan National

(Expressed in Pounds)

	201	2	201	1	201	0	200	9
Airlines <sup>1</sup>	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market
	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share
Domestic	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share
American	987,384	24.47%	1,115,895	30.74%	347,170	9.83%	438,101	16.27%
Federal Express	809,428	20.06%	779,768	21.48%	910,324	25.77%	549,860	20.42%
US Airways	714.094	17.70%	543,956	14.98%	618,598	17.51%	554,872	20.4270
Frontier	690,220	17.11%	428,095	11.79%	863,751	24.45%	499,669	18.56%
Delta	429,637	10.65%	344,901	9.50%	286,798	8.12%	156,417	5.81%
							/	
Continental	133,778	3.31%	95,266	2.62%	157,450	4.46%	110,081	4.09%
Alaska	47,177	1.17%	50,987	1.41%	113,101	3.20%	97,411	3.62%
United	3,468	0.09%	10,406	0.29%	18,691	0.53%	16,191	0.60%
Republic (Midwest)	-	-	-	-	28,589	0.81%	-	-
Northwest	-	-	-	-	21,974	0.62%	85,523	3.18%
ATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	0.00%
AirTran	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
America West	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delta Shuttle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Midwest	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,783	0.44%
Spirit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regionals								
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)	112,633	2.79%	124,420	3.43%	73,300	2.07%	63,295	2.35%
PSA								
	96,824	2.40%	135,206	3.72%	82,369	2.33%	56,727	2.11%
American Eagle	7,862	0.19%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Piedmont	1,543	0.04%	139	0.00%	348	0.01%	412	0.01%
SkyWest (Continental Connection)	14	0.00%	525	0.02%	-	-	-	-
Chautauqua (Continental Express)	-	-	340	0.01%	1,758	0.05%	1,969	0.07%
Continental Express	-	-	334	0.01%	5,848	0.16%	8,900	0.33%
Republic (Midwest Connect)	-	-	-	-	2,116	0.06%	39,083	1.45%
Mesaba Aviation (Northwest Airlink)	-	-	-	-	14	0.00%	345	0.01%
Pinnacle (Northwest Airlink)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,901	0.07%
Comair (Delta Connection)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Republic (US Airways Express)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chautaugua (Delta Connection)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chautauqua (US Airways Express)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ASA (Delta Connection)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allegheny	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chautaugua (America West Express)	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Midway (US Airways Express)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skyway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL DOMESTIC	4,034,062	99.98%	3,630,238	100.00%	3,532,199	99.98%	2,692,593	99.99%
Transborder/International								
US Airways	23	0.00%	22	0.00%	412	0.01%	169	0.01%
Air Canada	2	0.00%	44	0.00%	180	0.01%	31	0.00%
Regionals								
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)	601	0.02%						
	001	0.02%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Midway (US Airways Express) PSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
total transborder/international	626	- 0.02%	- 66	- 0.00%	- 592	0.02%	200	0.01%
GRAND TOTAL	4,034,688	100.00%	3,630,304	100.00%	3,532,791	100.00%	2,692,793	100.00%

<sup>1</sup> Prior years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

200	8	200	7	200	6	200	5	200	4	200	3
Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market	Cargo	Market
Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share	Weight	Share
357,360	17.47%	2,628	0.10%	4,457	0.15%	92,242	3.02%	744,151	16.38%	289,789	6.27%
313,462 642,775	15.33% 31.43%	- 1,661,112	- 60.57%	- 1,210,445	- 40.61%	- 1,037,946	- 34.03%	- 1,727,285	- 38.02%	- 1,832,745	- 39.64%
19,694	0.96%	2,856	0.11%	1,210,445	40.01%	1,057,946	54.05%	1,727,285	0.03%	36,318	0.78%
95,744	4.68%	107,764	3.93%	140,659	4.72%	263,842	8.65%	273,507	6.02%	315,869	6.83%
156,508	7.65%	163,807	5.97%	246,489	8.27%	300,118	9.84%	487,743	10.74%	437,175	9.45%
106,397	5.20% 0.87%	106,366	3.88%	120,052	4.03%	43,616 76,329	1.43% 2.50%	752 172,457	0.02%	22,764	0.49%
17,874	0.07%	17,631	0.64%	20,069	0.67%	/0,529	2.50%	1/2,45/	3.80%	221,887	4.80%
83,748	4.10%	69,039	2.52%	24,575	0.83%	24,992	0.82%	41,723	0.92%	239,483	5.18%
-	-	215,872	7.87%	371,210	12.45%	589,871	19.34%	225,601	4.96%	87,735	1.90%
152	0.01%	- 7,500	-	-	- 0.96%	-	- 0.70%	-	-	-	-
-	-	7,500 86,448	0.27% 3.15%	28,539 287,846	0.96% 9.66%	21,234 284,665	0.70% 9.33%	- 381,530	- 8.40%	- 499,521	- 10.80%
-	-			882	0.03%	781	0.03%	2,193	0.05%	63,627	1.38%
102,453	5.01%	146,642	5.35%	172,537	5.79%	143,100	4.69%	277,948	6.12%	300,996	6.51%
-	-	-	-	1,210	0.04%	8,791	0.29%	32,198	0.71%	3,052	0.07%
43,548	2.13%	25,796	0.94%	138,487	4.65%	23,281	0.76%		-		-
23,795	1.16%	27,467	1.00%	56,658	1.90%	67,526	2.21%	30,539	0.67%	20,245	0.44%
-	-	-	-	45,960	1.54%	52	0.00%	789	0.02%	2,800	0.06%
481	0.02%	2,032	0.07%	1,849	0.06%	1,089	0.04%	13,044	0.29%	54,940	1.19%
- 7,191	- 0.35%	3,333	- 0.12%	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
20,167	0.99%	35,974	1.31%	60,917	2.04%	43,763	1.44%	30,235	0.66%	18,279	0.39%
9,538	0.47%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 4,445	0.00% 0.22%	154 4,608	0.01% 0.17%	- 1,298	- 0.04%	-	-	-	-	-	-
4,445	0.22%	4,008	0.17%	1,296	0.04%	7,082	- 0.23%	- 32,909	- 0.72%	- 56,881	- 1.23%
-	-	2,222	0.08%	12,545	0.42%	901	0.03%		-		
-	-	35	0.00%	2,000	0.07%	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	5	0.00%	126	0.00%	1,028	0.03%	16,677	0.37%	28,477	0.62%
-	-	_	-	-	-	1,530	0.05%	40,939 6,021	0.90% 0.13%	38,554 31,054	0.83% 0.67%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		- 0.1070	2,616	0.06%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,004	0.24%
- 2.005.400	- 98.05%	- 2.689.291	- 98.06%	- 2.948.810	- 98.93%	- 3.033.779	- 99.46%	- 4.539.612	- 99.93%	314 4,616,125	0.01%
2,005,400	96.03%	2,069,291	96.00%	2,940,010	90.9370	5,055,779	99.40%	4,559,012	99.95%	4,010,125	99.64%
39,907	1.95%	52,526	1.91%	27,321	0.92%	12,198	0.40%	2,876	0.06%	6,682	0.14%
-	-	751	0.03%	1,551	0.05%	3,558	0.12%	462	0.01%	708	0.02%
				2 1 0 0	0.1.00/						
-	-	-	-	3,100	0.10%	-	-	-	-	- 4	- 0.00%
				41	0.00%	656	0.02%	64	0.00%	1	0.00%
39,907	1.95%	53,277	1.94%	32,013	1.07%	16,412	0.54%	3,402	0.07%	7,395	0.16%
2,045,307	100.00%	2,742,568	100.00%	2,980,823	100.00%	3,050,191	100.00%	4,543,014	100.00%	4,623,520	100.00%



## Exhibit S-31 – Market Share by Enplaned Cargo Weight – Dulles International

(Expressed in Pounds)

A+ P = 1	2012		201	1	201	0	2009	)
Airline <sup>1</sup>	Cargo Weight N	1arket Share	Cargo Weight	Market Share	Cargo Weight	Market Share	Cargo Weight	Market Share
Domestic								
Federal Express	73,713,462	28.55%	74,823,743	24.95%	76,889,656	23.12%	83,793,859	26.97%
United	27,840,466	10.78%	34,373,835	11.46%	45,511,042	13.69%	38,771,925	12.48%
United Parcel Service	14,242,032	5.52%	12,291,618	4.10%	10,519,509	3.16%	8,304,813	2.67%
American	686,611	0.27%	793,807	0.27%	1,091,210	0.33%	1,289,901	0.42%
Delta	482,352	0.19%	556,270	0.19%	539,498	0.16%	399,477	0.13%
Southwest	417,056	0.16%	423,510	0.14%	316,218	0.09%	271,671	0.09%
Continental	367,558	0.14%	1,873,912	0.63%	2,811,265	0.85%	1,949,852	0.63%
JetBlue	21,821	0.01%	209,458	0.07%	386,739	0.12%	455,711	0.15%
US Airways	-	-	12,865	0.00%	86,276	0.03%	225,628	0.07%
Other <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	141,920	0.05%
Pagionals								
Regionals PSA	43,336	0.02%	27,339	0.01%	47,596	0.01%	29,119	0.01%
	3,186	0.02%	6,846	0.01%	10,311	0.01%	29,119	0.01%
Air Wisconsin (US Airways Express)								0.00%
Piedmont	2,202	0.00%	764	0.00%	1,448	0.00%	16	0.00%
Pinnacle (Delta Connection)	199	0.00%	132	0.00%	27	0.00%	-	-
ExpressJet (Delta Connection)	180 119	0.00%	-	-	- 882	-	-	- 0.00%
Other <sup>2</sup>	119	0.00%	237	0.00%	882	0.00%	9,654	0.00%
All-Cargo Charters								
Volga-Dnepr	182,860	0.07%	-	-	-	-	-	-
National (Murray Air Cargo)	61,344	0.02%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mountain Air Cargo	606	0.00%	-	-	121,943	0.04%	8,117	0.00%
Atlas Air	-	-	106,560	0.04%	-	-	-	-
Other <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Military								
RAF			4,914	0.00%				
TOTAL DOMESTIC	118,065,390	45.73%	125,505,810	41.86%	138,333,620	41.60%	135,651,679	43.67%
	.,		.,		, ,		,,	
Transborder/International								
United	54,935,397	21.28%	82,974,260	27.67%	99,578,299	29.94%	85,576,244	27.55%
British Airways	11,882,801	4.60%	12,424,127	4.14%	13,277,122	3.99%	14,530,288	4.68%
Qatar Amiri Air	11,776,045	4.56%	12,548,060	4.18%	13,088,631	3.94%	12,546,842	4.04%
Lufthansa	10,004,312	3.87%	8,568,118	2.86%	10,568,050	3.18%	16,741,822	5.39%
All Nippon	9,405,747	3.64%	9,915,876	3.31%	8,964,621	2.70%	7,120,220	2.29%
Virgin Atlantic	6,523,720	2.53%	7,601,676	2.53%	8,028,698	2.41%	6,908,136	2.22%
South African	6,395,193	2.48%	6,367,193	2.12%	6,655,220	2.00%	4,687,739	1.51%
Air France	4,945,166	1.91%	10,212,850	3.41%	11,019,582	3.31%	6,913,773	2.22%
KLM Royal Dutch	3,794,531	1.47%	4,721,047	1.57%	3,388,973	1.02%	4,164,994	1.34%
SAS	3,612,476	1.40%	5,458,393	1.82%	7,756,339	2.33%	5,502,209	1.77%
Saudi Arabian	3,170,035	1.23%	906,596	0.30%	1,423,270	0.43%	619,146	0.20%
Turkish Airlines	2,945,046	1.14%	1,095,562	0.37%	6,036	0.00%	-	-
Austrian	2,728,674	1.06%	4,210,682	1.40%	5,083,851	1.53%	5,371,312	1.73%
Korean Air	2,013,681	0.78%	1,037,363	0.35%	681,332	0.21%	631,640	0.20%
Emirates	1,580,157	0.61%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other <sup>2</sup>	2,273,701	0.88%	4,705,616	1.57%	3,654,291	1.10%	2,439,820	0.79%
Regionals								
Air Wisconsin (United Express)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All-Cargo Charters	700.500	0.2000	225.024	0.000			220.000	0.070/
Evergreen International	760,523	0.29%	225,024	0.08%	14.000	-	220,000	0.07%
Air Transport International	156,240	0.06%	-	-	14,698	0.00%	59,055	0.02%
Kalitta Air	118,552	0.05%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volga-Dnepr	91,424	0.04%	-	-	-	-	-	-
National (Murray Air Cargo)	20,463	0.01%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Atlas Air Other <sup>2</sup>		-	563,216	0.19%	-	-	-	-
							_	
Military								
GAF	969,170	0.38%	802,239	0.27%	1,026,487	0.31%	950,129	0.31%
RAF TOTAL TRANSBORDER/INTERNATIONAL	- 140,103,054	- 54.27%	- 174,337,898	- 58.14%	5,045	0.00%	300 174,983,669	0.00%
GRAND TOTAL	258,168,444	54.27%	299,843,708	58.14%	194,220,545 332,554,165	58.40%	310,635,348	100.00%
	200,108,444	100.00%	233,043,708	100.00%	JJZ,JJ4,105	100.00%	510,035,548	100.00%

<sup>1</sup> Prior years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers.

<sup>2</sup> Includes airlines no longer serving Dulles International or carriers with insignificant activity.

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority

200	18	200	)7	200	)6	2005 2004		)4	2003		
-	Market Share		Market Share	Cargo Weight	Market Share						
82,766,364	23.66%	90,637,340	25.35%	84,999,063	24.86%	89,954,132	29.61%	85,571,561	28.33%	72,467,555	26.61%
40,833,059	11.68%	47,996,696	13.43%	44,757,206	13.09%	42,347,957	13.94%	55,671,032	18.43%	62,396,831	22.92%
8,582,825	2.45%	9,522,514	2.66%	9,210,600	2.70%	8,522,281	2.81%	7,394,010	2.45%	7,347,070	2.70%
2,264,649	0.65%	1,486,544	0.42%	1,709,804	0.50%	1,441,953	0.47%	2,677,255	0.89%	4,106,286	1.51%
420,072	0.12%	547,443	0.15%	732,947	0.21%	1,415,717	0.47%	2,514,816	0.83%	2,557,510	0.94%
560,639	0.12%	585,535	0.17%	100,030	0.03%	1,413,717	0.4770	2,514,010	0.0570	2,557,510	0.5470
875,020	0.25%	2,296,733	0.64%	2,484,266	0.73%	2,893,214	- 0.95%	3,181,635	- 1.05%	2,811,793	1.03%
678,715	0.19%	138,833	0.04%	85,449	0.03%	123,565	0.04%	174,301	0.06%	86,081	0.03%
274,354	0.08%	119,368	0.03%	99,377	0.03%	83,805	0.03%	128,821	0.04%	146,319	0.05%
11,886,682	3.40%	13,644,884	3.82%	11,859,022	3.47%	12,471,364	4.11%	15,175,322	5.03%	11,132,750	4.09%
20,189	0.01%	13,075	0.00%	15,524	0.00%	1,299	0.00%	145	0.00%	-	-
-	-	-	-	700	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,189,723	0.34%	42,194	0.01%	75,399	0.02%	243,264	0.08%	224,549	0.07%	90,263	0.03%
_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
30,878	0.01%	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-
50,078	0.01%	2,734	- 0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	2,734	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
757	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	216,350	0.07%	294,550	0.11%
-	-	-	-	-	-	200	0.00%	1,050	0.00%	-	-
150,383,926	43.00%	167,033,893	46.72%	156,129,387	45.67%	159,498,751	52.51%	172,930,847	57.25%	163,437,008	60.02%
94,114,032	26.91%	96,960,774	27.12%	106,822,333	31.25%	64,727,512	21.31%	50,470,602	16.71%	39,940,381	14.67%
14,539,614	4.16%	12,824,088	3.59%	11,246,501	3.29%	11,563,749	3.81%	10,578,872	3.50%	10,758,490	3.95%
12,987,692	3.71%	5,196,251	1.45%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19,296,508	5.52%	21,636,118	6.05%	20,128,114	5.89%	17,550,693	5.78%	14,632,524	4.85%	12,251,601	4.50%
10,093,321	2.88%	12,112,144	3.39%	9,251,189	2.71%	6,663,410	2.20%	6,707,108	2.22%	7,236,405	2.66%
9,891,243	2.83%	8,941,718	2.50%	7,924,997	2.32%	6,585,176	2.17%	7,404,359	2.45%	6,485,883	2.38%
	1.08%		0.32%		0.98%	612,131	0.20%	7,404,559	2.4.370	0,403,005	2.30%
3,797,528		1,156,830		3,342,760				-	-	-	-
8,659,903	2.48%	6,331,689	1.77%	5,570,291	1.63%	9,209,885	3.03%	8,210,094	2.72%	5,032,086	1.85%
5,766,904	1.65%	5,498,164	1.54%	4,679,652	1.37%	4,137,455	1.36%	3,599,933	1.19%	1,287,174	0.47%
6,208,829	1.77%	7,262,647	2.03%	6,616,384	1.94%	7,375,992	2.43%	6,035,730	2.00%	4,338,814	1.59%
697,661	0.20%	680,012	0.19%	631,037	0.18%	648,639	0.21%	875,122	0.29%	886,750	0.33%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7,344,158	2.10%	7,459,761	2.09%	4,930,035	1.44%	5,752,394	1.89%	7,593,452	2.51%	6,593,887	2.42%
348,966	0.10%	288,372	0.08%	315,087	0.09%	313,519	0.10%	208,699	0.07%	468,292	0.17%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,953,825	1.13%	2,225,734	0.62%	2,713,944	0.79%	7,337,637	2.42%	11,029,475	3.65%	11,225,301	4.12%
.,				, .,.				,,		, .,	
					-	38	0.00%	140	0.00%		
						50	0.0070	140	0.0070		
		202 702	0.000	152.764	0.04%						
	-	202,783	0.06%	152,764	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
62,189	0.02%	54,930	0.02%	57,459	0.02%			-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	38,771	0.01%	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	169,400	0.05%	407,034	0.13%	-	-	37,366	0.01%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,598	0.02%
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50,000	0.01%	345,000	0.10%	123,200	0.04%	35,663	0.01%	157,660	0.05%	179,267	0.07%
1,564,128	0.45%	1,286,551	0.36%	1,040,750	0.30%	1,185,027	0.39%	1,611,938	0.53%	1,991,730	0.73%
5,290	0.00%	17,820	0.00%	13,401	0.00%	133,245	0.04%	38,400	0.01%	96,592	0.04%
199,381,791	57.00%	190,481,386	53.28%	185,729,298	54.33%	144,277,970	47.49%	129,154,108	42.75%	108,858,617	39.98%
349,765,717	100.00%	357,515,279	100.00%	341,858,685	100.00%	303,776,721	100.00%	302,084,955	100.00%	272,295,625	100.00%
5.5,105,111	100.0070	55,1525,273	100.0070	5.2,050,005	-00.0070	JJJJ,//0,/ZI	100.0078	552,004,555	100.0070	L, L, L, J, J, U, LJ	100.0070



### Exhibit S-32 – Passenger Facility Charges by Airport

#### Reagan National

AIRLINE <sup>1</sup>	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
US Airways	\$ 16,878,970	\$ 14,199,404	\$ 14,582,062	\$ 13,934,880	\$ 14,476,818	\$ 14,351,176	\$ 12,086,972	\$ 12,625,267	\$ 10,503,641	\$ 9,952,854
Delta Airlines	6,344,119	7,567,947	7,079,513	5,081,996	4,636,630	4,676,954	4,967,091	5,179,372	5,209,141	5,040,580
American Airlines	5,226,296	5,215,581	5,558,325	5,435,374	5,253,701	5,534,500	5,394,631	5,427,137	4,375,254	4,258,802
United Airlines	3,699,333	2,527,462	2,557,228	2,467,198	2,506,485	2,573,881	2,705,570	2,656,152	2,616,829	2,028,592
JetBlue Airways	1,931,568	1,062,230	206,786	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AirTran Airlines	1,650,696	1,638,033	1,632,888	1,156,620	1,075,203	854,421	814,715	695,644	615,315	108,693
Frontier Airlines	1,404,603	1,579,634	809,107	628,660	625,194	535,577	514,022	504,049	303,045	165,064
Alaska Airlines	607,491	547,900	480,340	432,464	437,198	465,254	425,640	413,946	296,442	135,181
Spirit Airlines	428,264	641,203	553,306	540,296	487,386	396,793	453,489	581,274	481,408	42,664
Air Canada	423,968	365,562	345,315	331,797	361,106	334,925	359,440	354,705	292,456	251,533
Continental Airlines	260,462	1,270,792	1,622,627	1,775,593	1,750,203	1,806,768	1,856,835	1,687,362	1,464,417	1,443,269
Southwest Airlines	184,328	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MN Airlines	155,292	124,509	-	764	145	-	-	-	-	-
Virgin America	51,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Midwest Airlines	-	-	551,920	769,813	798,789	855,607	892,721	792,860	685,642	295,228
Northwest Airlines	-	-	59,807	2,055,181	2,775,098	2,956,332	2,926,818	2,907,962	2,465,069	2,267,920
ATA	-	-	-	-	238	451,217	551,933	652,466	427,487	-
America West Airlines	-	-	-	-	-	854,244	2,901,072	728,576	645,104	598,967
Midwest Express Airlines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	371,564
Other Airlines <sup>2</sup>	121,122	149,341	202,841	110,126	92,348	97,162	173,311	142,142	124,827	114,300
Adjustments <sup>3</sup>	255,702	104,376	(87,424)	191,848	(238,756)	98,581	206,780	87,928	375,773	826,407
TOTAL	\$ 39,623,895	\$ 36,993,974	\$ 36,154,641	\$ 34,912,610	\$ 35,037,786	\$ 36,843,392	\$ 37,231,040	\$ 35,436,842	\$ 30,881,850	\$ 27,901,618

#### **Dulles International**

AIRLINE <sup>1</sup>		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
United Airlines	\$	24,700,284	\$ 21,972,484	\$ 24,381,322	\$ 24,188,764	\$ 24,105,856	\$ 27,004,434	\$ 25,902,234	\$ 24,377,946	\$ 24,953,913	\$ 16,620,39
Delta Airlines		2,439,923	2,304,143	2,450,430	1,977,246	1,907,178	1,952,085	1,928,007	2,196,748	2,473,274	2,391,5
American Airlines		1,593,514	1,642,789	1,720,637	1,686,082	1,695,527	1,943,558	2,094,490	2,372,467	1,964,577	1,825,55
JetBlue Airways		1,305,838	2,089,605	2,525,215	2,579,607	3,055,512	3,272,345	2,840,661	2,091,638	1,949,480	1,578,9
Lufthansa German Airline		1,201,882	1,124,200	1,139,039	1,256,257	1,299,418	973,447	1,130,727	1,168,401	1,063,212	862,04
Southwest Airlines		1,199,309	1,239,318	1,482,116	1,491,052	1,591,622	1,499,638	465,784	-	-	-
US Airways		1,104,201	1,093,620	1,300,499	1,309,668	1,288,635	1,522,274	2,069,268	1,571,054	1,588,412	703,9
Virgin America		963,648	1,041,615	989,353	1,059,457	867,813	185,561	-	-	-	-
Continental Airlines		962,291	3,098,744	1,260,003	536,166	435,936	619,562	661,516	837,418	813,813	503,13
British Airways		700,319	724,845	742,379	753,116	794,545	740,442	763,123	788,243	811,730	777,9
Air France		500,175	599,476	585,248	622,599	593,256	640,047	673,672	595,872	404,770	404,31
Taca International Airlines		428,416	449,430	436,273	452,951	416,958	533,730	427,165	407,021	372,168	301,39
Turkish Airlines		354,787	260,776	40,923	10,346	3,130	-	-	-	-	-
South African Airways		340,190	409,934	648,930	473,554	490,495	519,315	368,339	59,444	5,315	6,7
Korean Air Lines		324,763	327,978	354,164	286,737	226,761	246,580	216,256	223,869	224,540	180,8
Ethiopian Airlines		323,696	344,725	236,732	174,015	191,196	175,408	141,155	129,938	-	· · · · ·
Scandinavian Airlines		316,627	316,801	315,402	300,074	301,378	303,343	275,317	283,535	308,706	244,4
Virgin Atlantic Airways		301,247	269,760	295,854	345,970	389,053	345,685	332,503	276,262	321,481	230,7
Air Canada		288,612	273,518	326,640	306,503	373,935	335,333	332,483	327,522	344,102	345,3
All Nippon Airways		286,997	252,669	280,246	263,481	246,599	255,203	266,327	261,000	282,924	186,9
Austrian Airlines		257,879	251,019	268,722	304,465	258,781	341,175	359,218	417,492	384,484	352,0
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines		191,619	172,065	159,763	169,051	170,780	-	-	-	-	-
Qatar Amiri Air		184,973	150,770	252,403	414,570	216,286	74,841	-	-	-	
C.O.P.A. Airlines		176,825	145,920	118,460	127,525	130,023	-	-	-	-	-
AirTran Airlines		133.723	413.359	530,408	538.680	755,506	891.901	861.884	624,016	586.399	757,1
Icelandair		129,839	90.368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Porter Airlines		108,854	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Emirates Airlines		104.192	20.907	17.064	27.909	14.074					
Saudi Arabian Airlines		84.628	67,387	54,985	49,097	31.657					
Alaska Airlines		11.998	11.284	30,905	31.546	34.970	21.156	49.074	171.266	167.221	219,5
Northwest Airlines		-	-	31.630	676.823	903,702	1.093.729	1.060.255	1.102.369	1.075.361	796,1
America West Airlines		-	-		-	-	63,575	373,922	401,961	522,655	421,3
Independence Air			-	-	-	-		(202,588)	11.236.855	1,899,055	
Other Airlines <sup>2</sup>		633,181	723,154	620,257	776,177	841.324	802,431	587,360	557,482	1,011,179	448,9
Adjustments <sup>3</sup>		1.985.253	(249.711)	337,707	418.666	(214,475)	(341,344)	280.511	398.649	1,649,555	376.8
TOTAL	<	43.639.683	\$ 41.632.952	\$ 43.933.709	\$ 43.608.154	\$ 43.417.431	\$ 46.015.454	\$ 44.258.664	\$ 52.878.468	\$ 45.178.326	\$ 30.536.4

Passenger facility charges (PFCs) are collected by the airlines and remitted on a monthly basis to the Airports Authority. The Airports Authority accounts for PFCs on an accrual basis, based on the month the charges were collected by the airlines. These schedules reflect the amounts of PFCs submitted by carriers to the Airports Authority based on the airlines' year of collection.

<sup>1</sup> Previous years' comparative information has been modified as necessary based on revisions from carriers. Carrier information is based on each year presented. <sup>2</sup> Other Airlines includes PFCs applicable for carriers that do not operate at Reagan National or Dulles International.

<sup>2</sup> Adjustments include estimates of receivables due from carriers for PFCs not yet remitted as of year-end, less estimates carried forward from the prior year.



#### Domestic International Trip Total Total **Destination Airport** Length\* O&D Destination Airport Country O&D Boston, MA SH 1,108,630 Toronto, Pearson Canada 117,448 Bahamas Chicago, O'Hare MH 875,460 Nassau 53,811 Canada Atlanta, GA SH 715,880 Montreal, Dorval 51,573 Orlando, FL 631,060 Ottawa Canada 45,354 MΗ Ft. Lauderdale, FL MH 622,090 Montego Bay Jamaica 36,098 Miami, FL MH 439,380 Cancun Mexico 34,057 Lima New York, LaGuardia SH 423,440 Peru 33,765 Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX MH 406,440 Punta Cana Dominican Rep. 32,896 Denver, CO MH 384,890 San Jose Costa Rica 29,196 Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN MH 350,280 Santo Domingo Dominican Rep. 28,773 Tampa, FL MH 308,840 Vancouver Canada 28,709 Houston, TX MH Guatemala 279,970 Guatemala City 28,508 Seattle, WA LΗ 253,900 Port Au Prince Haiti 27,405 Milwaukee, WI MH 245,500 Mexico City Mexico 22,308 Los Angeles, CA LH 240,230 **Buenos Aires** Argentina 21,463 Kansas City, MO MΗ 206,230 San Salvador El Salvador 20,038 Detroit, MI SH 201,630 Shanghai, Pudong China 19,570 Las Vegas, NV LΗ 196,030 Tel Aviv Israel 19,081 New Orleans, LA MH 190,400 Calgary Canada 18,044 San Francisco, CA LH 174,430 Kingston Jamaica 16,687 St. Louis, MO MH 173,810 Port of Spain Trinidad & Tobago 15,096 Indianapolis, IN SH 154,760 Bogota Colombia 15,086 Phoenix, AZ LΗ 150,740 Manila 14,978 Philippines West Palm Beach, FL MH 142,110 Tokyo, Narita Japan 14,691 Jacksonville, FL MΗ 141,910 Santiago Chile 14,295 Omaha, NE MH 137,090 Bermuda Bermuda 14,235 San Diego, CA LΗ 136,940 Beijing China 13,523 SH Los Cabos Mexico New York, Kennedy 125,050 13,425 China Fort Myers, FL MH 124,090 Hong Kong 12,923 Charlotte, NC Barbados SH 123,950 Barbados 12,821

### Exhibit S-33 – Top 30 Passenger Origination and Destination Markets in 2012 – Reagan National

### \*Note

SH Short Haul = 0 to 600 miles MH Medium Haul = 601 - 1,800 miles LH Long Haul = over 1,800 miles

Domestic Source: U.S. Department of Transportation O&D Surveys (Year Ending 3Q2012) International Source: 2012 Marketing Information Data Transfer Global Airline Database (adjusted)



### Exhibit S-34 – Top 30 Passenger Origination and Destination Markets in 2012 – Dulles International

Domes	stic			I	International
	Trip	Total			
Destination Airport	Length*	O&D		Destination Airport	Destination Airport Country
San Francisco, CA	LH	841,960		London, Heathrow	London, Heathrow U.K.
Los Angeles, CA	LH	840,980		Paris, CDG	Paris, CDG France
Orlando, FL	MH	339,170		San Salvador	San Salvador El Salvador
Denver, CO	MH	317,340		Seoul, Incheon	Seoul, Incheon Rep. of Korea
Boston, MA	SH	313,200		Frankfurt	Frankfurt Germany
Atlanta, GA	SH	287,620		Beijing	Beijing China
Chicago, O'Hare	SH	218,490		Toronto, Pearson	Toronto, Pearson Canada
San Diego, CA	LH	213,170		Tokyo, Narita	Tokyo, Narita Japan
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	MH	199,510		Amsterdam	Amsterdam Netherlands
Chicago, Midway	SH	198,230		Mexico City	Mexico City Mexico
Las Vegas, NV	LH	198,150		Addis Ababa	Addis Ababa Ethiopia
Seattle, WA	LH	189,100		Dubai	Dubai U.A.E.
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	MH	138,830		Istanbul	Istanbul Turkey
Tampa, FL	MH	130,920		Brussels	Brussels Belgium
New York, Kennedy	SH	124,370		Rome	Rome Italy
Miami, FL	MH	120,970		Cancun	Cancun Mexico
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	MH	109,130		Delhi	Delhi India
St. Louis, MO	MH	108,920		Madrid	Madrid Spain
Houston, TX	MH	101,990		Munich	Munich Germany
Salt Lake City, UT	LH	93,950		Lima	Lima Peru
Long Beach, CA	LH	93,610		Copenhagen	Copenhagen Denmark
Portland, OR	LH	92,230		Ho Chi Minh City	Ho Chi Minh City Vietnam
Phoenix, AZ	LH	88,790		Vienna	Vienna Austria
New York, LaGuardia	SH	88,060		Bangkok	Bangkok Thailand
Honolulu, HI	LH	87,690		Sao Paulo	Sao Paulo Brazil
Oakland, CA	LH	82,370	(	Geneva	Geneva Switzerland
Sacramento, CA	LH	81,890		Mumbai	Mumbai India
Austin, TX	MH	80,820		Johannesburg	Johannesburg South Africa
San Antonio, TX	MH	74,210		Riyadh	0
Kansas City, MO	MH	73,750		Guatemala City	-

### \*Note

SH Short Haul = 0 to 600 miles MH Medium Haul = 601 - 1,800 miles

LH Long Haul = over 1,800 miles

Domestic Source: U.S. Department of Transportation O&D Surveys (Year Ending 3Q2012) International Source: 2012 Marketing Information Data Transfer Global Airline Database (adjusted) C

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Denver, CO

Boston, MA Chicago, O'Hare

Atlanta, GA

Orlando, FL

Houston, TX

Detroit, MI

Destination Airport

New York, LaGuardia

Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX

Ft. Lauderdale, FL

Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN



Passengers

787,160

781,140

609,470

593,990

473,360

411,630

372,820

332,230

324,950

322,460

### Exhibit S-35 - Top 10 Passenger Origination and Destination Markets - Reagan National

The following tables depict the top ten passenger origin and destination (O&D) markets for Reagan National for the past ten years. O&D data is used to determine air traffic patterns, air carrier market shares, and passenger flows. Primarily serving as a short-haul airport, Reagan National offers nonstop service to destinations no further than a 1,250 mile perimeter from Washington, D.C. as part of the federally-instituted Perimeter Rule. The federal government has granted exceptions to this rule, allowing daily flights to the following cities beyond the perimeter: Austin; Denver; Las Vegas; Los Angeles; Phoenix; Portland, Ore.; Salt Lake City; San Diego; San Francisco; and Seattle.

2012	
Destination Airport	Passengers
Boston, MA	1,108,630
Chicago, O'Hare	875,460
Atlanta, GA	715,880
Orlando, FL	631,060
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	622,090
Miami, FL	439,380
New York, LaGuardia	423,440
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	406,440
Denver, CO	384,890
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	350,280

2008	
Destination Airport	Passengers
Atlanta, GA	787,360
Chicago, O'Hare	783,330
New York, LaGuardia	754,970
Boston, MA	675,980
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	447,430
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	396,270
Detroit, MI	386,830
Miami, FL	343,690
Denver, CO	342,290
Orlando, Fl	327.740

2004				
Destination Airport	Passengers			
New York, LaGuardia	1,231,600			
Boston, MA	703,980			
Atlanta, GA	626,910			
Chicago, O'Hare	596,940			
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	404,600			
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	353,740			
Orlando, FL	312,960			
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	297,110			
Detroit, MI	286,850			
Denver, CO	268,110			

2011				
Passengers				
1,069,270				
815,210				
718,910				
635,480				
526,000				
451,110				
436,900				
436,710				
347,920				
327,630				

2007			
Destination Airport	Passengers		
New York, LaGuardia	988,930		
Atlanta, GA	790,320		
Chicago, O'Hare	775,600		
Boston, MA	707,840		
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	438,900		
Detroit, MI	394,760		
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	392,810		
Miami, FL	372,930		
Orlando, FL	350,710		

2003

New York, LaGuardia	1,172,490
Destination Airport	Passengers
2006	
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	316,560
Denver, CO	316,990
Miami, FL	341,290
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	466,320
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	474,090
Orlando, FL	508,730
New York, LaGuardia	536,050
Boston, MA	647,120
Atlanta, GA	764,100
enieugo, o riure	022/200

Destination Airport

Chicago, O'Hare

Detroit, MI

Miami, FL

314.810

Passengers

1.285.410 713,620

571,730

417.720

354,350

277.260

261,260

249,700

225,000

222,520

Orlando, FL

Houston, TX

Ft. Lauderdale, FL

2010

Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	474,090
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	466,320
Miami, FL	341,290
Denver, CO	316,990
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	316,560
2006	
2000	
Destination Airport	Passengers
	Passengers 1,172,490
Destination Airport	<u> </u>
Destination Airport New York, LaGuardia	1,172,490
Destination Airport New York, LaGuardia Atlanta, GA	1,172,490 812,650
Destination Airport New York, LaGuardia Atlanta, GA Chicago, O'Hare	1,172,490 812,650 752,350

416,330

357,280

347 590

342.040

329.010

Passengers

822,180

2005	
Destination Airport	Passengers
New York, LaGuardia	1,147,930
Atlanta, GA	799,300
Chicago, O'Hare	779,730
Boston, MA	720,680
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	429,530
Detroit, MI	390,590
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	384,840
Denver, CO	341,060
Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN	323,900
Houston, TX	318,170

2009

Destination Airport

New York, LaGuardia

Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX

Chicago, O'Hare

Atlanta, GA

Boston, MA

Data reported for current year reflects year-ending estimates as of the 3rd Quarter in the calendar year. Prior year results have been adjusted to reflect actual annual traffic.

Sources: U.S. Department of Transportation O&D Surveys, Marketing Information Data Transfer Global Airline Database



### Exhibit S-36 – Top 10 Passenger Origination and Destination Markets – Dulles International

The following tables depict the top ten passenger origin and destination (O&D) markets for Dulles International for the past ten years. O&D data is used to determine air traffic patterns, air carrier market shares, and passenger flows. Dulles International is a major East Coast gateway for domestic and international travelers as well as cargo activities.

2012		2011		2010		2009	2009	
Destination Airport	Passengers	Destination Airport	Passengers	Destination Airport	Passengers	Destination Airport	Passengers	
San Francisco, CA	841,960	Los Angeles	879,570	Los Angeles, CA	881,620	Los Angeles, CA	921,510	
Los Angeles, CA	840,980	San Francisco, CA	826,630	San Francisco, CA	826,940	San Francisco, CA	769,920	
London, Heathrow	417,978	London, Heathrow	430,194	Boston, MA	525,960	Orlando, FL	482,230	
Orlando, FL	339,170	Orlando, FL	386,820	Orlando, FL	457,270	Boston, MA	473,860	
Denver, CO	317,340	Boston, MA	369,730	London, Heathrow	432,084	London, Heathrow	419,032	
Boston, MA	313,200	Denver, CO	346,490	Denver, CO	341,530	Atlanta, GA	346,200	
Atlanta, GA	287,620	Atlanta, GA	301,180	Atlanta, GA	313,950	Denver, CO	320,320	
Chicago, O'Hare	218,490	Las Vegas, NV	234,170	Las Vegas, NV	262,030	Las Vegas, NV	258,860	
San Diego, CA	213,170	San Diego, CA	232,610	San Diego, CA	236,010	San Diego, CA	242,610	
Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	199,510	Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	221,800	Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	230,750	Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX	229,300	
2008		2007		2006		2005		
Destination Airport	Passengers	Destination Airport	Passengers	Destination Airport	Passengers	Destination Airport <sup>1</sup>	Passengers	
Los Angeles, CA	863,790	Los Angeles, CA	697,880	Los Angeles, CA	660,780	Los Angeles, CA	729,040	
San Francisco, CA	649,480	Orlando, FL	606,640	Boston, MA	612,590	Atlanta, GA	619,240	
Orlando, FL	588,200	Boston, MA	521,060	Orlando, FL	496,890	Orlando, FL	563,380	
Boston, MA	497,590	San Francisco, CA	511,210	Atlanta, GA	476,330	San Francisco, CA	492,590	
London, Heathrow	444,938	London, Heathrow	447,149	London, Heathrow	456,853	Boston, MA	460,710	
Atlanta, GA	375,670	Atlanta, GA	441,950	San Francisco, CA	417,340	Chicago, O'Hare	441,730	
Denver, CO	364,690	Las Vegas, NV	405,550	Denver, CO	364,960	Oakland, CA	363,730	
Las Vegas, NV	313,100	Denver, CO	368,530	Las Vegas, NV	341,860	Denver, CO	362,470	
San Diego, CA	290,200	San Diego, CA	315,210	Oakland, CA	331,910	Las Vegas, NV	339,420	
Tampa, FL	261,810	Oakland, CA	306,270	Chicago, O'Hare	324,000	Long Beach, CA	338,840	
2004		2003						
Destination Airport <sup>1</sup>	Passengers	Destination Airport <sup>1</sup>	Passengers					
Los Angeles, CA	664,880	Atlanta, GA	579,400					
Atlanta, GA	657,680	Los Angeles, CA	512,890					
Chicago, O'Hare	490,640	Oakland, CA	382,170					
Oakland, CA	446,160	Denver, CO	349,390					
Denver, CO	419,800	Orlando, FL	324,870					
Boston, MA	396,960	San Francisco, CA	324,750					
Orlando, FL	374,230	Chicago, O'Hare	281,090					
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	360,160	Long Beach, CA	273,780					
Long Beach, CA	350,480	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	259,700					

<sup>1</sup> International passenger O&D data is not available before 2006. As such, 2003-2005 data includes domestic passenger O&D data only.

Data reported for current year reflects year-ending estimates as of the 3rd Quarter in the calendar year. Prior year results have been adjusted to reflect actual annual traffic.

232,490

Sources: U.S. Department of Transportation O&D Surveys, Marketing Information Data Transfer Global Airline Database

325,730

Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX

San Francisco, CA



### **Exhibit S-37 – Airline Tenants – Both Airports**

As of December 31, 2012

Reagan National	Dulles International			
Signatory Airlines	Signatory Airlines	Non-Signatory Airlines		
Air Canada	Air France	Aeroflot		
Air Canada Jazz	Air Wisconsin Airlines Corp.	Aeromexico		
Air Wisconsin Airlines Corp.	AirTran Airways, Inc.	Cayman Airways		
AirTran Airways, Inc.	All Nippon Airways	Kalitta Air		
Alaska Airlines	American Airlines	North American Airlines		
American Airlines	Austrian Airlines	Ryan International		
American Eagle	Avianca Airlines	Pacific Wings (d.b.a. Sun Air International)		
Chautauqua Airlines	British Airways			
Compass Airlines	Chautauqua Airlines			
Delta Airlines	CommutAir			
ExpressJet Airlines	Compass Airlines			
Federal Express	COPA Airlines			
Frontier Airlines	Delta Airlines			
Jet Blue Airways Corp	Emirates Airlines			
Piedmont Airlines	Ethiopian Airlines			
Pinnacle Airlines, Inc.	ExpressJet Airlines			
PSA Airlines	Federal Express			
Republic Airlines	GoJet Airlines			
Shuttle America	Icelandair			
Southwest Airlines	Jet Blue Airways Corp			
MN Airlines (d.b.a. Sun Country Airlines)	KLM Royal Dutch Airlines			
United Airlines	Korean Air			
US Airways, Inc.	Lufthansa German Airlines			
Virgin America, Inc.	Mesa Airlines			
	Mountain Air Cargo			
	Pinnacle Airlines			
	Porter Airlines			
	PSA Airlines			
	Qatar Airways			
	Republic Airlines			
	Saudi Arabian Airlines			
	Scandinavian Airlines			
	Shuttle America			
	Silver Airways			
	Skywest Airlines			
	South African Airways			
	Southwest Airlines			
	Sun Country Airlines			
	TACA International Airlines			
	Trans States Airlines, Inc.			
	Turkish Airlines			
	United Airlines			
	United Parcel Service			
	Virgin America, Inc.			
	Virgin Atlantic Airways Ltd.			

Signatory airlines are those that have signed the Airports Authority Use and Lease Agreement & Premises Lease. Signatory status is available to all airlines providing scheduled service and offers benefits such as lower fees, sharing of Airports Authority revenue, and the right to lease space. Additional detail is provided in Note 2 - Airport Use and Lease Agreement & Premises Lease.



### Exhibit S-38 - Non-Airline Tenants - Reagan National

As of December 31, 2012

#### <u>Retail</u>

Accessor'ize Airport Wireless America! Arm Candy As Kindred Spirits Better Vision Group BluWire Dulles, LLC Brooks Brothers Brookstone Capital Image DC Marketplace Forever Heather, Inc. Heritage Booksellers Johnston & Murphy Jos. A Banks Clothiers, Inc Just 4 Fun Knits Etc. Landau MacTrade Noble Collections Pen & Prose PGA Tour Shop Rosetta Stone Smithsonian Museum Store Sunglass Hut International The Bead Factory Time Flys Touch of Color Washington Gifts

#### Newsstands

Capital Travelmart CNBC News Faber News Hudson AeroMart Hudson News Company

Duty Free Dulles Duty Free LLC.

Foreign Currency Travelex Currency Services

#### Parking Managed by:

Five Star U Street Metropolitan Washington Airport Parking

Source: Airports Authority Records

### Food and Beverage

Allie's Deli Auntie Anne's Pretzels California Tortilla Cibo Bistro & Wine Bar Cibo Express Gourmet Cinnabon Cosi DC Brewhouse DCA Bistro Dunkin Donuts Einstein Bros Bagels Euro Café Fabulously Fresh Famous Famiglia Five Guys Fuddruckers Gordon Biersch Jerry's Subs and Pizza Jet Rock Bar & Grill Matsutaki Sushi May Vending Company Mayorga Coffee McDonald's National Airport Grill Panda Express Potbelly Sandwich Works Primo Cappuccino Odoba Ranch \*1 Sam Adams Brewpub Sam and Harry's Starbucks T.G.I. Fridays Tidewater Landing

#### **Advertising**

JCDeceaux Airport, Inc.

### Services

AC Holdings, Inc.(CNN) C&P Shoeshine Capital One Bank Kiko's Shoeshine Pacific Telemanagement Services Smarte Carte Inc. VIP Shoeshine

#### Rental Cars

Avis Rent -A-Car Systems Budget Rent-A-Car DTG Operations Enterprise Leasing Hertz Rent-A-Car Vanguard Car Rental

#### Ground Transportation

Challenger Transportation, Inc. (Supreme Airport Shuttle) Hotel Shuttles Standard Parking (Shuttle Bus Operations) Technical and Professional Services Washington Shuttle, Inc. (Super Shuttle)

#### **Commercial Aviation Services**

Aircraft Service International Group, Inc. Allied Aviation Fueling of National Airport

#### Fixed Based Operators

Signature Flight Support

### Other Airport Tenants

Aeronautical Radio, Inc. Airport Terminal Services American Airlines Federal Credit Union Anton Enterprises, Inc. Drug Enforcement Administration Elite Line Services, LLC Federal Aviation Administration Federal Bureau of Investigation Federal Express Corporation First Transit, Inc. Flight Services and Systems G2 Secure Staff, LLC. General Services Administration Gulf Coast Real Estate Consultants Huntleigh USA Corporation Jet Aircraft Maintenance Menzies Aviation Group, Inc. Nextel Communications of the Mid-Atlantic Siemens Government Services, Inc. Transportation Security Administration University of District of Columbia US Coast Guard Air Station Worldwide Flight Services International

### Exhibit S-39 - Non-Airline Tenants - Dulles International

As of December 31, 2012

#### <u>Retail</u>

10 Minute Manicure Airport Wireless America! Appalachian Spring Authors Books Brooks Brothers Brookstone Flag World Hudson Books InMotion Entertainment Mac Trade Massage Bar Mindworks Rosetta Stone See's Candy Smithsonian Museum Store Solstice Stellar Books Sunglass Icon Taxco Sterling Techshowcase Touch of Color Travel Comfort by Clouds Washington Gift Zoom Systems-Best Buy

#### Newsstands

CNBC News Concourse Concession News DC Express Faber News Fox News Channel Hudson News News Connection News Exchange News Express Stellar News

#### Duty Free

Dulles Duty Free, LLC

#### <u>Services</u>

AC Holdings, Inc.(CNN) Capital One Bank Exxon Gas Station Marriott Hotel at Dulles Pacific Telemanagement Services Pena Shoeshine Professional Leather Care Smarte Carte, Inc.

Foreign Currency Travelex Currency Services

#### Parking Managed by:

Five Star U Street Metropolitan Washington Airport Parking

Source: Airports Authority Records

#### Parking Shuttle Managed by: Standard Parking Corporation

#### Food & Beverage

Auntie Anne's Pretzels Ben & Jerry's California Tortilla Capitol Grounds Chipotle Mexican Grill Cinnabon City Wok Cosi Dulles Gourmet Market Dulles Gourmet To Go Dunkin Donuts Famous Famiolia Firkin and the Fox Five Guys Fuddruckers Great American Bagel Bakery Gordon Biersch Green Leaf's & Bananas Guava and Java Harry's Tap Room Matsutaki Sushi Maui Wowi Max & Erma's Mavorga Coffee Moe's Grill & Bar Old Dominion Bar Potbelly Sandwich Works Starbucks Subway Tequileria Tidewater Landing Villa Pizza Vino Volo Wendy's

#### Advertising

JCDeceaux Airport, Inc.

#### Rental Cars

Avis Rent-A-Car Systems Budget Rent-A-Car DTG Operations Enterprise Leasing Hertz Rent-A-Car Vanguard Car Rental USA

#### In-flight Kitchens

Gate Gourmet International Sky Chefs, Inc.

#### Fixed Based Operators

Signature Flight Support Landmark Aviation

#### Ground Transportation

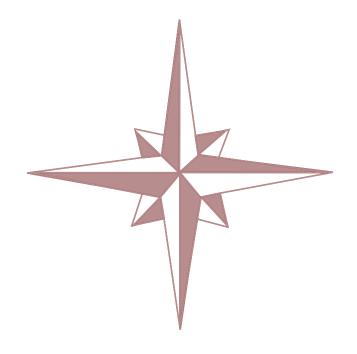
Capital Executive Limousine Challenger Transportation (Supreme Airport Shuttle) Dulles Airport Taxi Dulles Taxi Systems, Inc. Hotel Shuttles Technical and Professional Services, Inc. Veolia Transportation, Inc. Washington Shuttle, Inc. (Super Shuttle)

#### **Commercial Aviation Services**

Aircraft Services Int'l Air Serv Corporation AvDyne Aero Services, LLC. Cargo Airport Services Delta Airline Global Services Eulen America Ground Services International, Inc. National Aviation Services Swissport USA, Inc. Swissport Fueling, Inc. Tug Technologies Corporation Worldwide Flight Services, Inc.

#### Other Airport Tenants

AECOM Technology Corporation Airline Tariff Publishing Company Airlogistics America Airschott, Inc. AMB/AFCO Cargo IAD, LLC Aviation Facilities Company Federal Aviation Administration Federal Republic of Germany General Services Administration Gulf Coast Real Estate Consultants, LLC Host International, Inc. IAD Fuels, LLC John S. Connor, Inc. JP Morgan Chase Landow Aviation Limited Partnership Livingston International Tech. Services Corp. Nextel Communications of the Mid-Atlantic Parsons Management Corporation Pollo Real Quettawala Inc. D.B.A. Inter Global Systems Owest Skylink Air & Logistical Support (USA), Inc. The Smithsonian Institution Timco Line Care, LLC Transportation Security Administration U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service U.S. Postal Service UPS Supply Chain Solutions V-Dulles West, LLC. Velsor Verizon South, Inc.



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# 2012 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



The opening of Dulles International 50 years ago promised to lift us into the jet age. On November 17, 1962, a modernist Airport, designed by Architect Saarinen, would take flight, known today as Washington Dulles International Airport (Dulles International). Dulles International was named for John Foster Dulles, former President Eisenhower's Secretary of State. Dulles International was going to transform Washington into an international gateway. In 1987, former President Ronald Reagan signed a bill transferring administration of Dulles International to the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority.

The Washington Magazine, December 2011 Issue

